



Lecture 7

# **Attention Mechanism**

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#### Rui Dai

- Home page: <u>https://dairui01.github.io/</u>
- Ph.D. student at INRIA, STARS team.
- Research topic: "Action detection using Deep Learning".



# Outline

- Introduction to Attention Mechanism
- Attention Modules
- Self-Attention
- Transformer

#### Section 1

# Introduction













## Introduction



What object is it?

## Introduction



What object is it?



#### With Attention Mechanism:

Selectively concentrating on a few relevant things, while ignoring others in deep neural networks.



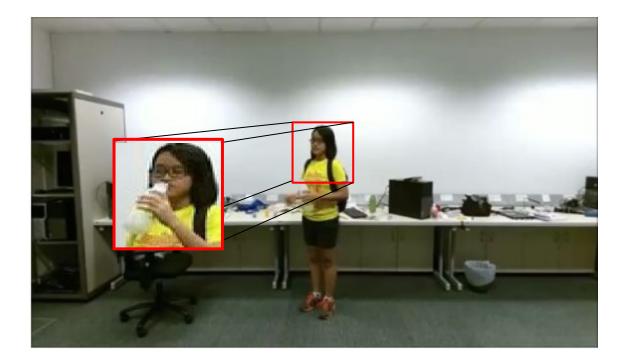


What object is it?

The girl is drinking water from a bottle



Do we really need the whole video to infer that?



Isn't this enough for an inference?

Focus in the Spatial space is required!



