

Lecture 8

Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs)

M2 Data Science and AI

Yaohui Wang

<http://www-sop.inria.fr/members/Yaohui.Wang/>



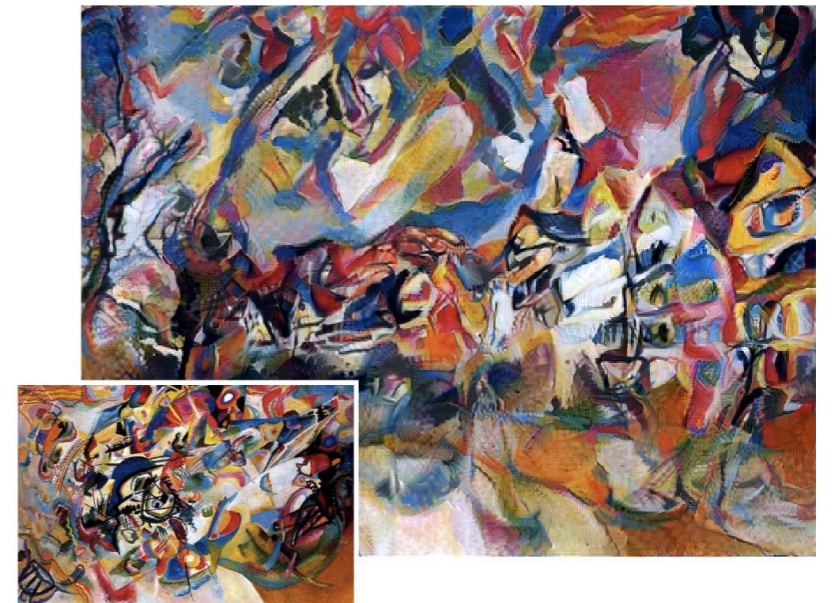
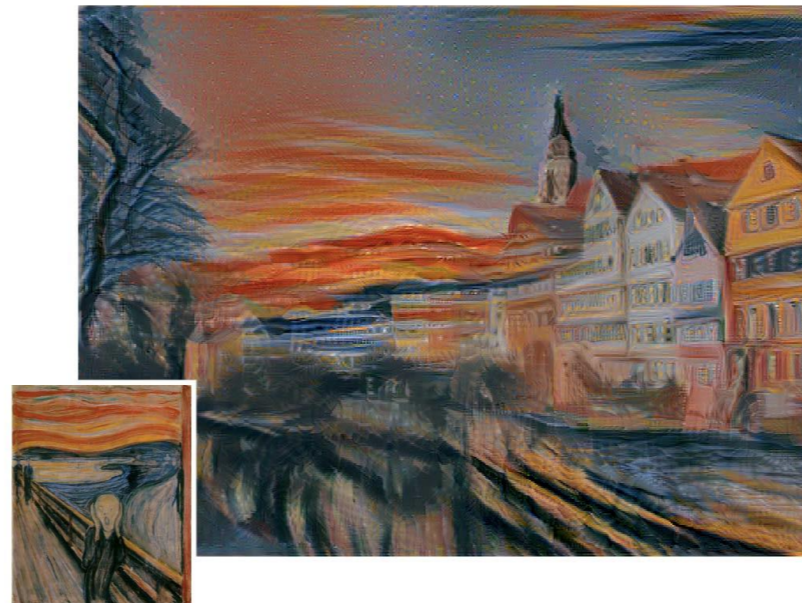
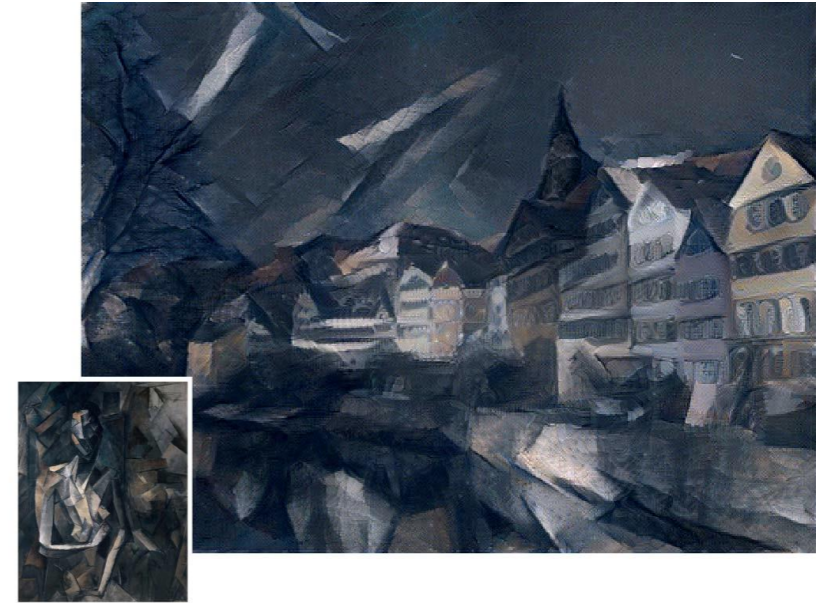
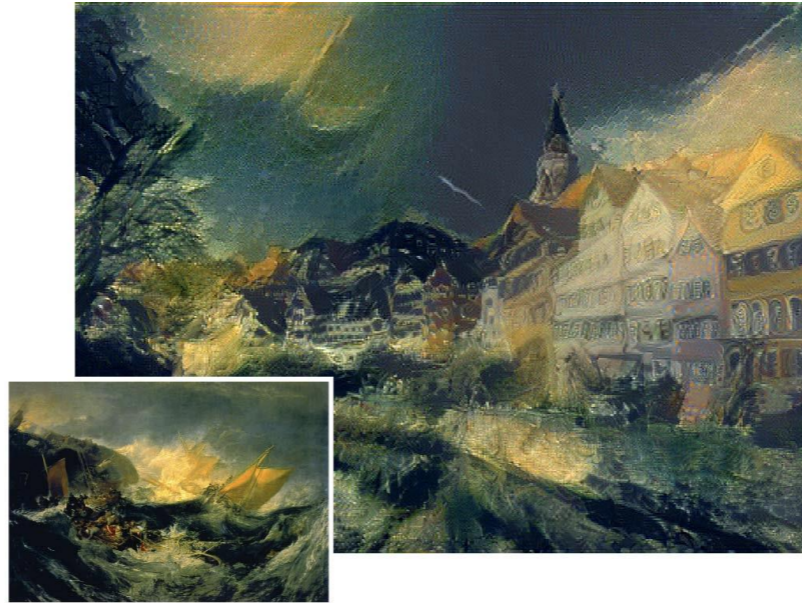
- Generative Adversarial Networks: *Yaohui Wang*
- DeepFake Detection: *Dr. Antitza Dantcheva*
- Labs (TP): *David Anghelone*

Question: VAE ?

Image Generation



Style Transfer



Video Generation



Outline

- Basic Idea of GAN
- Image Generation
 - Conditional GAN (CGAN, ACGAN)
 - Modern GANs (StyleGAN, BigGAN)
 - Image-to-image translation (Pix2Pix, CycleGAN)
- Video Generation
- GAN interpretability
- Lab (DCGAN for manga face generation)

Ian Goodfellow



Generative Adversarial Networks [NIPS 2014]

"GANs are the most interesting idea in the last 10 years in ML"

