Tyrolean Complexity Tool: Features and Usage

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Tyrolean Complexity Tool TCT

- (runtime) complexity analyser for term rewrite systems (TRSs)

  `http://cl-informatik.uibk.ac.at/software/tct`

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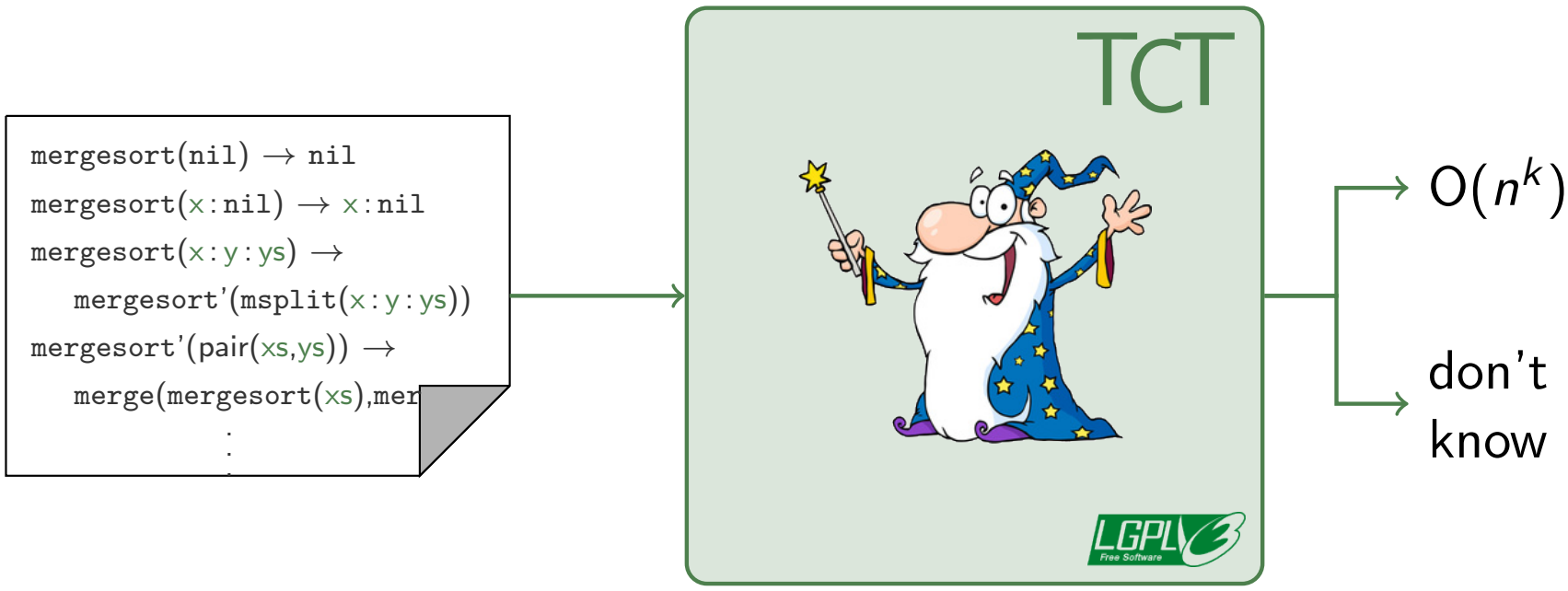

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- 3 dedicated complexity techniques

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- in `Haskell`
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2009 **version 1.5** *new implementation*

- in `Haskell`
- 9 methods implemented
- $\approx$ 3.400 lines of code

2013 **version 2.0** *current version*

- 23 methods implemented
- $\approx$ 13.000 lines of code / 4.000 lines of comment

Interfaces

1. **web**

   `http://cl-informatik.uibk.ac.at/software/tct`

2. **command line**
   - automatic mode
   - customisable through search strategies

3. **interactive**
   - semi-automatic mode

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Command Line Interface

termcomp or tpdb format

1. runs on GNU/Linux

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$ tct [ options ] <file>
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$ tct [ options , -s <search strategy> ] <file>
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S-expression syntax

```
(<name> [:<argname> <arg>]* [<arg>]*)
```

- `matrix`
- `matrix :degree 2`
- `fastest (matrix :degree 2)`
  `(timeout 3 (bounds :enrichment match))`

Command Line Interface

1. runs on GNU/Linux

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$ tct [ options , -s <search strategy> ] <file>
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2. configured in ~/.tct/tct.hs

```
import Tct.Configuration
import Tct.Interactive
import Tct.Instances
import qualified Termlib.Repl as TR

main :: IO ()
main = tct config

config :: Config
config = defaultConfig
```

Customisation

```
import Tct.Configuration
import Tct.Interactive
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import qualified Termlib.Repl as TR

main = tct config

config = defaultConfig { strategies = strategies }
  where
    strategies =
      [ matrices ::: strategy "matrices" ( optional naturalArg "start" (Nat 1)
                                           :+: naturalArg )
      , withDP   ::: strategy "withDP" ]

matrices (Nat start :+: Nat n) =
  fastest [ matrix `withDimension` d `withBits` bitsForDimension d
          | d <- [start..start+n] ]
    where
      bitsForDimension d
        | d < 3 = 2
        | otherwise = 1
withDP = ...
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search strategy declaration