Time -2





Time -3



Time -4

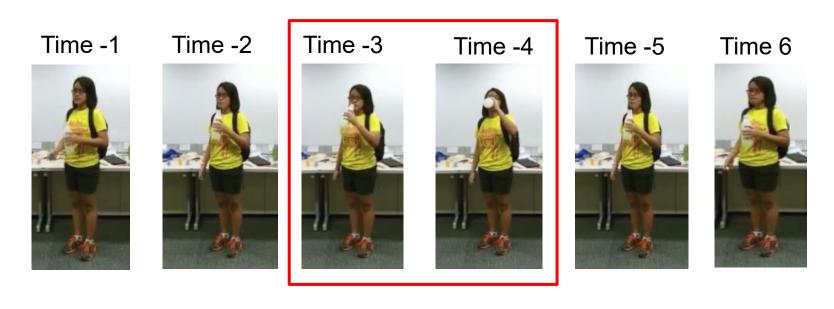


Time -5



Time 6



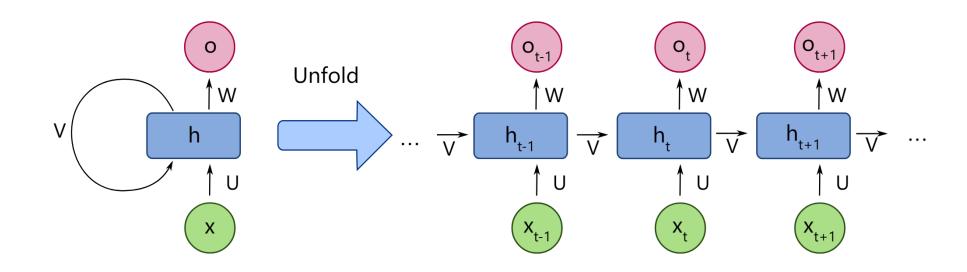




#### Section 2

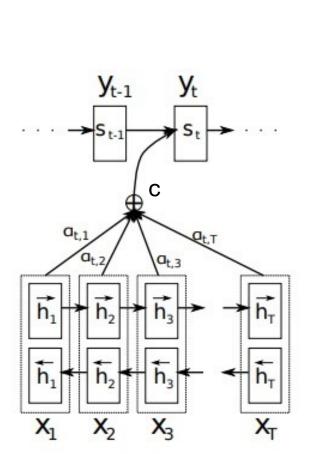
# **Attention Modules**

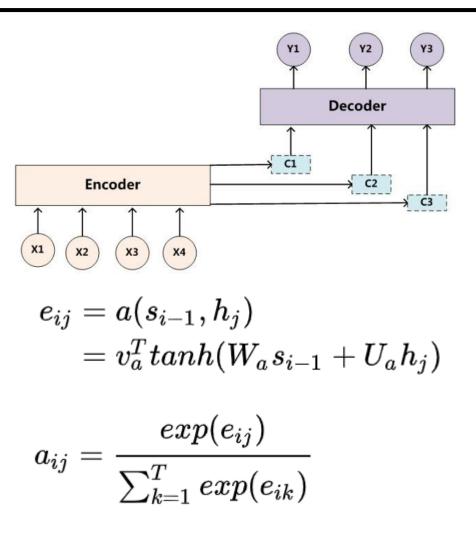
# RNN



#### Drawbacks: Can not learn long-term information.

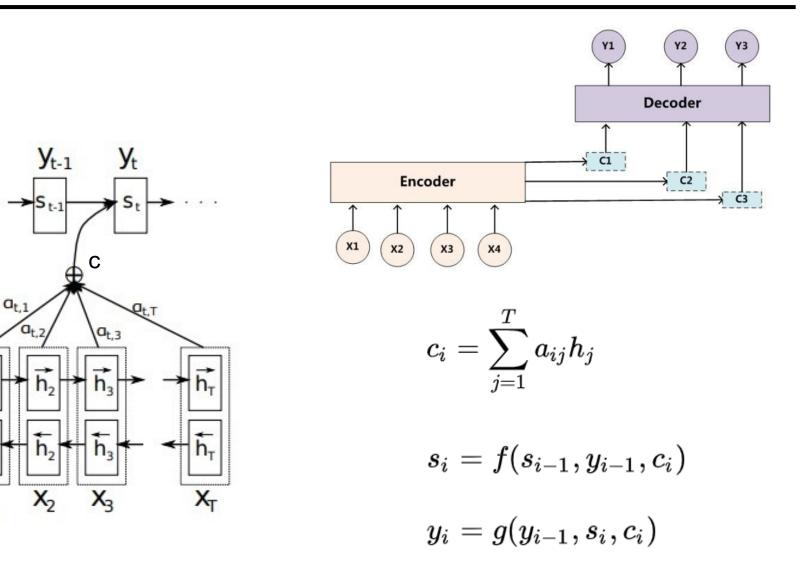
## Attention in RNN





*a* compute the correlation between the target *s* and input *h* 

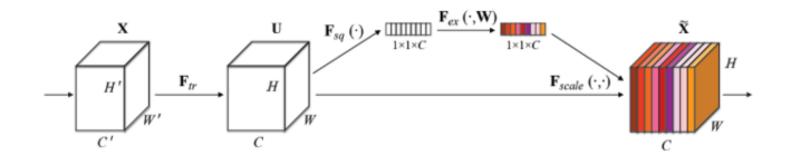
## Attention in RNN



X

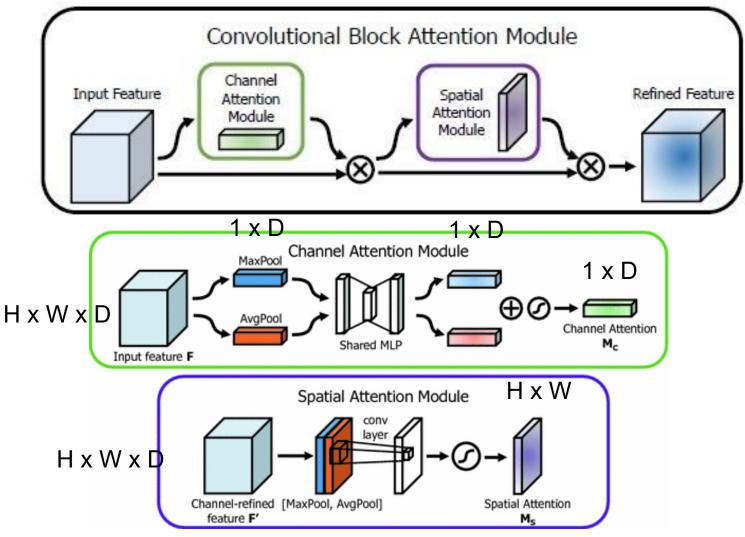
#### Squeeze-and-Excitation Attention

Attention on Channels Squeeze: Average Pool Excitation: FC + Sigmoid



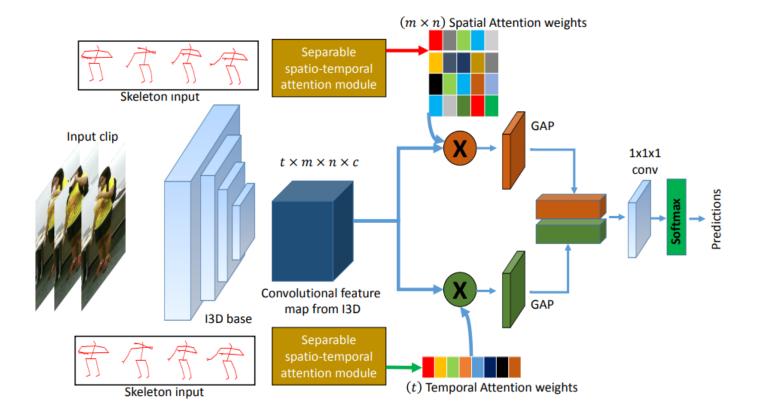
#### **Convolutional Block Attention Module**

