

# Minimum Delay Data Gathering in Radio Networks

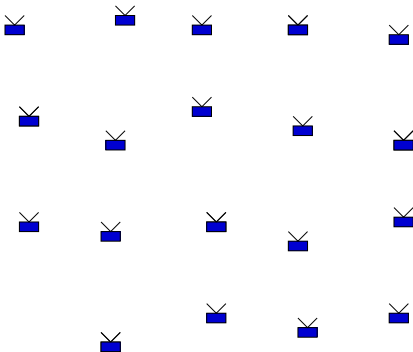
Jean-Claude Bermond, Nicolas Nisse, **Patricio Reyes**, Hervé Rivano

PROJET MASCOTTE - INRIA/I3S(CNRS-UNSA)

Algotel. June 17, 2009

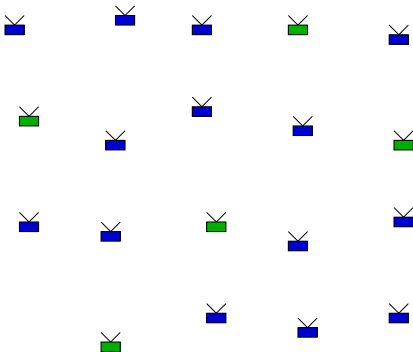
# Motivation

- Sensor Network



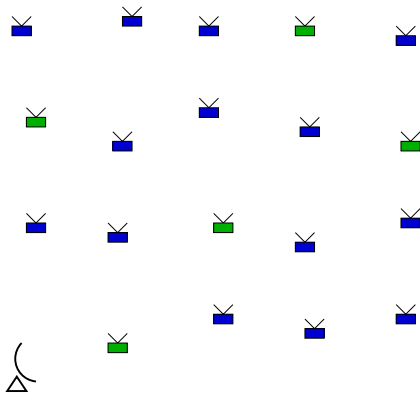
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- Sensor Network



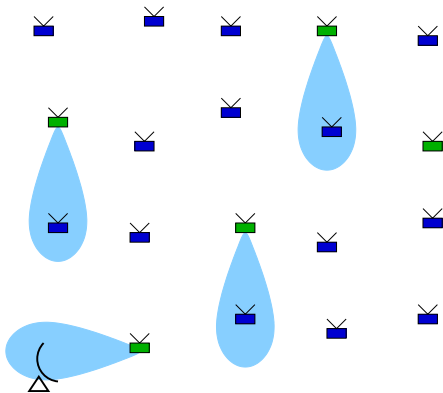
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- Sensor Network



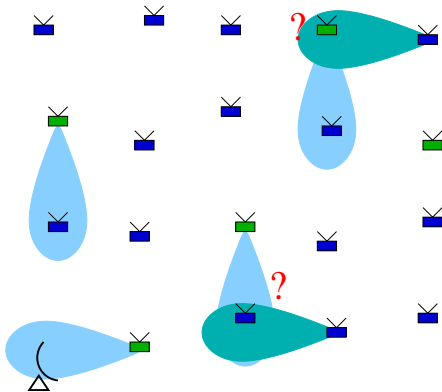
# Motivation

- Sensor Network



# Motivation

- Sensor Network



# Gathering Problem

- The nodes have messages
- There is a special node called BS or gateway.
- Messages must be collected by the BS.
- Avoid interferences
- Time:
  - synchronous
  - discrete: time-slots  $t = 1, 2, 3, \dots$
- Goal: Minimize the gathering time  $\rightarrow$  # time-slots

# Transmission & Interference model

- Binary models
  - the sender sends a msg, then the receiver:
    - 1 receive the (entire) message
    - 2 no info is received
- Transmission distance
  - $u$  is able to transmit to  $v$  if  $d_G(u, v) \leq 1$
- Call  $u \rightarrow v$ 
  - 1 time-slot
  - 1 message
- Round: set of non interfering calls  $\leftrightarrow$  simultaneous calls
- Idea: *Good* rounds  $\leftrightarrow$  time-slot