- Yann LeCun



Basic idea of GAN

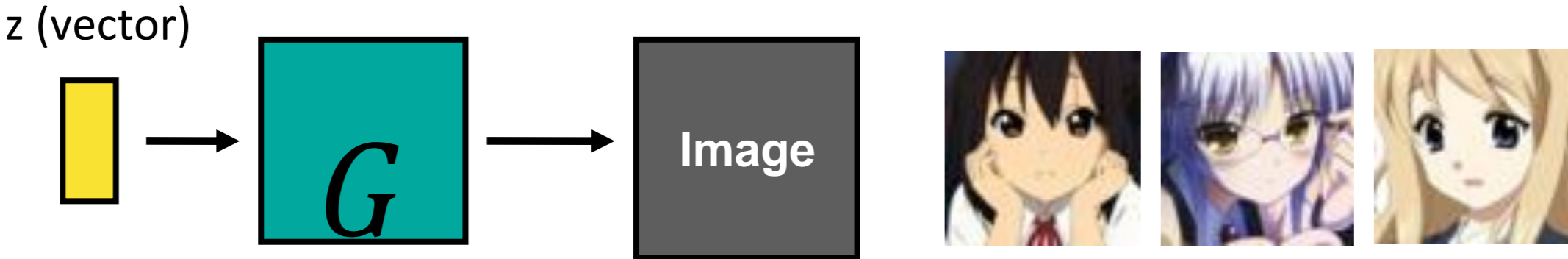
Basic idea of GAN

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.3 \\ -0.1 \\ \vdots \\ -0.7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 \\ -0.1 \\ \vdots \\ 0.7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -0.3 \\ 0.1 \\ \vdots \\ 0.9 \end{bmatrix}$$

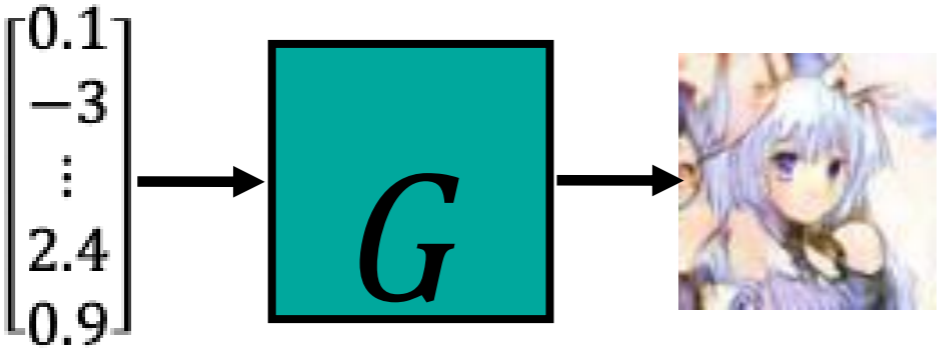
in a specific range (Gaussian, ...)



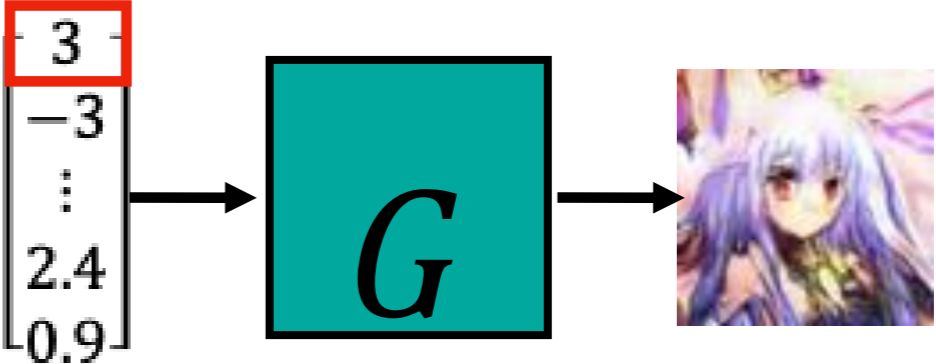
Basic idea of GAN



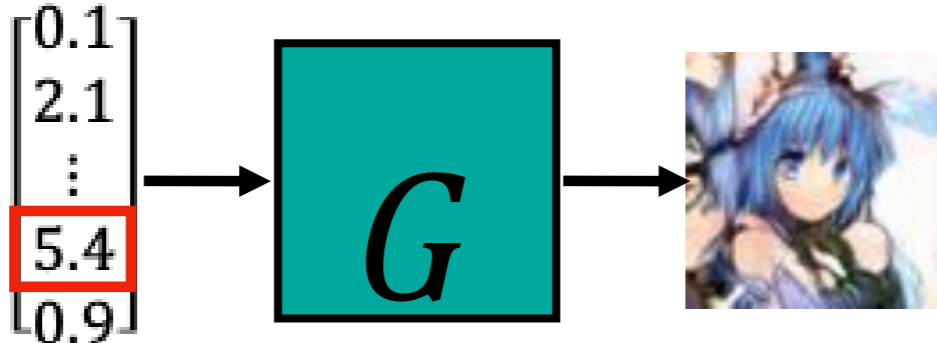
Neural Network



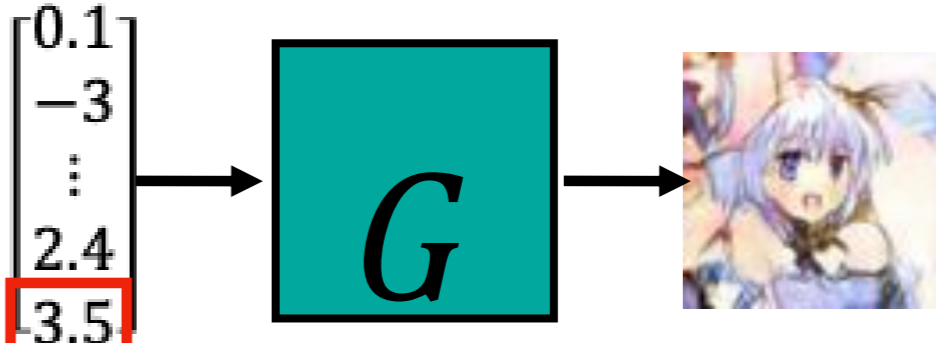
Each dimension of input vector represents some characters