#### Channel + Spatial

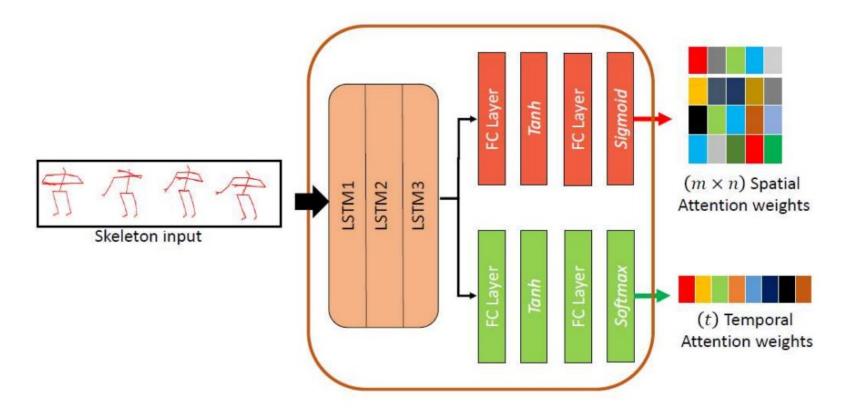


Attention

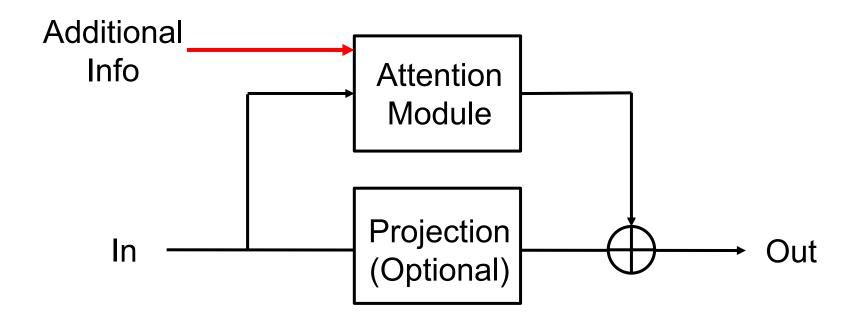
## **Spatial-Temporal Attention Network**



## **Spatial-Temporal Attention Network**



#### **Attention Module Structure**

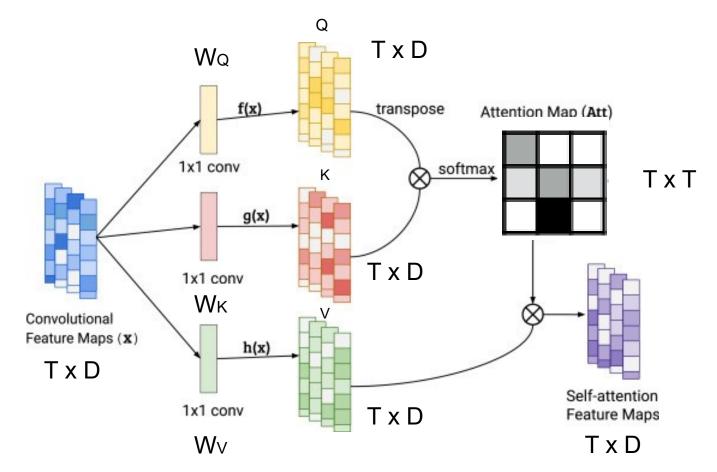


#### Section 3

# Self-Attention

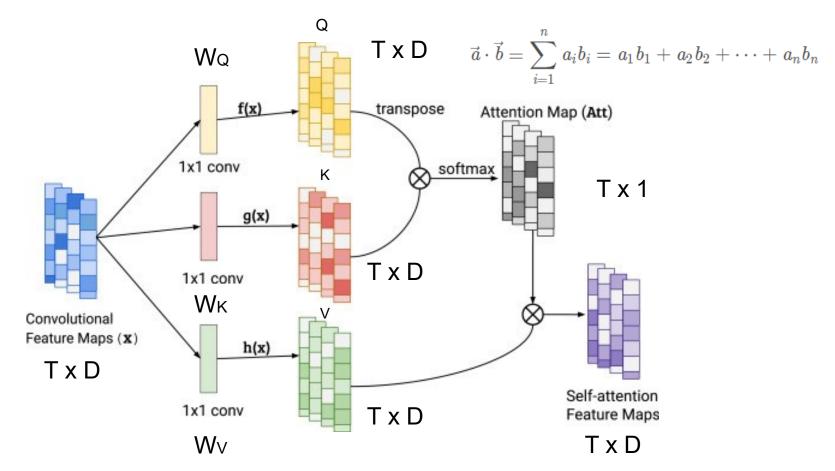
# Self-Attention (1D)

Compute the Correlation in a sequence



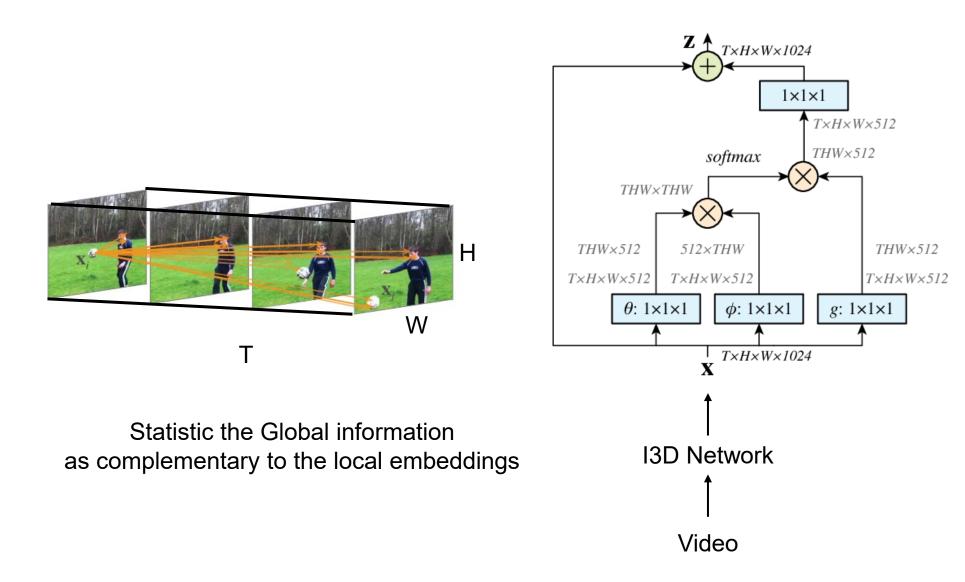
# Self-Attention (1D)