# Motivation

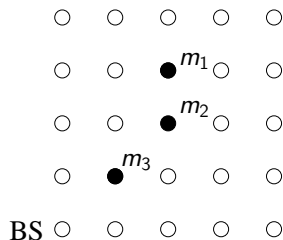
## Revah and Segal'07

- Sensor Networks
- square grid with BS in  $(0,0)$
- set of  $M$  messages
- Interference  $\leftrightarrow$  matching
  - Node cannot both receive and send at the same time-slot
  - Node cannot receive more than one message at the same time-slot
- **new constraint: no-buffering**  $\leftrightarrow$  hot-potato routing
  - node  $v$  receives a msg at time-slot  $t$
  - node  $v$  sends the msg at time-slot  $t + 1$

R&S Algo: \*1.5-approximation

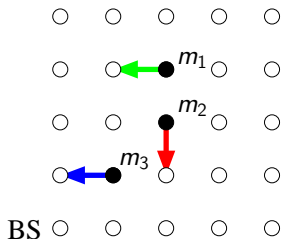
# Gathering and Personalized Broadcasting

- Gathering



## Gathering and Personalized Broadcasting

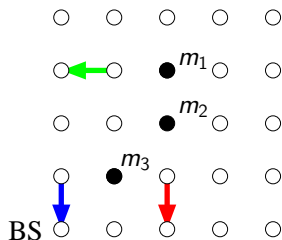
## • Gathering

 $t = 1$ 

## Gathering and Personalized Broadcasting

- Gathering

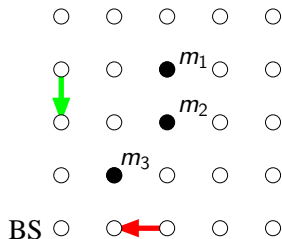
$t = 2$



## Gathering and Personalized Broadcasting

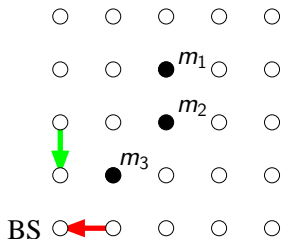
- Gathering

$t = 3$



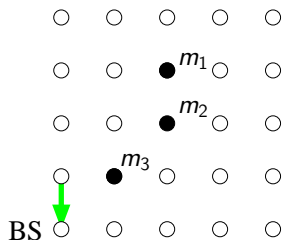
## Gathering and Personalized Broadcasting

## • Gathering

 $t = 4$ 

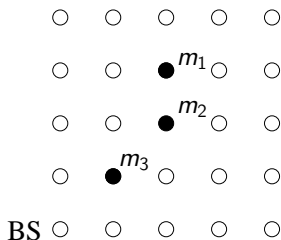
## Gathering and Personalized Broadcasting

## • Gathering

 $t = 5$ 

# Gathering and Personalized Broadcasting

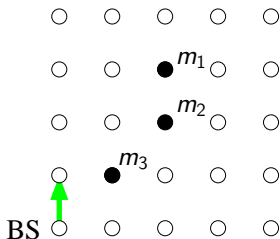
- Personalized Broadcasting





## Gathering and Personalized Broadcasting

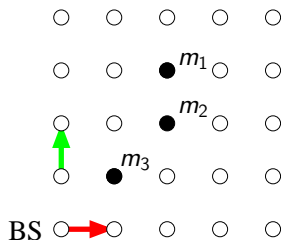
## • Personalized Broadcasting

 $t = 1$ 

# Gathering and Personalized Broadcasting

- Personalized Broadcasting

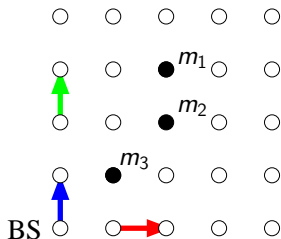
$t = 2$



## Gathering and Personalized Broadcasting

- Personalized Broadcasting

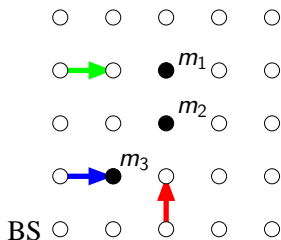
$t = 3$



## Gathering and Personalized Broadcasting

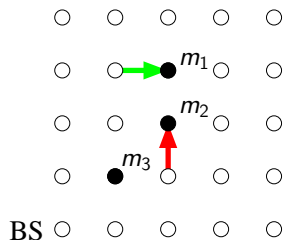
- Personalized Broadcasting

$t = 4$



## Gathering and Personalized Broadcasting

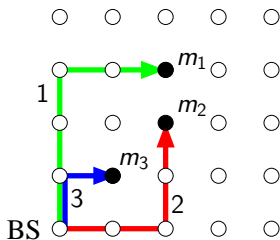
## • Personalized Broadcasting

 $t = 5$ 

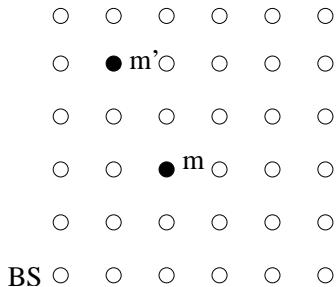
# Gathering and Personalized Broadcasting

