## A Journey to the Frontiers of Query Rewritability

Piotr Ostropolski-Nalewaja, Jerzy Marcinkowski, David Carral, and Sebastian Rudolph June 7, 2022

The setting: existential rules

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$\forall x \operatorname{Human}(x) \rightarrow \exists y \operatorname{Mother}(x, y)$

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$\forall x, y$ Mother $(x, y) \rightarrow$ Human $(y)$
Usually omitted

The setting: knowledge representation using $\exists$-rules

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"Everyone has a mother"
Human $(x) \rightarrow \exists y$ Mother $(x, y)$
$\operatorname{Mother}(x, y) \rightarrow \operatorname{Human}(y)$

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"Everyone has a mother"
" $E$ is transitive"

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E(x, y), E(y, z) \rightarrow E(x, z)
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\operatorname{Mother}(x, y) \rightarrow \operatorname{Human}(y)
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\begin{gathered}
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Given a ruleset $\mathcal{R}$ and a database $\mathcal{D}$ we ask if some query $\mathcal{Q}$ holds in every model of $\mathcal{R}$ and $\mathcal{D}$ ?

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## Query entailment problem

Given a ruleset $\mathcal{R}$ and a database $\mathcal{D}$ we ask if some query $\mathcal{Q}$ holds in every model of $\mathcal{R}$ and $\mathcal{D}$ ?

To denote that a query holds in every model of $\mathcal{R}$ and $\mathcal{D}$ we write

$$
\mathcal{R}, \mathcal{D} \neq \mathcal{Q} .
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The main character: BDD class of $\exists$-rules

BDD class definition (By FO-rewritings)

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## BDD class definition (By FO-rewritings)

A ruleset $\mathcal{R}$ admits Bounded Derivation Depth property (is FO-rewritable) if for every $\mathrm{CQ} \mathcal{Q}$ there exists a UCQ $\mathcal{Q}^{\prime}$ such that for every database $\mathcal{D}$ the following holds:

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BDD is an undecidable property. Thus, a lot of decidable subclasses of BDD were invented, such as:
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It is thought that BDD is well understood. Soon, however, we will see that there is a lot more to learn about it.

## Our contributions

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(BDD $\cap$ Core Terminating $=$ Uniform BDD) holds for this class.

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(not a part of this talk)

The chase

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\forall \mathcal{Q} \quad \exists k \quad \forall \mathcal{D} \quad \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \vDash \mathcal{Q} \Longleftrightarrow \operatorname{Chase}_{k}(\mathcal{R}, \mathcal{D}) \mid=\mathcal{Q}
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(\neg \mathrm{BDD}) \exists \mathcal{Q} \forall k \exists \mathcal{D} \quad \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R} \models \mathcal{Q} \wedge \operatorname{Chase}_{k}(\mathcal{R}, \mathcal{D}) \not \models \mathcal{Q}
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## Class of local theories

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## Linear-width rewritings

## BDD definition (by FO-rewritings)

A ruleset $\mathcal{R}$ is BDD (FO-rewritable) if for every CQ $\mathcal{Q}$ there exists a UCQ $\mathcal{Q}^{\prime}$ such that for every database $\mathcal{D}$ the following holds

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We say that a ruleset $\mathcal{R}$ admits linear-width rewritings if it is BDD and for every CQ its UCQ rewriting is of linear size width.

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We say that a ruleset $\mathcal{R}$ admits linear-width rewritings if it is BDD and for every CQ its UCQ rewriting is of linear size width.

Every known decidable subclass of BDD admits linear-width rewritings!

## BDD is not about linear-width rewritings

$$
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$H$


Rewriting of $V^{n} H V^{-n}$ contains a disjunct $H^{2^{n}}$ !

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## How can we use it?

It gives a concrete example of behaviour that can be formalized and used for more expressive knowledge representation.

Thank You