Compute the Correlation in a sequence

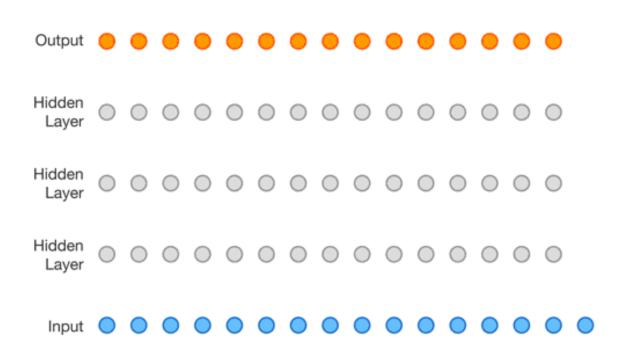


Dot product version

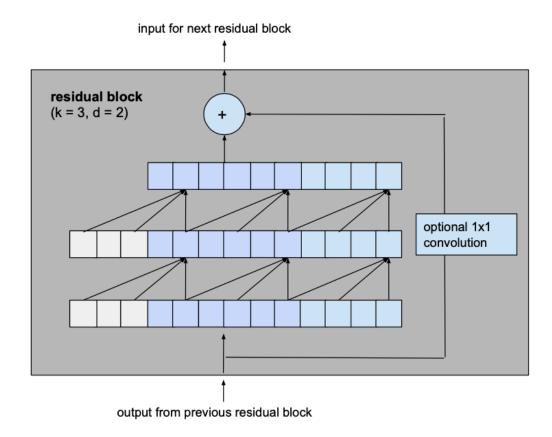
# Application- Non local block (3D)



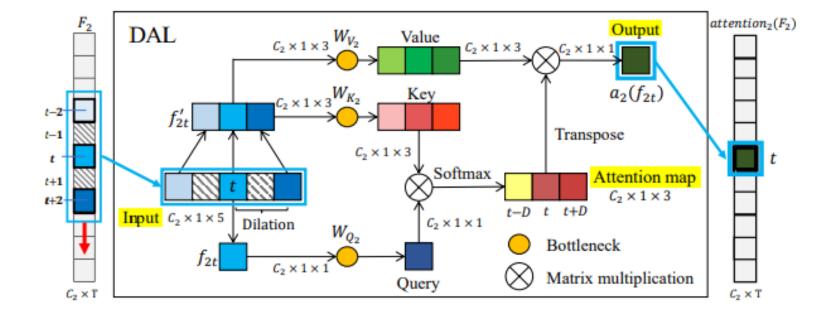
## **1** Dimensional Convolution



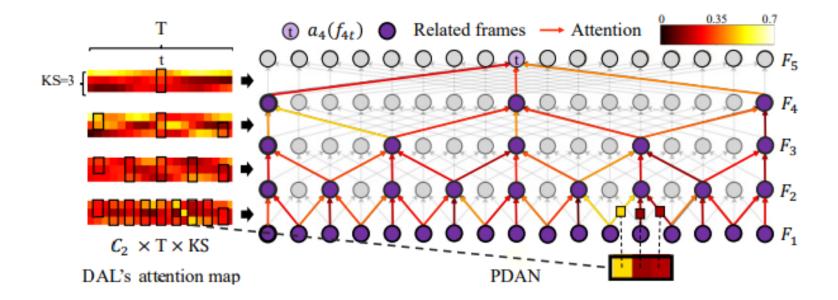
# **1** Dimensional Convolution



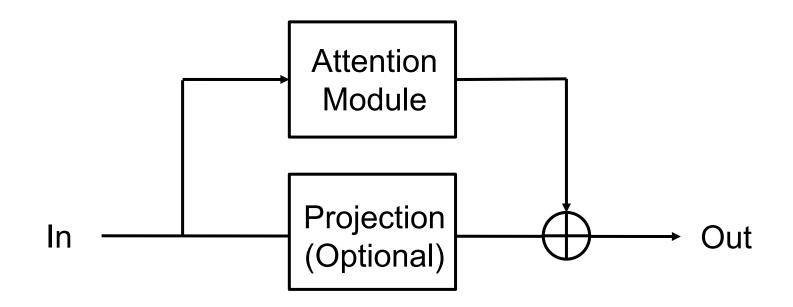
# Application- PDAN (1D)