- Personalized Broadcasting

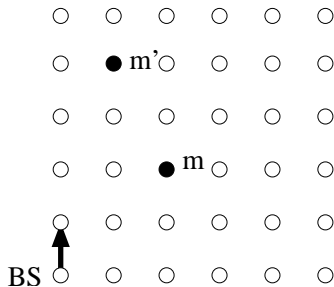
Sequence  $\mathcal{S} = (m_1, m_2, m_3)$



# Interference

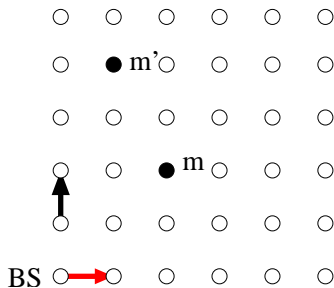


## Interference

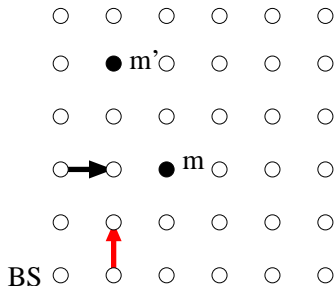
 $t = 1$ 



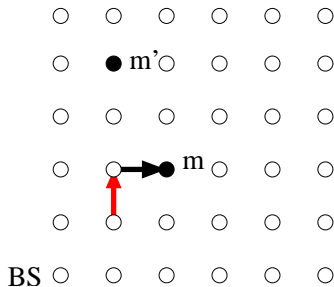
## Interference

 $t = 2$ 

## Interference

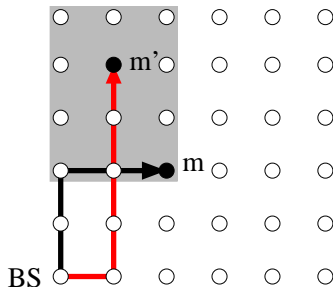
 $t = 3$ 

## Interference

 $t = 4$ 

# Interference

Two consecutive msgs  $\leftrightarrow$  disjoint paths



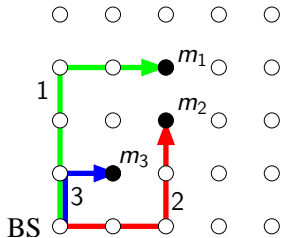
## Methodology

- BS sends 1 msg per time-slot

t	1	2	3
	$m_1$	$m_2$	$m_3$

- Only HV and VH paths

t	1	2	3
	VH	HV	VH

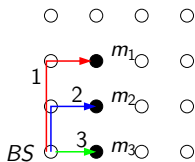


# Methodology

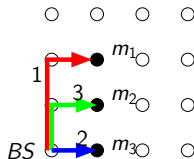
- gathering  $\leftrightarrow$  **personalized broadcasting**
- BS sends 1 msg at each time-slot
- two consecutive msgs  $\leftrightarrow$  disjoint paths
- $\mathcal{M} = \{m_1, \dots, m_M\}$  such that  
 $d(m_1) \geq d(m_2) \geq d(m_3) \geq \dots \geq d(m_M)$ , with  
 $d(v) = d_G(\text{dest}(m_i), \text{BS})$
- Goal: provide BS with a *good* delivery order  $\mathcal{S} = (s_1, \dots, s_M)$ ,  
 $s_i \in \mathcal{M}, s_i \neq s_j$

## Lower Bound

- without interferences
- order  $(m_1, \dots, m_M)$
- $LB = \max_{i \leq M} d(m_i) + i - 1$
- $LB$  is not always optimal



$(m_1, m_2, m_3)$ ,  $LB = 3$



$(m_1, m_3, m_2)$ ,  
4 time-slots

# Next results

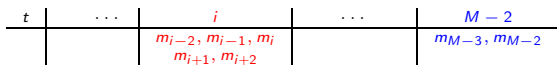
Recall:  $LB = \max_{i \leq M} d(m_i) + i - 1$   
with  $(m_1, \dots, m_M)$