```
<code> ::: strategy "<name>" [<parameters-declaration>]
```

search strategy implementation

Proof Search Strategies

- **processors**
  - `matrix`
  - `poly`
  - `popstar`
  - `...`
- **processor modifiers**
  - *<processor> ‘withDegree‘ <deg>*
  - *<processor> ‘withBits‘ <bits>*
  - `...`
- **combinators**
  - `timeout` *<secs> <strategy>*
  - `best` *<strategy> ··· <strategy>*
  - `fastest` *<strategy> ··· <strategy>*
  - `ite` *<strategy> <strategy> <strategy>*
  - `...`

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Transformations

- processors often generate sub-problems

$$\frac{\vdash \mathcal{P}_1 : f_1 \quad \cdots \quad \vdash \mathcal{P}_n : f_n}{\vdash \mathcal{P} : f}$$

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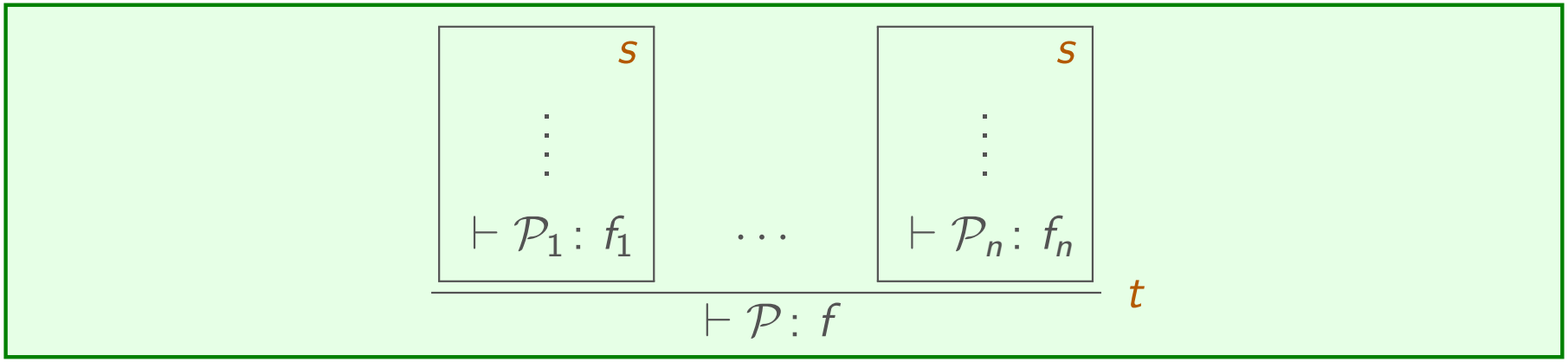
- implemented as transformations in TCT
  - `dependencyPairs` and `dependencyTuples`
  - `decompose` and `decomposeDG`
  - `pathAnalysis`
  - `weightGap`
  - ...

Transformations

Lifting and Combinators

- lifting to strategies
  - $t \gg\!| \ s$ and $t \gg\!|| \ s$



Transformations

Lifting and Combinators

- lifting to strategies
  - $t \gg| s$ and $t \gg|| s$
- combinators
  - $t_1 \ggg t_2$

$$\dfrac{\dfrac{\vdash \mathcal{Q}_1 : g_1 \cdots \vdash \mathcal{Q}_k : g_k}{\vdash \mathcal{P}_1 : f_1}\, t_2 \quad \cdots \quad \dfrac{\vdash \mathcal{Q}_l : g_l \cdots \vdash \mathcal{Q}_m : g_m}{\vdash \mathcal{P}_n : f_n}\, t_2}{\vdash \mathcal{P} : f}\, t_1$$

Transformations

Lifting and Combinators

- lifting to strategies
  - t `>>|` s and t `>>||` s
- combinators
  - t_1 `>>>` t_2
  - t_1 `<>` t_2 and t_1 `<|>` t_2

$$\frac{\vdash \mathcal{P}_1 : f_1 \quad \cdots \quad \vdash \mathcal{P}_m : f_m}{\vdash \mathcal{P} : f}\ t_1 \qquad \text{or} \qquad \frac{\vdash \mathcal{Q}_1 : g_1 \quad \cdots \quad \vdash \mathcal{Q}_n : g_n}{\vdash \mathcal{P} : f}\ t_2$$

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  - t_1 `>>>` t_2
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  - `try` t and `force` t

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  - t_1 `>>>` t_2
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  - `try` t and `force` t
  - `exhaustively` t `=` t `>>>` `try (exhaustively` t`)`

Transformations

Example

```
withDP =
  (dps <> dts)
  >>> try (exhaustively decomposeIndependent)
  >>> try cleanSuffix
  >>> try usableRules
  where
    dps = dependencyPairs >>> try usableRules >>> timeout 5 wgOnRules
    dts = dependencyTuples
    wgOnRules = weightgap `withDimension` 1 `wgOn` WgOnTrs
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abort if `timeout 5 wgOnRules` fails

continue if `usableRules` fails

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1. modify proof state
   - `load` *"<filename>"*
   - `apply` *method*
   - `select` *lst* and `unselect` *lst*

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   - `problems`, `uargs`, `wdgs`, ...
   - `writeProof` *"<filename>"*

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Conclusion

TCT is a complexity analyser for TRSs

- open source
- implements majority of techniques known for polynomial complexity analysis
- automatic & interactive mode