# Application-PDAN (1D)

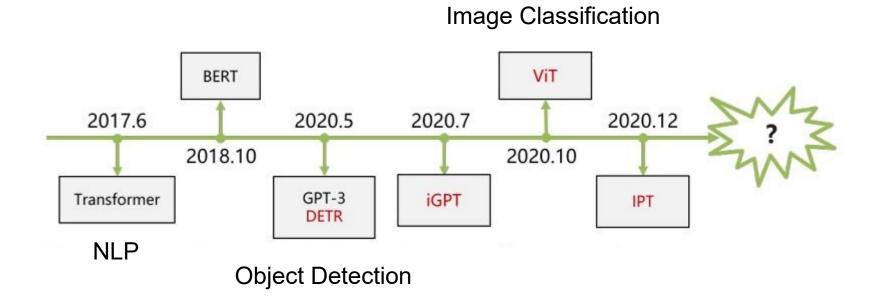


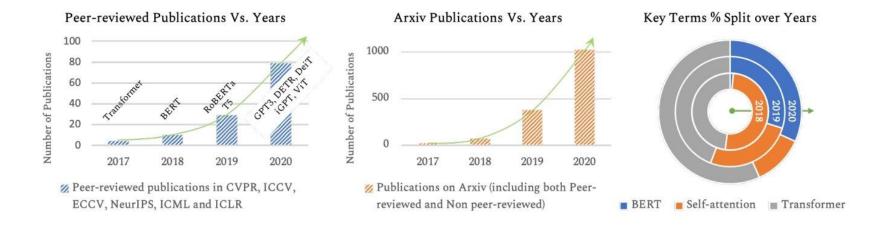
#### **Attention Mechanism Structure**

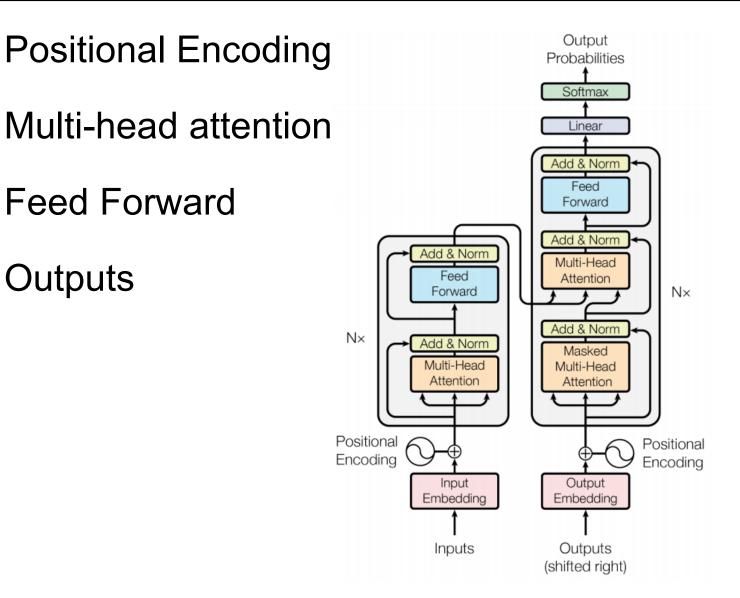


#### Section 4

# Transformer

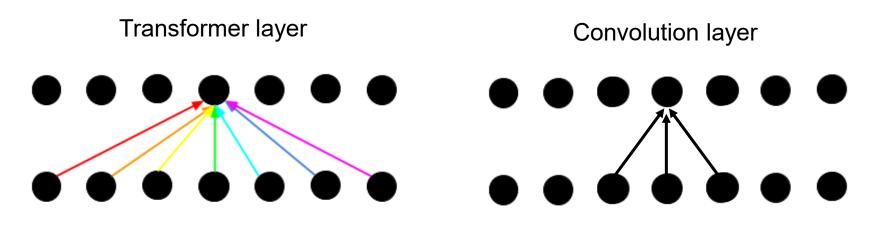






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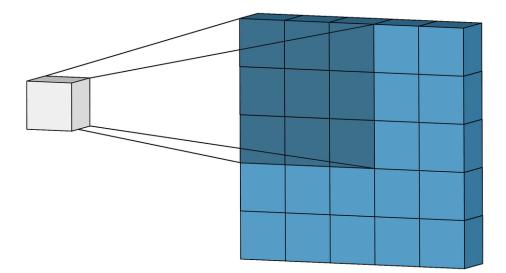
#### **Transformer and Convolution**

