

Towards a Tree of Channels

Xudong GUAN, INRIA Sophia-Antipolis

Introduction

Starting points: $D\pi$, $lsd\pi$, $npict$

- process/resource distribution - FLAT
- migration + local communication

How about HIERARCHICAL localities?

- administrative domains and firewalls
- hierarchical security policy
- hierarchical failure semantics
- models: $ambients$, $seal$, $DJoin\text{-}M\text{-}kell$, $LA\pi$, MR

A Secret-Passing Example

In π :

$$\mathbf{n}(x)p \mid (\nu a)(\mathbf{n}\langle a \rangle \mid q) \longrightarrow (\nu a)(p\{x:=a\} \mid q)$$

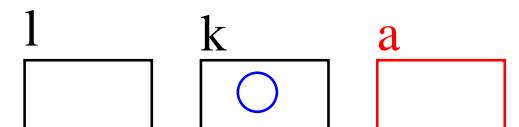
(one global location)



In $D\pi$:

$$l[\mathbf{n}(x)p] \mid (\nu a)(k[\mathbf{go } l.n\langle a \rangle] \mid a[q])$$

flat locations

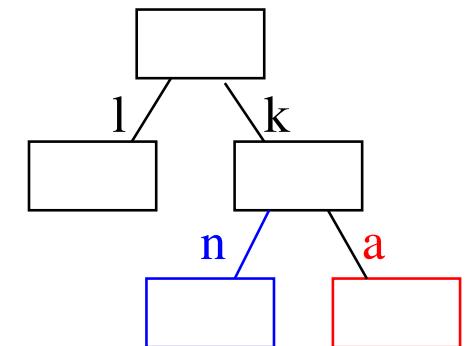


$$\longrightarrow^* (\nu a)(l[p\{x:=a\}] \mid a[q])$$

In mobile ambients:

$$l[\mathbf{open } n.(x)p] \mid k[(\nu a)(n[\mathbf{out } k.in l.\langle out l.in k.in a \rangle] \mid a[q])]$$

hierarchical locations



$$\longrightarrow^* (\nu a)(l[p\{x:=\mathbf{out } l.in k.in a\}] \mid k[a[q]])$$

A Secret-Passing Example - cont.

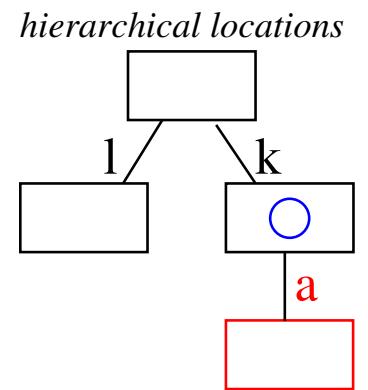
In our model — $T\pi$:

$$l[(x)p] \mid k[(\nu a)(\uparrow.l \langle a \rangle \mid a[q])]$$

$$\rightarrow (\nu k.a)(l[(x)p] \mid l \langle k.a \rangle \mid k[a[q]]) \quad \text{migration — upward}$$

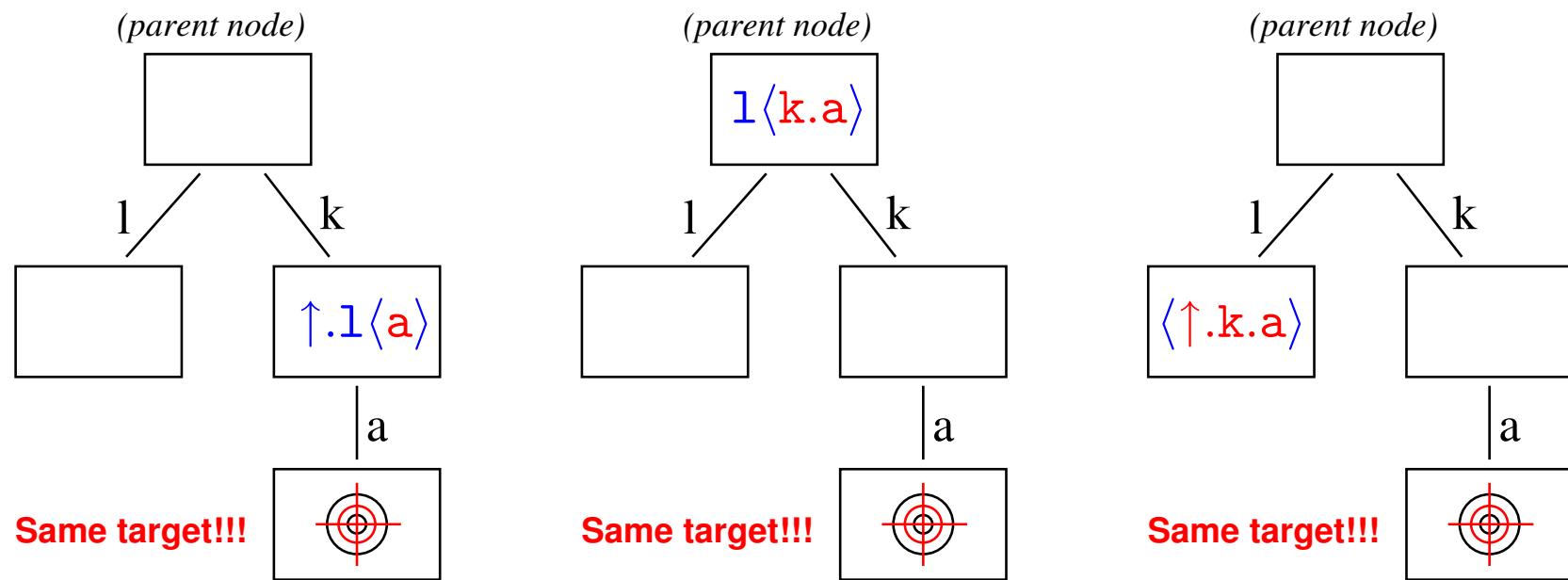
$$\rightarrow (\nu k.a)(l[(x)p \mid \langle \uparrow.k.a \rangle] \mid k[a[q]]) \quad \text{migration — downward}$$