- +2-approximation algorithm
  - Protocol which attains the  $LB + 2$
  - $i$ -th msg (distance order)  $\leftrightarrow$  time-slot  $i \pm 2$
- +1-approximation algorithm
  - Protocol which attains the  $LB + 1$
  - $i$ -th msg (distance order)  $\leftrightarrow$  time-slot  $i \pm 1$

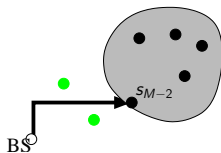


## +2 Approx Algorithm

- Recall:  $(m_1, \dots, m_M)$  ordered by distance
- Induction including pair of nodes.  $(m_1, m_2) \rightsquigarrow (s_1, s_2)$
- Sequence  $(s_1, \dots, s_{M-2})$ , satisfying the following:
  - it broadcasts the messages without interferences, sending (arbitrarily) the last msg vertically (VH)
  - $s_i \in \{m_{i-2}, m_{i-1}, m_i, m_{i+1}, m_{i+2}\}$ ,  $i < M$   
and  $s_{M-2} \in \{m_{M-3}, m_{M-2}\}$



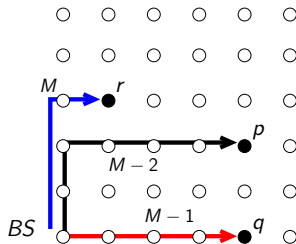
- Two new messages  $\{m_{M-1}, m_M\}$  must be sent.



## +2-approx algorithm

Notation:  $q, r \in \{m_{M-1}, m_M\}$ ,  $q$  lower than  $r$ , and  $p = s_{M-2}$

Case 1  $q$  lower than  $p$

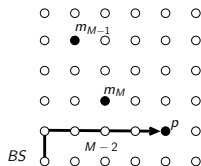


t	...	$M-2$	$M-1$	$M$
		$p \rightarrow m_{M-2}, m_{M-3}$	$q \rightarrow m_{M-1}/m_M$	$r \rightarrow m_M/m_{M-1}$

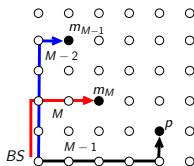
Properties (i) and (ii) !!

- Notation:  $q, r \in \{m_{M-1}, m_M\}$ ,  $q$  lower than  $r$ , and  $p = s_{M-2}$

## Case 2 $q$ higher than $p$



(a) before

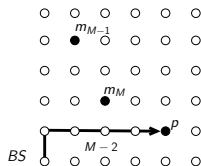


(b) after

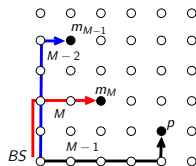
$t \dots$	<b><math>M - 3</math></b>	$M - 2$	$M - 1$	$M$
	$s_{M-3}$	<b><math>p</math></b>	—	—
	$s_{M-3}$	$m_{M-1}$	<b><math>p</math></b>	$m_M$

- Notation:  $q, r \in \{m_{M-1}, m_M\}$ ,  $q$  lower than  $r$ , and  $p = s_{M-2}$

## Case 2 $q$ higher than $p$



(c) before



(d) after

$t \dots$	<b><math>M - 3</math></b>	$M - 2$	$M - 1$	$M$
	$m_{M-2}$	<b><math>m_{M-3}</math></b>	—	—
	$m_{M-2}$	$m_{M-1}$	<b><math>m_{M-3}</math></b>	$m_M$

Properties (i) and (ii) !!  $\leftrightarrow$  +2-approx

## +1-approx Algorithm

- (i) it broadcasts the messages without interferences, sending the last msg vertically
- (iii)  $s_i \in \{m_{i-1}, m_i, m_{i+1}\}$ ,  $i < M$   
and  $s_M \in \{m_{M-1}, m_M\}$

$t$	...	$i$	...	$M-2$
		$m_{i-1}, m_i, m_{i+1}$		$m_{M-3}, m_{M-2}$

- Use +2-approx but fixing cases  $s_i \in \{m_{i-2}, m_{i+2}\}$ 
  - +2-approx, **except**
  - **special case:**  $s_{M-2} = m_{M-3}$