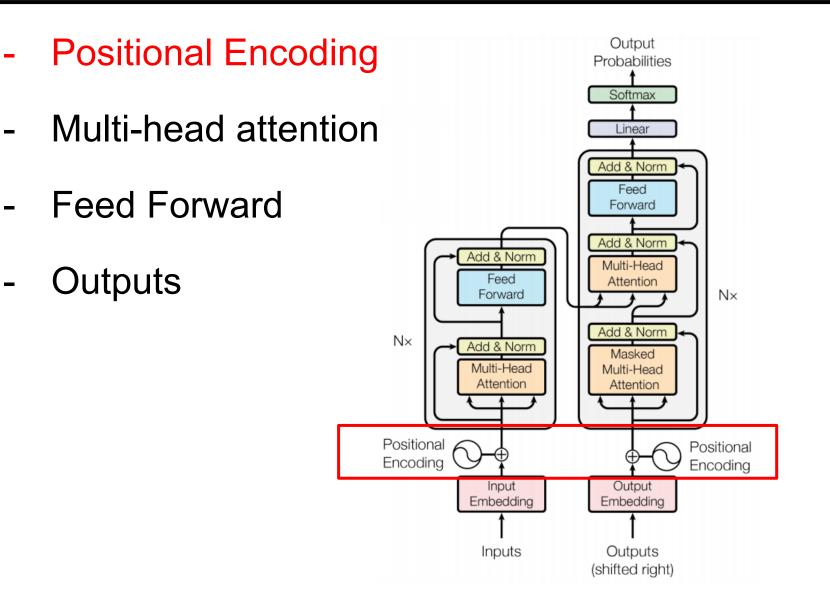


Pros: Global relation Attention enhanced

Cons: More Flops Loss location info

# Missing location info



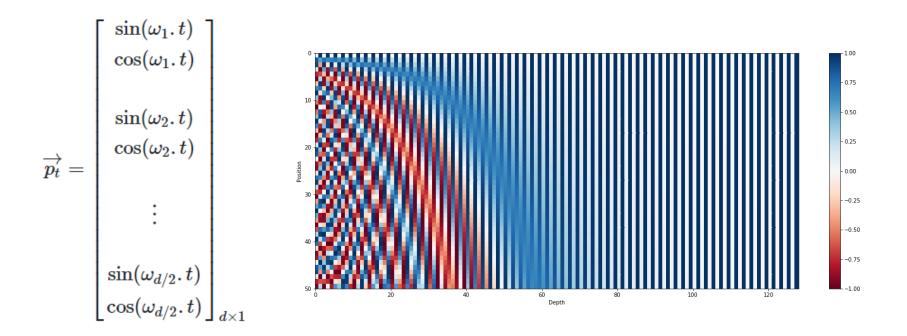


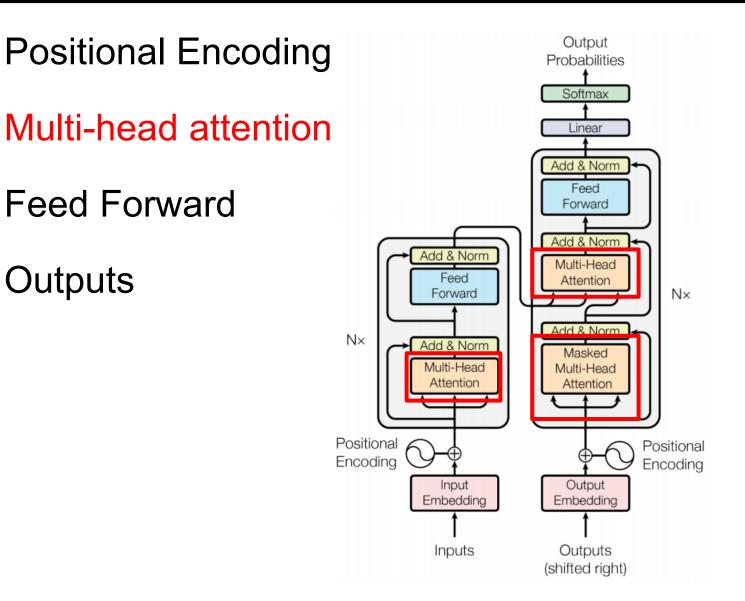
# **Positional Encoding**

#### Indicating the positional information

0:	0000	8:	1000
1:	0001	9:	1001
2:	0010	10:	1010
3 :	0011	11:	1011
4:	0100	12:	1 1 0 0
5:	0101	13:	1 1 0 1
6:	0110	14:	1 1 1 0
7:	0111	15:	1 1 1 1

$$\overrightarrow{p_t}^{(i)} = f(t)^{(i)} := \left\{ egin{array}{ll} \sin(\omega_k, t), & ext{if } i = 2k \ \cos(\omega_k, t), & ext{if } i = 2k+1 \end{array} 
ight. \qquad \omega_k = rac{1}{10000^{2k/d}}$$

