## Proof that PCPT is Unbiased

We use standard Monte Carlo methodology. The expected value of our estimator (Eq. (9) in the main paper) is given as follows:

$$E\left[\frac{1}{k}\sum_{k=1}^{K}\frac{I(i,\xi_{k})}{p_{i}^{conn}(\xi_{k})}\right] = \frac{1}{k}\sum_{k=1}^{K}E\left[\frac{I(i,\xi_{k})}{p_{i}^{conn}(\xi_{k})}\right]$$
(1)

$$= E\left[\frac{I(i,\xi_1)}{p_i^{conn}(\xi_1)}\right]$$
(2)

$$=\sum_{j=1}^{M} \frac{I(i,j)}{p_i^{conn}(j)} p_i^{conn}(j) = \sum_{j=1}^{M} I(i,j) = I_i$$
(3)

We use linearity of expected value on the first line and the fact that  $\xi_k$  are IID from Eq. (1) to Eq. (2) and the definition of expected value to go from Eq. (2) to Eq. (3).

Thus  $p_i^{conn}$  can be chosen to be an arbitrary distribution, as long as it is a PMF, i.e., it sums to 1 and  $p_i^{conn}(j) \neq 0$  whenever  $I(i, j) \neq 0$ . The latter property is guaranteed by blending with the uniform PMF.