Longer hair

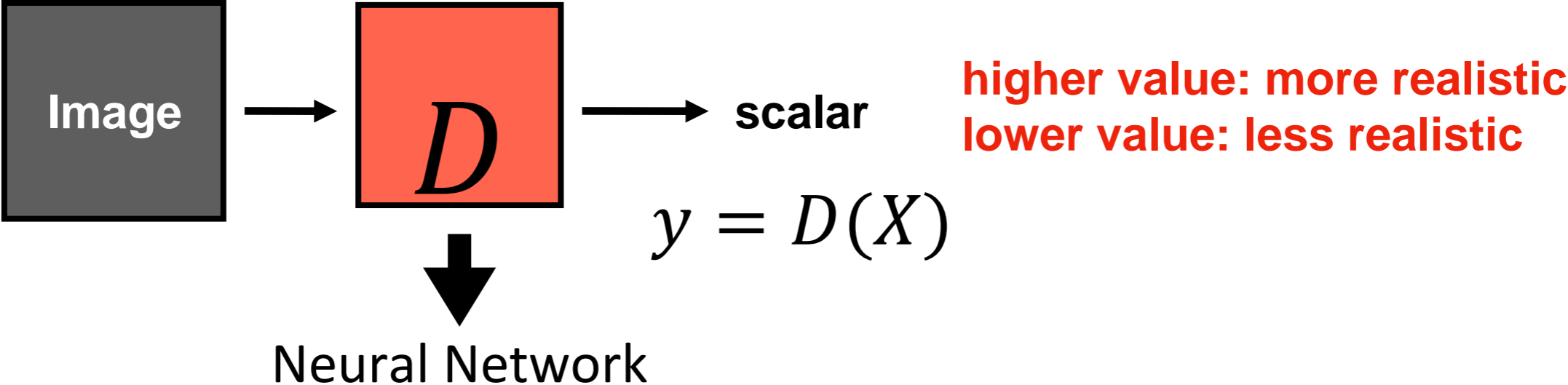


blue hair



open mouth

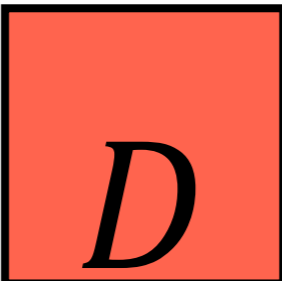
Basic idea of GAN



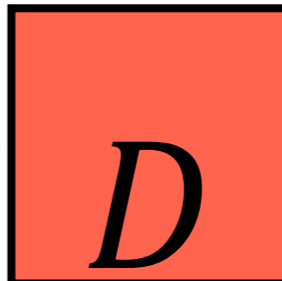
1.0



1.0



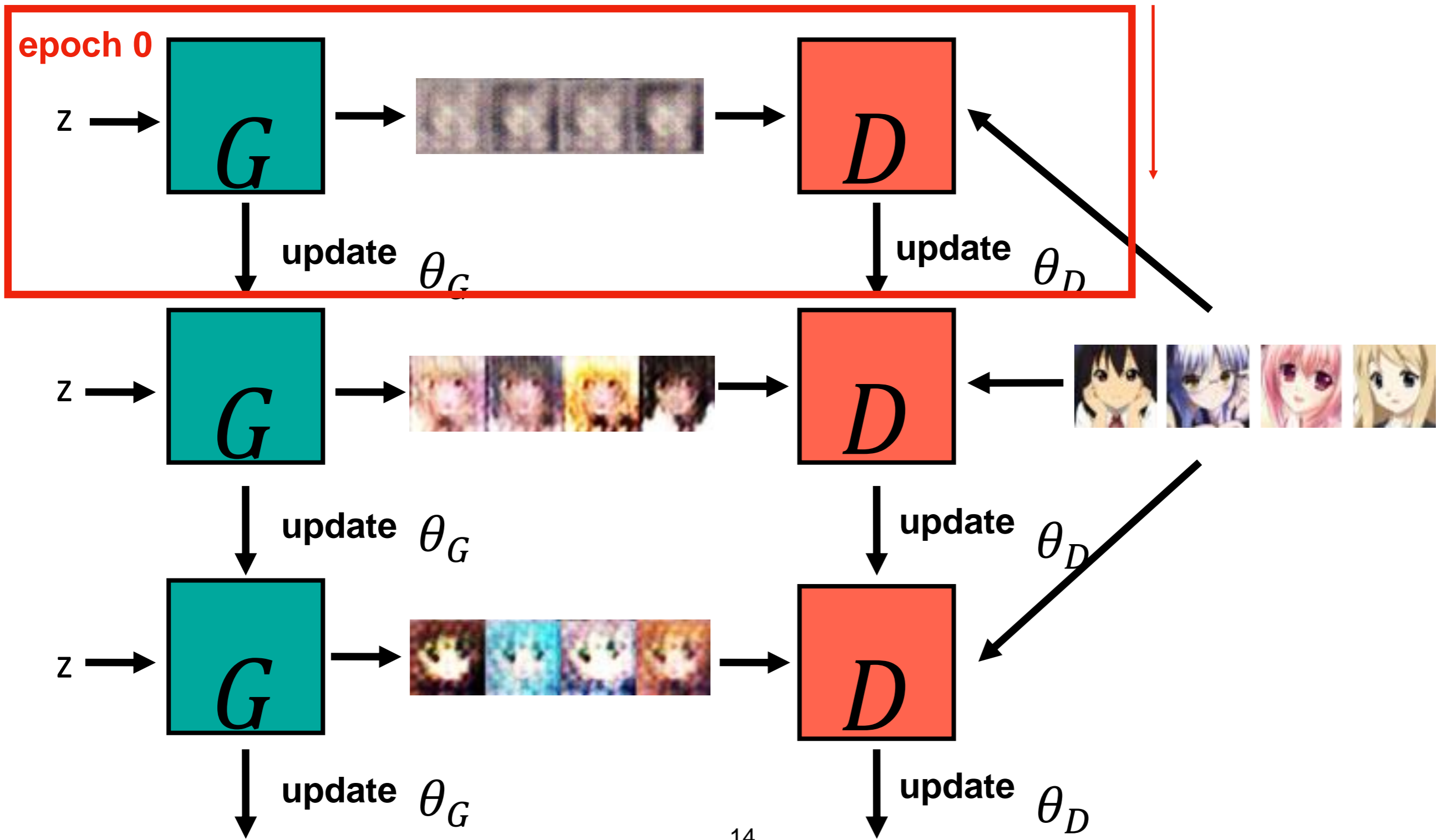
0.1



0.1

Basic idea of GAN

Adversarial Training (Generative **Adversarial** Networks)



Basic idea of GAN

Adversarial Training (Generative Adversarial Networks)

Algorithm Initialize θ_d for D and θ_g for G

• In each training iteration:

Learning D

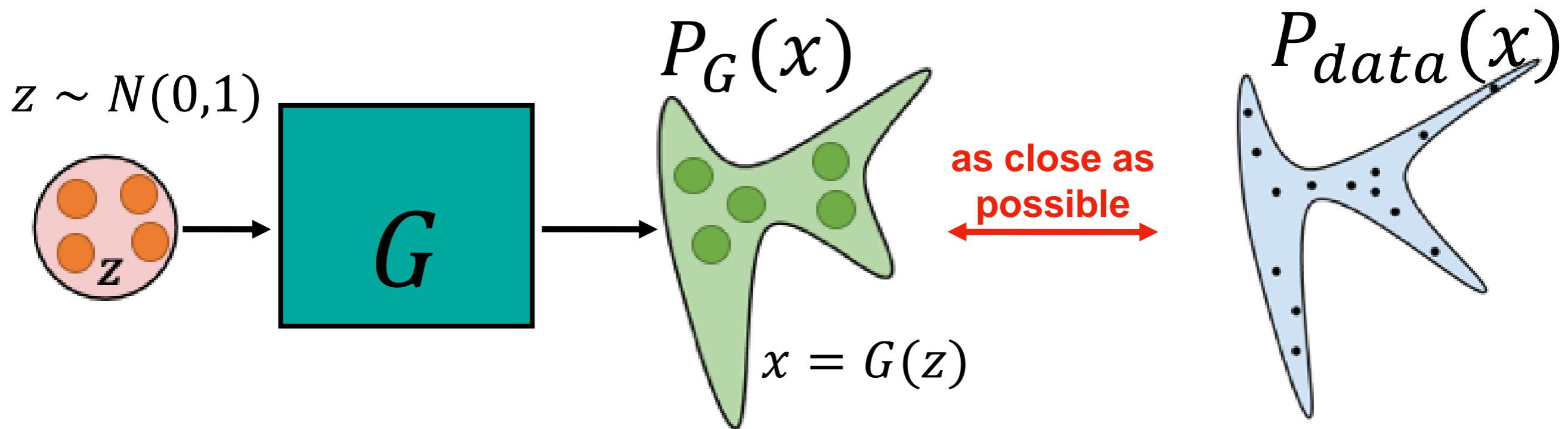
- Sample m examples $\{x^1, x^2, \dots, x^m\}$ from database
- Sample m noise samples $\{z^1, z^2, \dots, z^m\}$ from a distribution
- Obtaining generated data $\{\tilde{x}^1, \tilde{x}^2, \dots, \tilde{x}^m\}$, $\tilde{x}^i = G(z^i)$
- Update discriminator parameters θ_d to maximize
 - $\tilde{V} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \log D(x^i) + \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \log (1 - D(\tilde{x}^i))$
 - $\theta_d \leftarrow \theta_d + \eta \nabla \tilde{V}(\theta_d)$

Learning G

- Sample m noise samples $\{z^1, z^2, \dots, z^m\}$ from a distribution
- Update generator parameters θ_g to maximize
 - $\tilde{V} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \log (D(G(z^i)))$
 - $\theta_g \leftarrow \theta_g - \eta \nabla \tilde{V}(\theta_g)$

Basic idea of GAN

Generator: G is a network. It defines a probability distribution P_G



$$G^* = \underset{G}{\operatorname{argmin}} \operatorname{Div}(P_G, P_{data})$$

how to compute the divergence between two distributions ?