$$\rightarrow (\nu k.a)(l[p\{x:=\uparrow.k.a\}] \mid k[a[q]]) \quad \text{local anony. comm.}$$



Address Translation during Migration

$$k[\uparrow.l \langle a \rangle] \longrightarrow l \langle k.a \rangle \longrightarrow l[\langle \uparrow.k.a \rangle]$$



Formalization

Syntax of $\text{T}\pi$

Strings:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \textcolor{red}{s}, \textcolor{red}{t} ::= \varepsilon & \text{empty} \\ | & \text{a}.s \quad \text{concatenation} \end{array}$$

Addresses:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \textcolor{red}{g}, \textcolor{red}{h} ::= s & \text{string} \\ | & \uparrow.g \quad \text{up one level} \end{array}$$

Values:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \textcolor{red}{u}, \textcolor{red}{v} ::= g & \text{address} \\ | & x \quad \text{variable} \end{array}$$

Threads:

$$\textcolor{red}{p}, \textcolor{red}{q}$$

Processes:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \textcolor{red}{P}, \textcolor{red}{Q} ::= \mathbf{0} & \text{empty} \\ | & P \mid P' \quad \text{parallel composition} \end{array}$$

$$| \quad !P \quad \text{replication}$$

$$| \quad \mathbf{a}[P] \quad \text{location}$$

$$| \quad (\nu s)P \quad \text{restriction, } s \neq \varepsilon$$

$$| \quad u \chi \quad \text{mobile agents}$$

Anonymous communication:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \textcolor{red}{\chi} ::= \langle \tilde{u} \rangle & \text{polyadic output} \\ | & (\tilde{x})p \quad \text{polyadic input} \end{array}$$

processes without locations

Binding Rules

A restriction binds addresses pointing to the restricted location:

$$\mathbf{l}[(x)p] \mid \mathbf{k}[(\nu \mathbf{a})(\uparrow.\mathbf{l} \langle \mathbf{a} \rangle \mid \mathbf{a}[q])]$$

$$\longrightarrow (\nu \mathbf{k.a})(\mathbf{l}[(x)p] \mid \mathbf{l}\langle \mathbf{k.a} \rangle \mid \mathbf{k}[\mathbf{a}[q]]) \quad \textit{migration — upward}$$

$$\longrightarrow (\nu \mathbf{k.a})(\mathbf{l}[(x)p \mid \langle \uparrow.\mathbf{k.a} \rangle] \mid \mathbf{k}[\mathbf{a}[q]]) \quad \textit{migration — downward}$$

$$\longrightarrow (\nu \mathbf{k.a})(\mathbf{l}[p\{x:=\uparrow.\mathbf{k.a}\}] \mid \mathbf{k}[\mathbf{a}[q]]) \quad \textit{local anony. comm.}$$

Structural Rules

SPLIT	$\mathbf{a}[P \mid Q] \equiv \mathbf{a}[P] \mid \mathbf{a}[Q]$
GARB	$\mathbf{a}[\mathbf{0}] \equiv \mathbf{0}$
RES-LOC	$\mathbf{a}[(\nu s)P] \equiv (\nu \mathbf{a}.s)\mathbf{a}[P], \quad \text{if } fa(P)/_{\uparrow.\mathbf{a}.s} = \emptyset$

Reduction Rules - I

COMM $(\tilde{x})p \mid \langle \tilde{u} \rangle \longrightarrow p\{\tilde{x} := \tilde{u}\}$

R-CTX $P \longrightarrow Q \implies P \mid R \longrightarrow Q \mid R$
 $P \longrightarrow Q \implies (\nu s)P \longrightarrow (\nu s)Q$
 $P \longrightarrow Q \implies \text{a}[P] \longrightarrow \text{a}[Q]$

R-STRUCT $P \equiv P', P' \longrightarrow P'', P'' \equiv P''' \implies P \longrightarrow P'''$