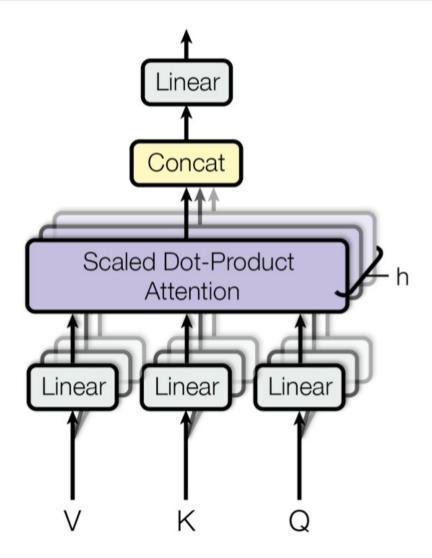


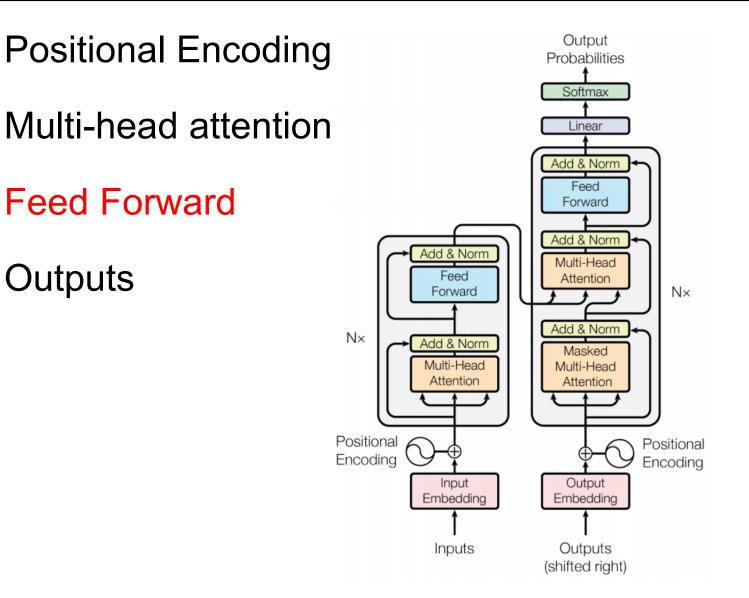


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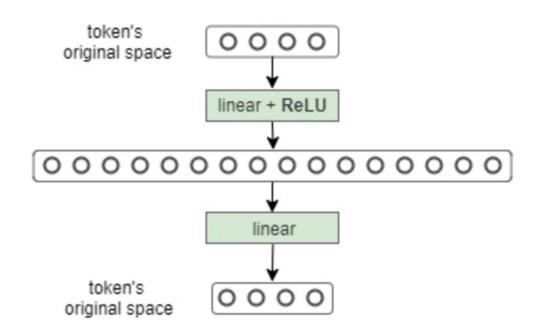
#### **Multi-head Attention**

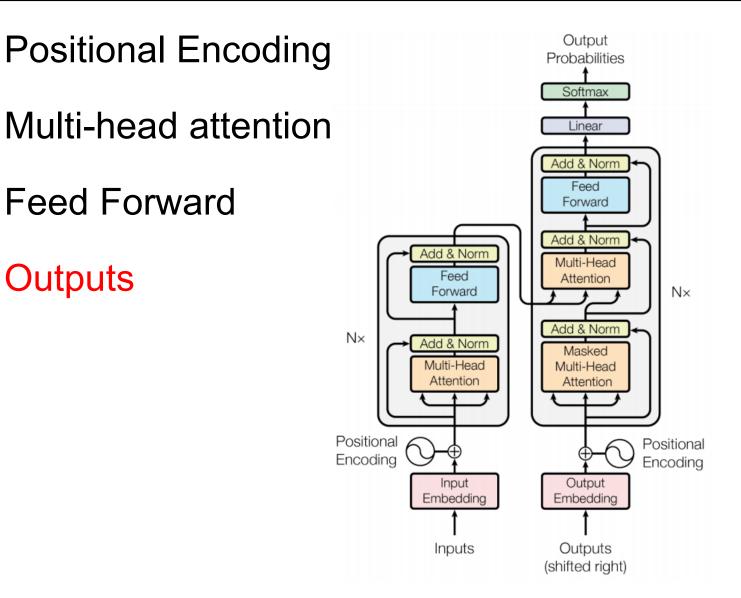




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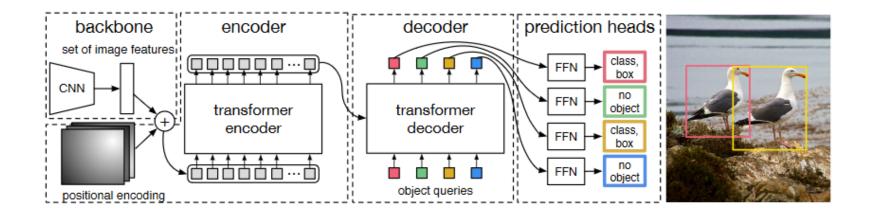
Project the feature into a larger space, for extracting the features easier (Similar to SVM)



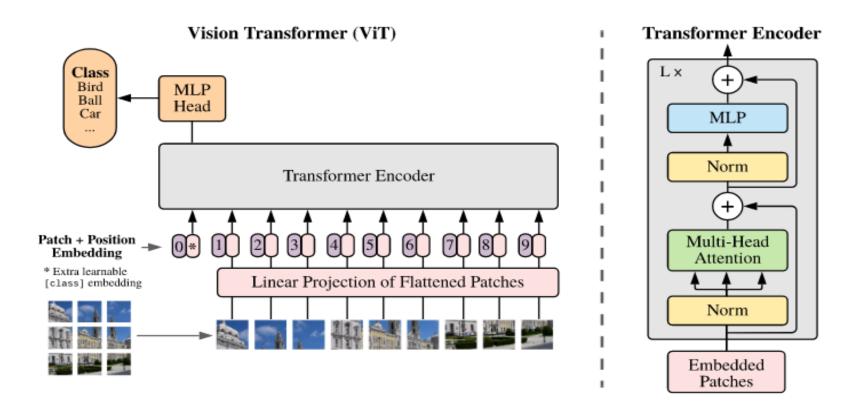


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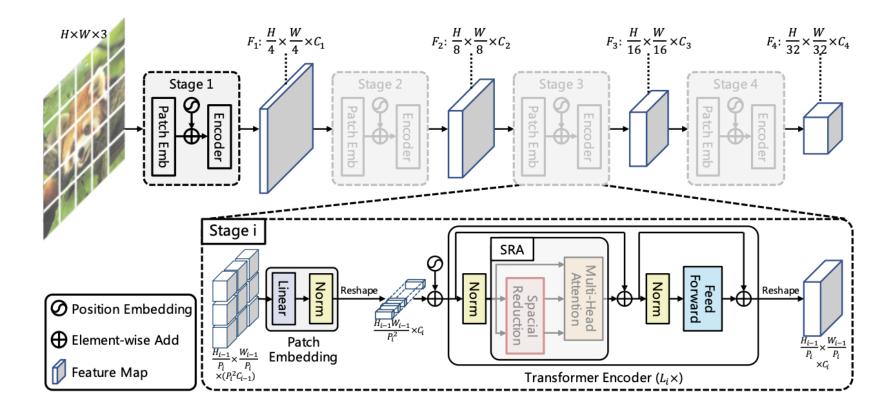
# DETR