Basic idea of GAN

Discriminator $G^* = \underset{G}{\operatorname{argmin}} \operatorname{Div}(P_G, P_{data})$

Although we do not know the distributions of $P_G(x)$ and $P_{data}(x)$, we can still sample from them



Basic idea of GAN

Discriminator $G^* = \underset{G}{\operatorname{argmin}} \operatorname{Div}(P_G, P_{data})$

Objective function for D

$$V(G, D) = E_{x \sim P_{data}} [\log D(x)] + E_{x \sim P_G} [\log(1 - D(x))]$$

(G is fixed)

$$D^* = \underset{D}{\operatorname{argmax}} V(G, D) = \text{binary classification}$$

JS Divergence

Basic idea of GAN

Discriminator $G^* = \underset{G}{\operatorname{argmin}} \operatorname{Div}(P_G, P_{data})$

Objective function for G

$$G^* = \underset{G}{\operatorname{argmin}} \left(\underbrace{E_{x \sim P_{data}} [\log D(x)]}_{\text{(D is fixed)}} + \underbrace{E_{x \sim P_G} [\log(1 - D(G(z)))]}_{\text{(D is fixed)}} \right)$$

$$E_{x \sim P_G} [-\log(D(G(z)))]$$

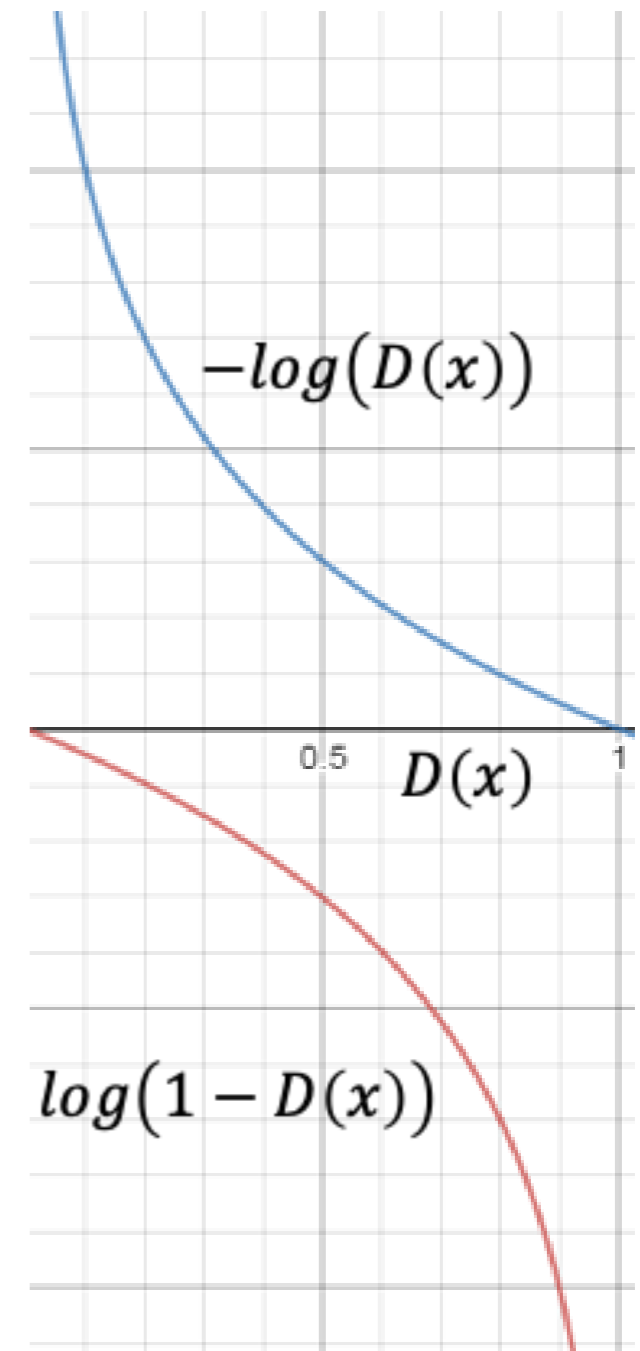
Basic idea of GAN

$$E_{x \sim P_G} [\log(1 - D(G(z)))]$$

slow at the beginning

$$E_{x \sim P_G} [-\log(D(G(z)))]$$

real implementation



Basic idea of GAN

Different GANs

- Wasserstein GAN
- Wasserstein GAN-GP (gradient penalty)
- LSGAN
- ...

Basic idea of GAN

$$V(G, D) = E_{x \sim P_{data}}[\log D(x)] + E_{z \sim P_z}[\log(1 - D(G(z)))]$$

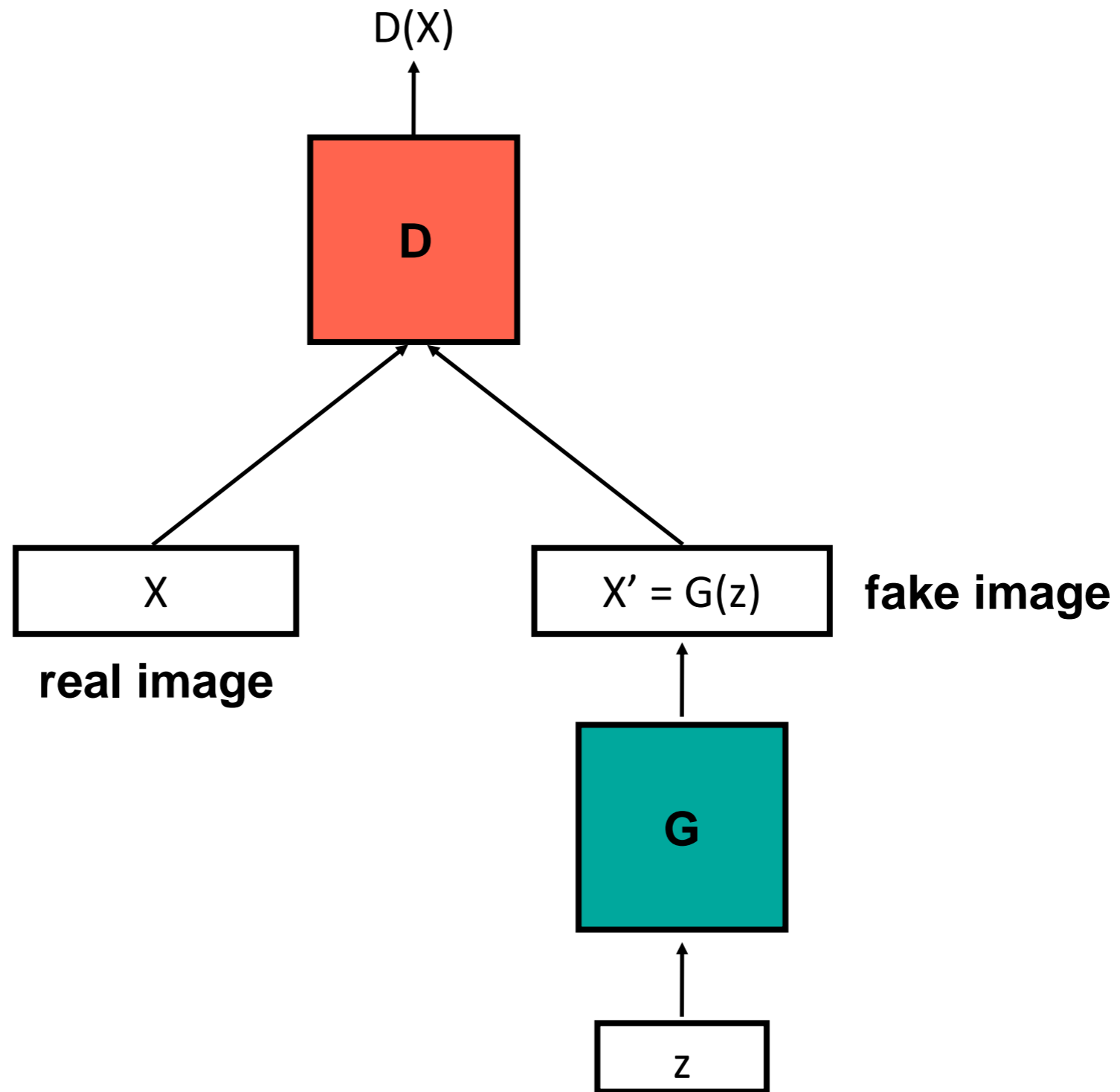
$$G^* = \underset{G}{\operatorname{argmin}} \underset{D}{\operatorname{max}} V(G, D)$$

