Deep Learning in Practice

Guillaume Charpiat Wenzhuo Liu & Nilo Schwencke

TAU team, LRI, Paris-Sud / INRIA Saclay

... and guests!

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Overview

- Course summary and organization
- Chapters overview

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Context

- Deep learning: impressive results in the machine learning literature
- yet difficult to train, and still poorly understood; results = black-boxes missing explanations.
- Huge societal impact of ML today (assistance in medicine, hiring process, bank loans...)
 - \implies explain their decisions, offer guarantees?
- Real world problems: usually do not fit standard academic assumptions (data quantity and quality, expert knowledge availability...).
- This course: aims at providing insights and tools to address these practical aspects, based on mathematical concepts and practical exercises.

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Organisation and evaluation

- Most courses: a lesson + practical exercises (evaluated, to hand in within 2 weeks)
- Extras: a few guest talks

Schedule

8 classes of 3 hours, most often on Tuesday mornings (9h - 12h15 with a break), online (not every week, check the webpage for details).

Webpage & mailing-list: https://www.lri.fr/~gcharpia/deeppractice/

Prerequisite

- The introduction to Deep Learning course by Vincent Lepetit (1st semester)
- Notions in information theory, Bayesian statistics, analysis, differential calculus

Overview

Links with other Deep Learning courses

- Introduction to Deep Learning (V. Lepetit) : prerequisite
- Fondements Théoriques du deep learning (F. Malgouyres & al)
- Modélisation en neurosciences et ailleurs (J-P Nadal)
- Apprentissage Profond pour la Restauration et la Synthese d'Images (A. Almansa & al)
- Deep learning for medical imaging (O. Colliot & M. Vakalopoulou)
- Object recognition and computer vision (Willow team & al)
- etc. (NLP, graphes...)
- Our course: understanding and tools to make NN work in practice with a focus on architecture design, explainability, societal impact, real datasets and tasks (e.g. small data, limited computational power vs. scaling up, RL...). pregligible overlap

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Outline

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Deep learning vs. classical ML and optimization

- January 5th

- Going Deep or not?
 - Examples of successes and failures of deep learning vs. classical techniques (random forests)
 - Approximation theorems vs. generalization [3, 4]
 - Why deep: ex. of <u>depth</u> vs. <u>layer size</u> compromises (explicit bounds)
- Gap between classical Machine Learning and Deep Learning
 - Forgotten Machine Learning basics (Minimum Description Length principle, regularizers, objective function different from evaluation criterion) and incidental palliatives (drop-out, early stopping, noise)
- Hyper-parameters and training basics
 - + list of practical tricks



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Interpretability

– January 12th

At stake: the example of medical diagnosis, and societal issues with black-box algorithms [5] Right for the Right Right for the Wrong Right for the Right Wrong Reserve Research Reserve

- Interpretability of neural networks
 - Analyzing the black-box
 - at the neuron level: filter visualisation, impact analysis
 - at the layer level: layer statistics...
 - at the net level: low-dimensional representation (t-SNE) + IB
 - by sub-task design: "explainable AI"
 - Adversarial examples & remedies
- Issues with datasets
 - Biases in datasets : 4 definitions of fairness
 - Getting invariant to undesirable dataset biases (e.g. gender in CVs / job offers matching)
 - Ensuring errors are uniform over the dataset
 - Differential privacy (database client protection)
- Visualization tools: grad-CAM

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Our Model A man sitting at a desk with A woman sitting in front of a a lanton computer

Baseline A man holding a tennis

A man holding a tennis racquet on a tennis court





leptop computer

Introduction 0000000000000000

Overview

Architectures

- January 19th

- Architectures as priors on function space
 - Change of design paradigm
 - Random initialization
- Architecture zoo
 - Reminder (CNN, auto-encoder, LSTM, adversarial...)
 - Dealing with scale & resolution (fully-convolutional, U-nets, pyramidal approaches...)
 - Dealing with depth (ResNet, auxiliary losses) and mixing blocks (Inception)
 - Attention mechanisms
 - GraphCNN



Problem modeling: molecular dataset using graph-NN

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Overview

Small data, weak supervision and robustness



- Small data
 - Data augmentation / synthetic data
 - Multi-tasking
 - Transfer learning
- ► Few labeled examples: forms of weak supervision
 - Semi-supervision
 - Weak supervision
 - Self-supervision
 - Active learning
- Noisy data
 - Denoising auto-encoder
 - Classification with noisy labels
 - Regression with noisy labels
- Exploiting known invariances or priors
 - Permutation invariance: "deep sets" [8], applied to people genetics
 - Choosing physically meaningful metrics, e.g. optimal transport (Sinkhorn approximation)[9]
- Active learning

Guest talks

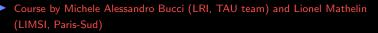
- Monday, February 22nd

- Deep Reinforcement Learning by Olivier Teytaud (Facebook FAIR)
 - Crash-course about deep RL...
 - ... until alpha-0!
 - and more topics (evolutionary optimization...)

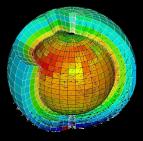


- Presentation of Therapixel by Yaroslav Nikulin
 - start-up in medical imaging (DL to detect breast cancer in scans)

Incorporating physical knowledge / Learning physics



- Data assimilation
- Learning a PDE (equation not known)
- Incorporating invariances/symmetries of the problem
- Knowing an equation that the solution has to satisfy: solving PDEs!
- Deep for physic dynamics : learning and controlling the dynamics



Learning a dynamical system

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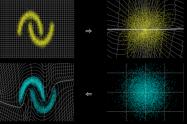


- February 23rd

Generative models + Auto-DL

- March 2nd

- Auto-DeepLearning by Isabelle Guyon's group
 - Overview of recent approaches for automatic hyper-parameter tuning (architecture, learning rate, etc.): classical blackbox optimisation, Reinforcement Learning approaches, constrained computational time budget, self-adaptive architectures...
 - Presentation of the Auto-ML & Auto-DL challenges
- Generative models
 - GAN, VAE (Variational Auto-Encoder), and Normalizing Flows
- GAN vs. VAE vs. NF



Guarantees? Generalization (NTK) and formal proofs



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To attend the course

- go see the website and subscribe to the mailing-list https://www.lri.fr/~gcharpia/deeppractice/
- install PyTorch, Jupyter and matplotlib
- See you... on last Tuesday (recording available)
 ... online (info on the mailing list)

Biographies

- Guillaume Charpiat is an INRIA researcher in the TAU team (INRIA Saclay/LRI/Paris-Sud). He has worked mainly in computer vision, optimization and machine learning, and now focuses on deep learning. He conducts studies on neural networks both in theory (self-adaptive architectures, formal proofs) and in applications (remote sensing, people genetics, molecular dynamics simulation, brain imagery, weather forecast...).
- Wenzhuo Liu and Nilo Schwencke are PhD students in the TAU team, working on deep learning for physical systems and for computational social sciences.

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