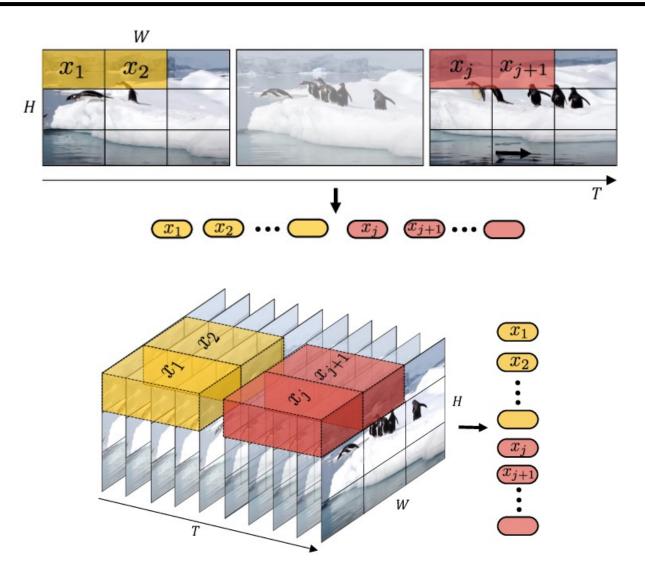
# **Vision Transformer**

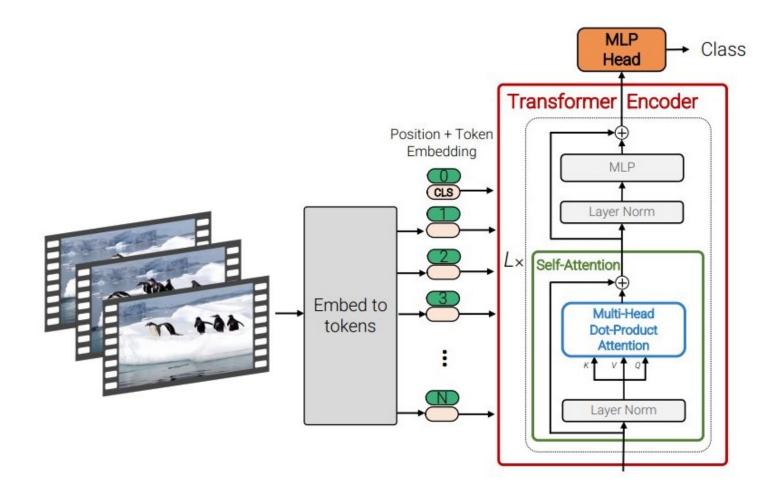


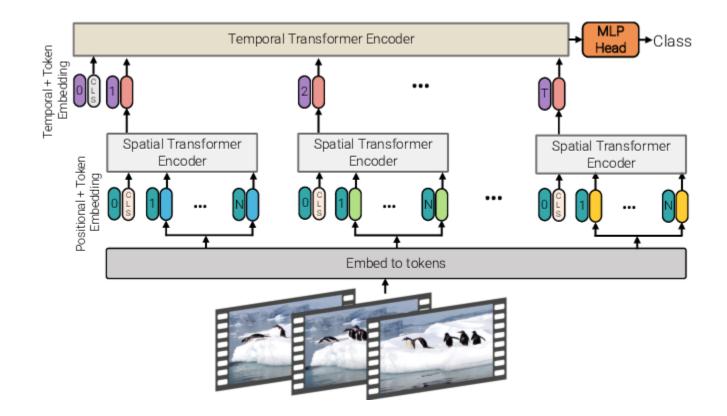
# **Pyramid Vision Transformer**

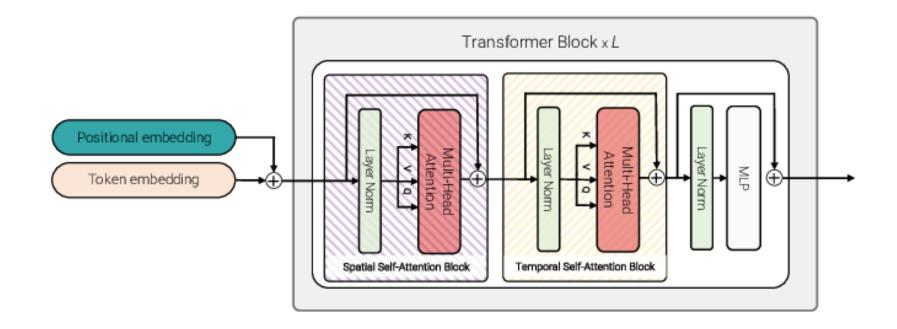


#### ViVit - patch









# **Travaux Pratiques**

# Practice

- Positional encoding:

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1ibER wNZ\_QcDXqb52Ac3f61v1wBfvqvpn?usp=shari ng

- Self-attention:
  - https://colab.research.google.com/drive/19M9 W5fx6yx7LZ275ccNy7aQKcM3cVwSi?usp=sh aring
- Transformer for Text task: <u>https://colab.research.google.com/drive/18LT</u> <u>Q5FgDJKSQiU1f0nAZ-</u> <u>K3eyKA5ZPH4?usp=sharing</u>

# Thanks!

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