Training Steps:

- Initialize Generator and Discriminator
- In each training iteration:
 - Step 1: Fix Generator G, and update Discriminator D
 - Step 2: Fix Discriminator D, and update Generator G

Vanilla GAN (unconditional)

Vanilla GAN [Ian Goodfellow, et al, NIPS 2014]

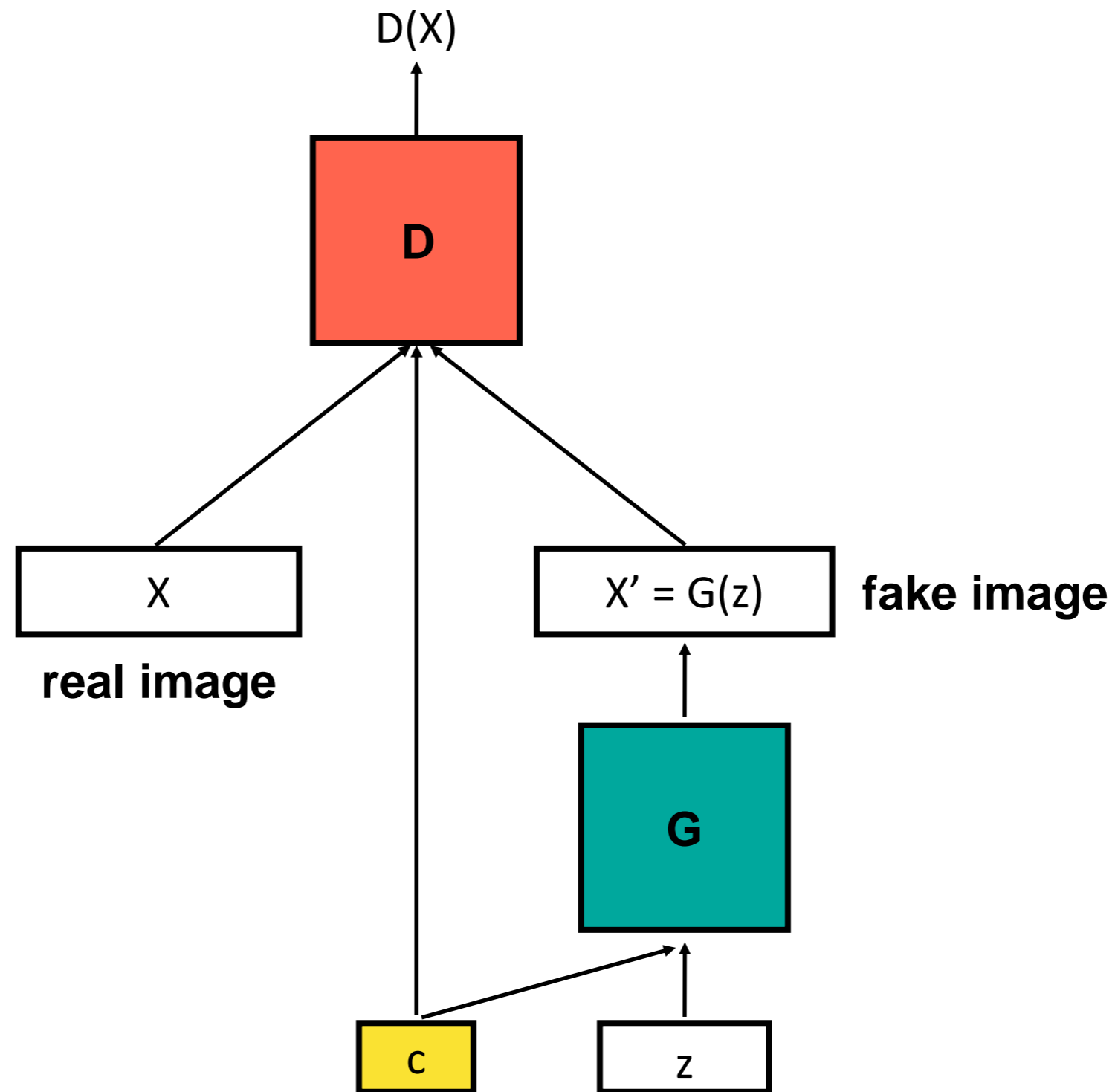


Conditional GAN

Conditional GAN

[M Mirza, et al, arXiv 2014]

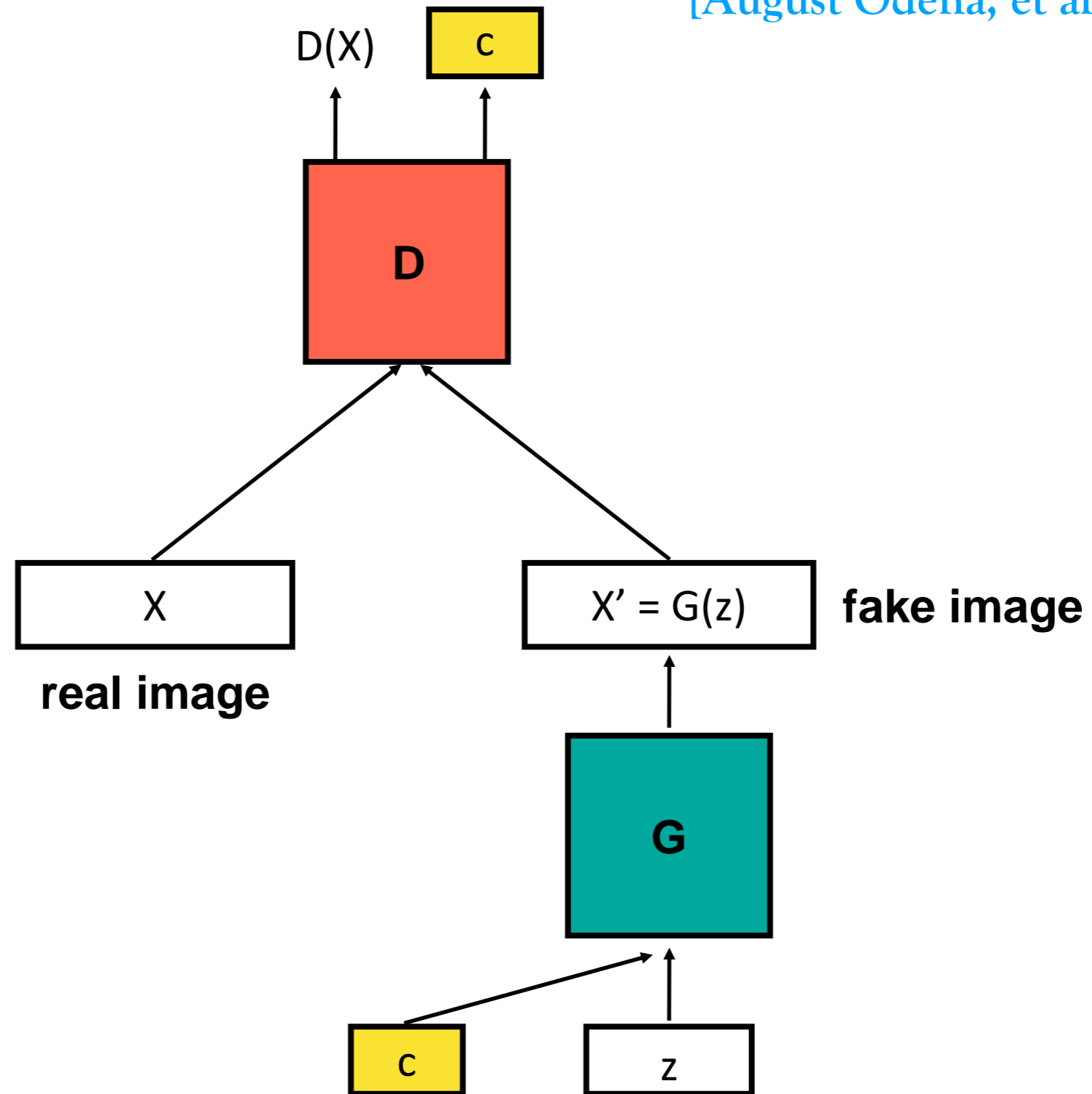
CGAN



Conditional GAN

[August Odena, et al, ICML 2016]