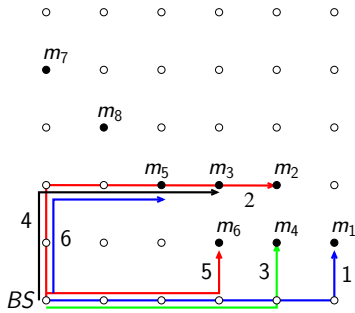


Figure: Before msgs  $m_7$  and  $m_8$

$t$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	$m_1$	$m_2$	$m_4$	$m_3$	$m_6$	$m_5$	—	—

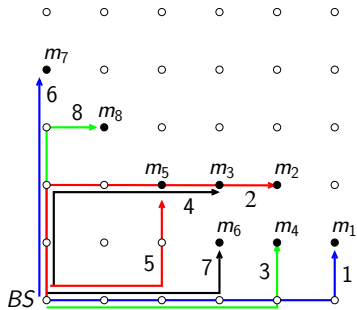


Figure: non valid sched,  $s_4, s_5$  interfer

$t$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	$m_1$	$m_2$	$m_4$	$m_3$	$m_6$	$m_5$	—	—
	$m_1$	$m_2$	$m_4$	<del><math>m_3</math></del>	<del><math>m_5</math></del>	$m_7$	$m_6$	$m_8$

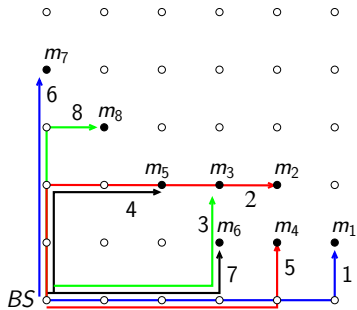


Figure: non valid sched,  $s_2, s_3$  interfer

$t$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	$m_1$	$m_2$	$m_4$	$m_3$	$m_6$	$m_5$	—	—
	$m_1$	$m_2$	$m_4$	<del><math>m_3</math></del>	<del><math>m_5</math></del>	$m_7$	$m_6$	$m_8$
	$m_1$	<del><math>m_2</math></del>	<del><math>m_3</math></del>	$m_5$	$m_4$	$m_7$	$m_6$	$m_8$



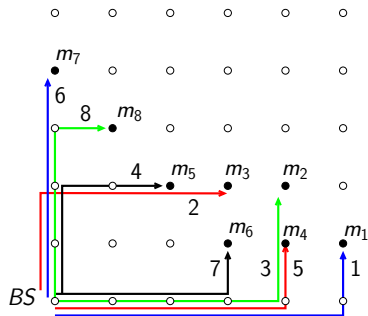


Figure: Final valid schedule

$t$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	$m_1$	$m_2$	$m_4$	$m_3$	$m_6$	$m_5$	—	—
	$m_1$	$m_2$	$m_4$	<del><math>m_5</math></del>	<del><math>m_6</math></del>	$m_7$	$m_6$	$m_8$
	$m_1$	<del><math>m_2</math></del>	<del><math>m_3</math></del>	$m_5$	$m_4$	$m_7$	$m_6$	$m_8$
	$m_1$	$m_3$	$m_2$	$m_5$	$m_4$	$m_7$	$m_6$	$m_8$

Properties (i) and (iii) !!  $\leftrightarrow$  +1-approx

# Complexity

$M$  number of messages

+2 Approximation

- $O(M)$

+1 Approximation

- $O(M)$  ← we don't have to change ALL the sequence

# Conclusions

## Results

- +2-approx
- distributed +2-approx
- +1-approx (Revah and Segal 07: \*1.5-approx)
- no-buffering

## Further work

- online version?
- different interference models

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Algotel. June 17, 2009

## Complexity

$j$		$i$	$i+2$		$l$	$l+2$	
$m_j$		$m_{i-1}$					
$m_j$		$\times$	$\times$		$m_{i+2}$		
$m_j$		$\times$	$\times$		$m_{i+2}$		
$m_j$	$\times$	$\times$			$m_{i+2}$		
$m_j$	$\times$	$\times$			$m_{i+2}$		
				$m_{i+2}$	$\dots$	$m_{l-1}$	$m_{l+2}$
				$m_{i+2}$	$\times$	$\times$	$m_{l+2}$
				$m_{i+2}$	$\times$	$\times$	$m_{l+2}$
				$m_{i+2}$	$\times$	$\times$	$m_{l+2}$

- Time Complexity of +1-approx:  $O(M)$