Reduction Rules - II

Migration rules and address translation:

$$\text{UP} \quad a[\uparrow.g \chi] \longrightarrow g(a \oplus \chi) \quad \begin{aligned} a \oplus \uparrow.g &\triangleq g \\ a \oplus g &\triangleq a.g \quad \text{otherwise} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{e.g. } k[\uparrow.l\langle a, \uparrow.l.b \rangle] \longrightarrow l(k \oplus \langle a, \uparrow.l.b \rangle) = l\langle k.a, l.b \rangle$$

$$\text{DN} \quad a.g \chi \longrightarrow a[g({}^a\uparrow \oplus \chi)] \quad \begin{aligned} {}^a\uparrow \oplus a.t &\triangleq t \\ {}^a\uparrow \oplus g &\triangleq \uparrow.g \quad \text{otherwise} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{e.g. } l\langle k.a, l.b \rangle \longrightarrow l[{}^l\uparrow \oplus \langle k.a, l.b \rangle] = l[\langle \uparrow.k.a, b \rangle]$$

Important: bound addresses in χ are **not** translated.

Dynamic Creation of Locations

Before passing the secret ...

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{l}[(x)p] \mid \mathbf{k}[\langle \uparrow.\mathbf{l} \rangle] \mid \mathbf{k}(x)(\nu \mathbf{a})(x \langle \mathbf{a} \rangle \mid \mathbf{a}\langle \varepsilon \rangle) \\ \longrightarrow & \mathbf{l}[(x)p] \mid \mathbf{k}[\langle \uparrow.\mathbf{l} \rangle \mid (x)(\nu \mathbf{a})(x \langle \mathbf{a} \rangle \mid \mathbf{a}\langle \uparrow \rangle)] \quad \text{DN+SPLIT} \\ \longrightarrow & \mathbf{l}[(x)p] \mid \mathbf{k}[(\nu \mathbf{a})(\uparrow.\mathbf{l} \langle \mathbf{a} \rangle \mid \mathbf{a}\langle \uparrow \rangle)] \quad \text{COMM} \\ \longrightarrow & \mathbf{l}[(x)p] \mid \mathbf{k}[(\nu \mathbf{a})(\uparrow.\mathbf{l} \langle \mathbf{a} \rangle \mid \mathbf{a}[\langle \uparrow.\uparrow \rangle])] \quad \text{DN} \\ = & \mathbf{l}[(x)p] \mid \mathbf{k}[(\nu \mathbf{a})(\uparrow.\mathbf{l} \langle \mathbf{a} \rangle \mid \mathbf{a}[q])] \quad \text{let } q = \langle \uparrow.\uparrow \rangle \\ \longrightarrow & (\nu \mathbf{k}.\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{l}[(x)p] \mid \mathbf{l}\langle \mathbf{k}.\mathbf{a} \rangle \mid \mathbf{k}[\mathbf{a}[q]]) \quad \text{UP} \\ \longrightarrow & (\nu \mathbf{k}.\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{l}[(x)p \mid \langle \uparrow.\mathbf{k}.\mathbf{a} \rangle] \mid \mathbf{k}[\mathbf{a}[q]]) \quad \text{DN} \\ \longrightarrow & (\nu \mathbf{k}.\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{l}[p\{x := \uparrow.\mathbf{k}.\mathbf{a}\}] \mid \mathbf{k}[\mathbf{a}[q]]) \quad \text{COMM} \end{aligned}$$

Migrating Arbitrary Processes

Packing processes to threads $\langle\langle P \rangle\rangle_\varepsilon$:

$$\begin{array}{lll} \langle\langle \mathbf{0} \rangle\rangle_s \triangleq \mathbf{0} & \langle\langle \mathbf{a}[P] \rangle\rangle_s \triangleq \langle\langle P \rangle\rangle_{s.\mathbf{a}} \\ \langle\langle P \mid Q \rangle\rangle_s \triangleq \langle\langle P \rangle\rangle_s \mid \langle\langle Q \rangle\rangle_s & \langle\langle (\nu t)P \rangle\rangle_s \triangleq (\nu s.t)\langle\langle P \rangle\rangle_s \\ \langle\langle !P \rangle\rangle_s \triangleq !\langle\langle P \rangle\rangle_s & \langle\langle u\chi \rangle\rangle_s \triangleq (s \oplus u)(s \oplus \chi) \end{array}$$

e.g. $\langle\langle \mathbf{l}[(x)p] \mid \mathbf{k}[(\nu \mathbf{a})(\uparrow.\mathbf{l}\langle\mathbf{a}\rangle \mid \mathbf{a}[q])] \rangle\rangle_\varepsilon = \mathbf{l}(x)p' \mid (\nu \mathbf{k.a})(\mathbf{l}\langle\mathbf{k.a}\rangle \mid q')$

Migration:

$$u(x)P \triangleq u(x)\langle\langle P \rangle\rangle_\varepsilon$$

Correspondance (conjecture):

$$P \simeq \langle\langle P \rangle\rangle_\varepsilon$$

Summary of the Talk

Goal:

- To support hierarchy in distributed π -calculi.

Some highlights:

- flat model — **fixed-tree model** — mobile-tree model
- **easy navigation** by address translation