ACGAN



Conditional GAN

male, with glasses



female, with glasses



male, without glasses



female, without glasses



Conditional GAN



without glasses, female, no black hair, no smiling, young



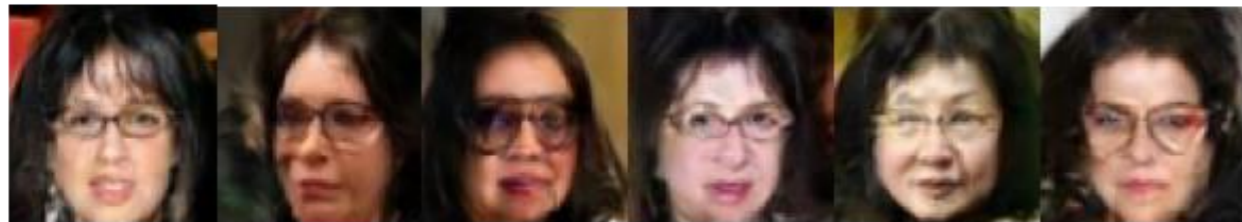
without glasses, male, no black hair, smiling, young



without glasses, female, black hair, smiling, young



with glasses, male, black hair, no smiling, young



with glasses, female, black hair, no smiling, old



with glasses, male, black hair, smiling, old



with glasses, female, no black hair, smiling, old



without glasses, male, no black hair, no smiling, old

Conditional GAN

[Scott Reed, et al, ICML 2016]

Text-to-image Generation

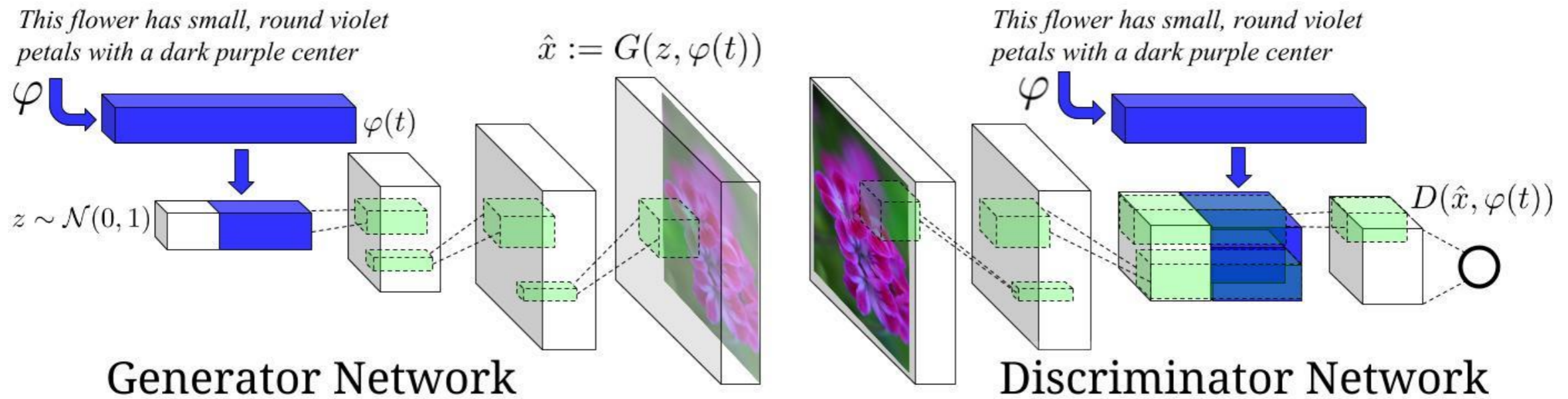
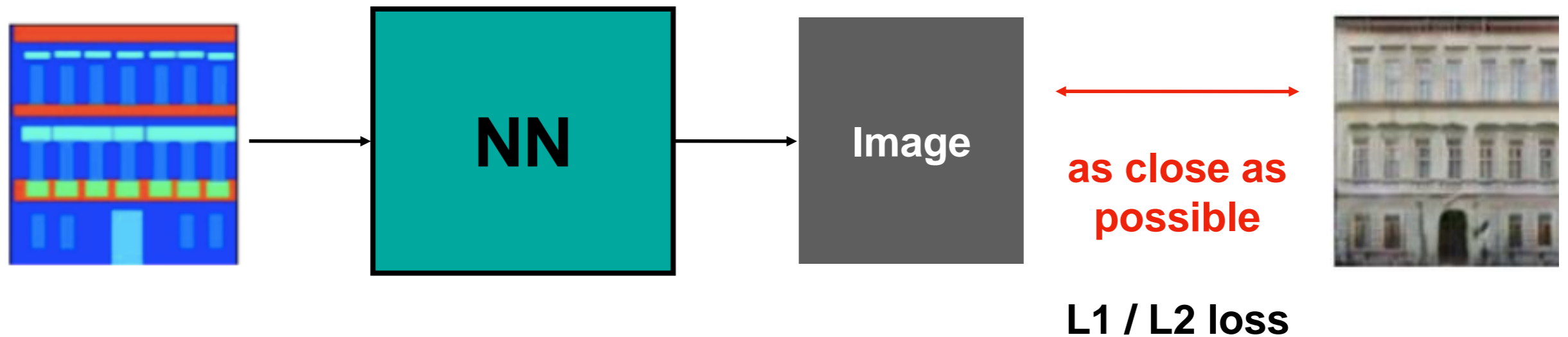


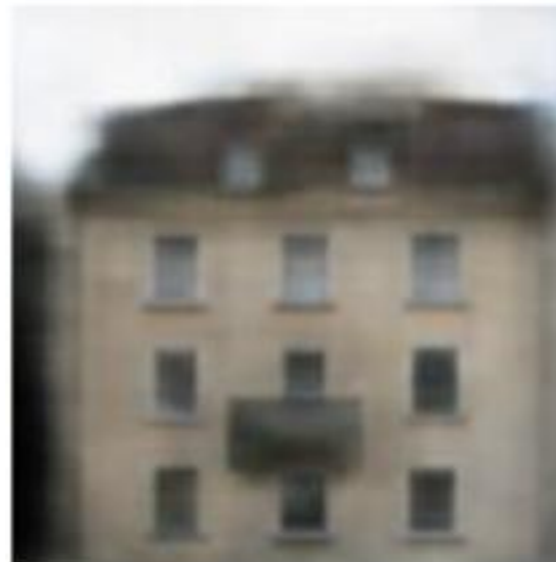
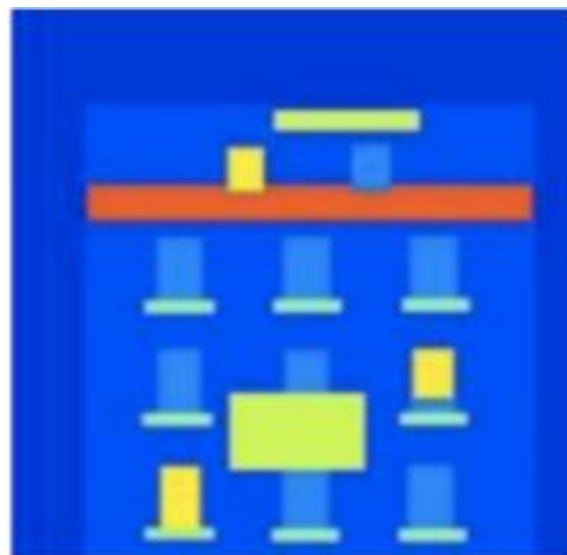
Image-to-image translation

Image-to-image translation

- Traditional method



Testing:

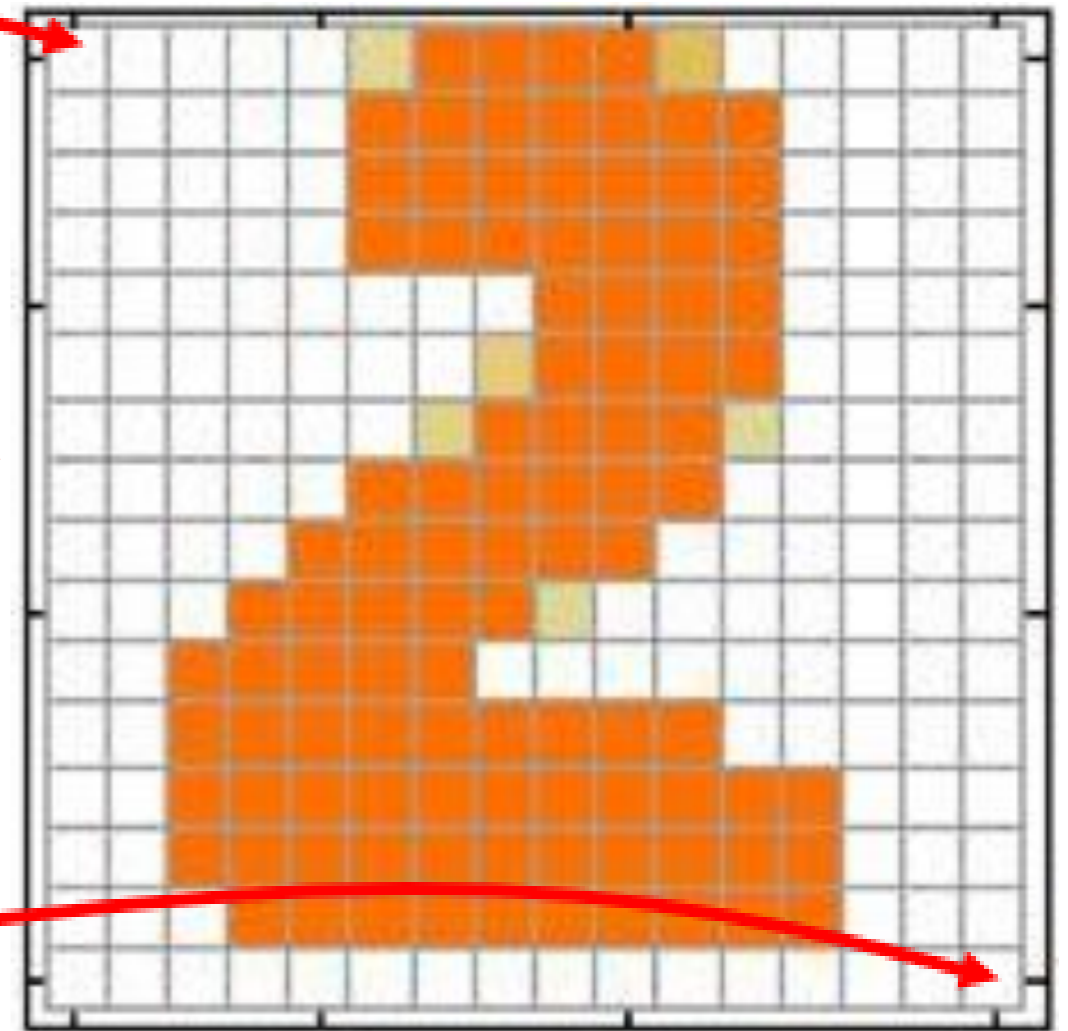
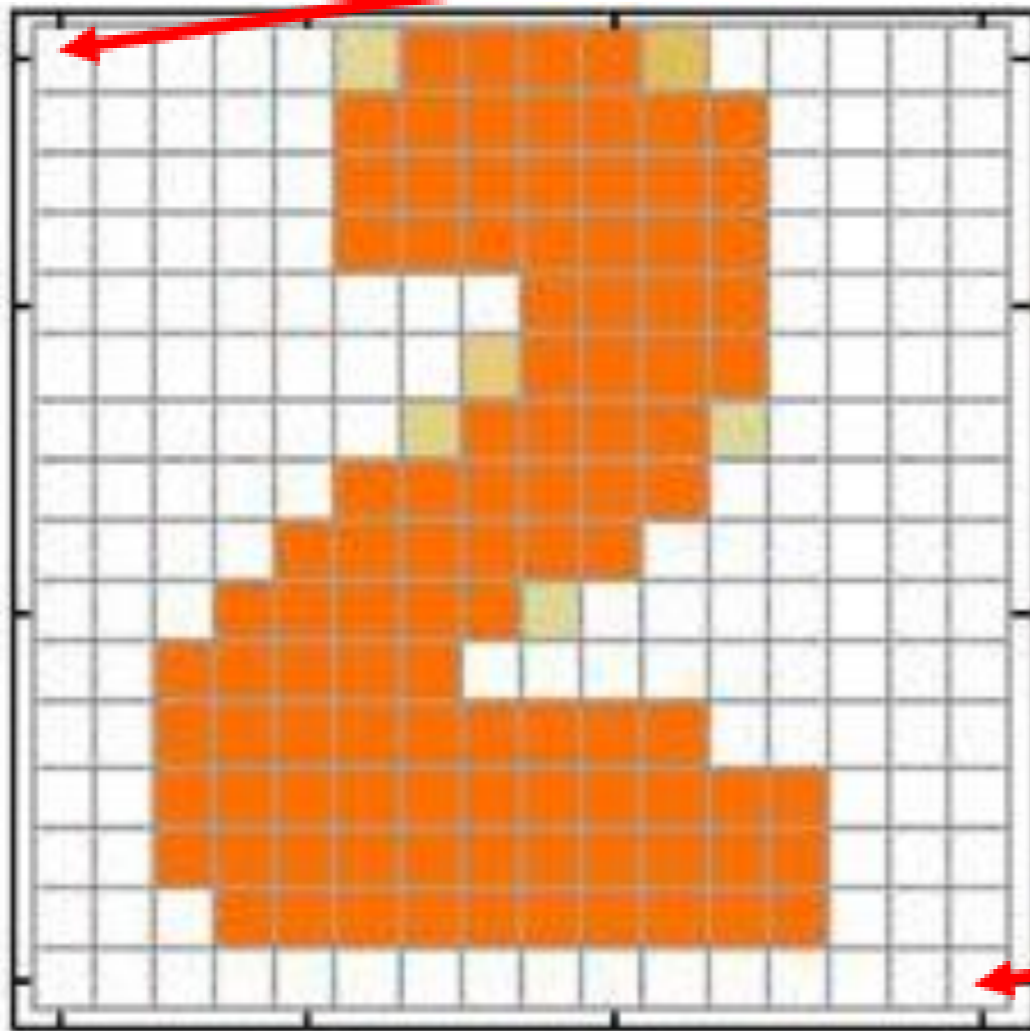


It is blurry,
what is the problem here ?

Image-to-image translation

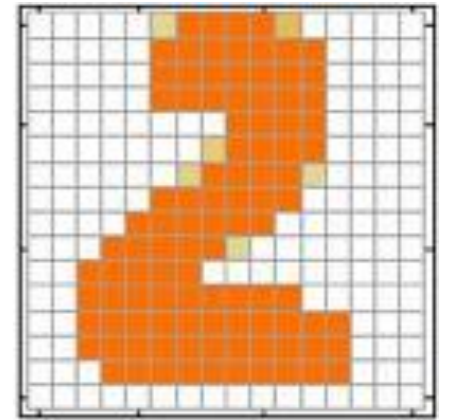
generated image

target

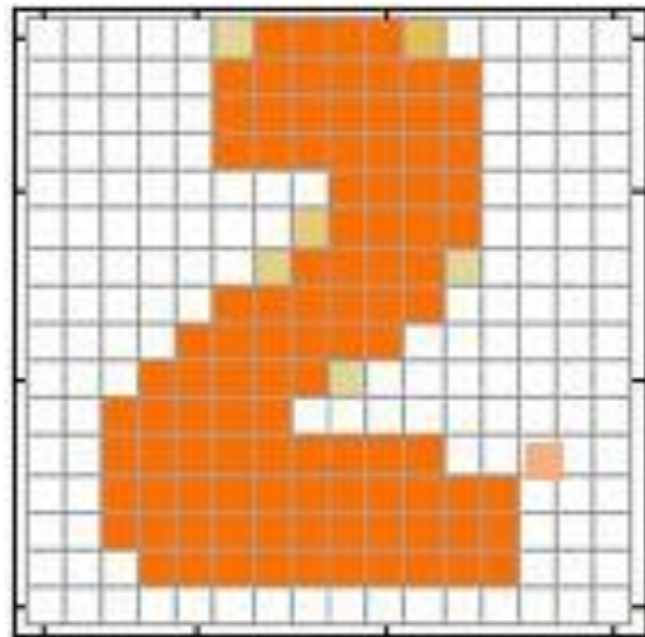


← →
as close as possible

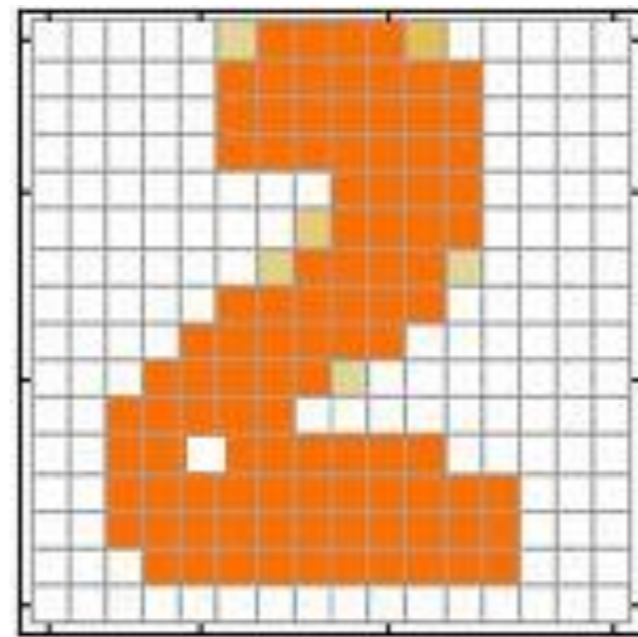
Image-to-image translation



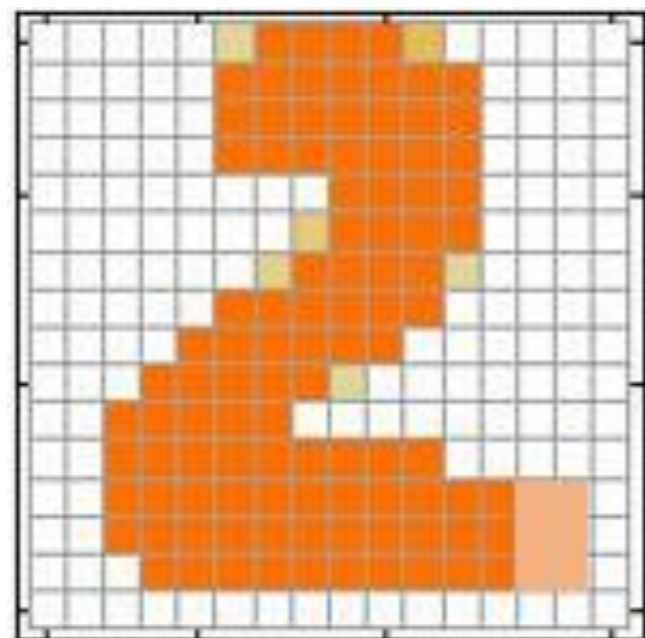
target



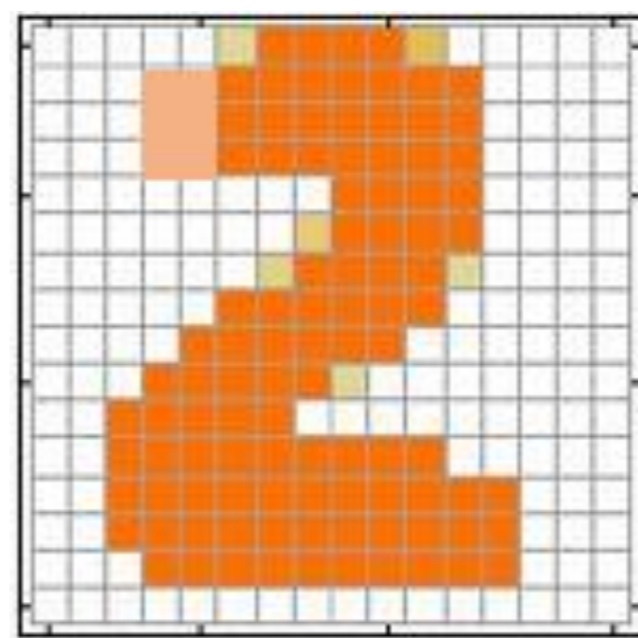
**1 pixel error
not realistic**



**1 pixel error
not realistic**



**6 pixel error
realistic**



**6 pixel error
realistic**

Image-to-image translation

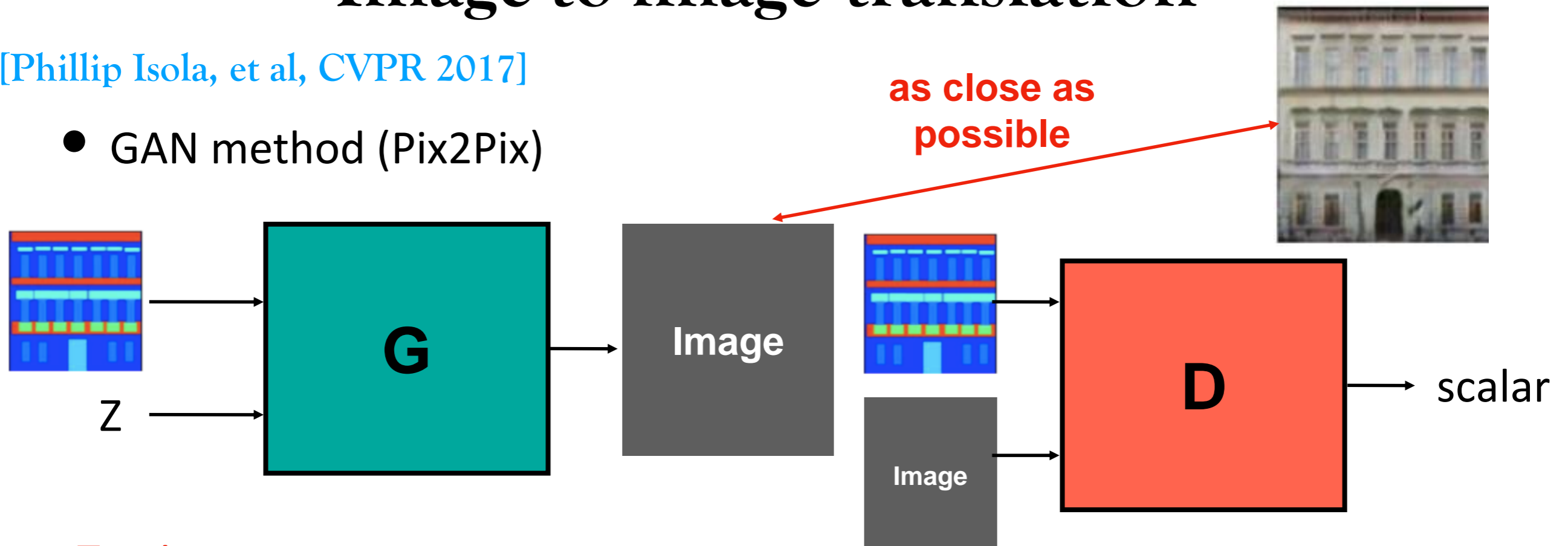
**Reconstruction loss can not provide a sharp generation,
what should be the solution ?**

**Since we can not find a good metric,
we can use GAN to learn the metric !**

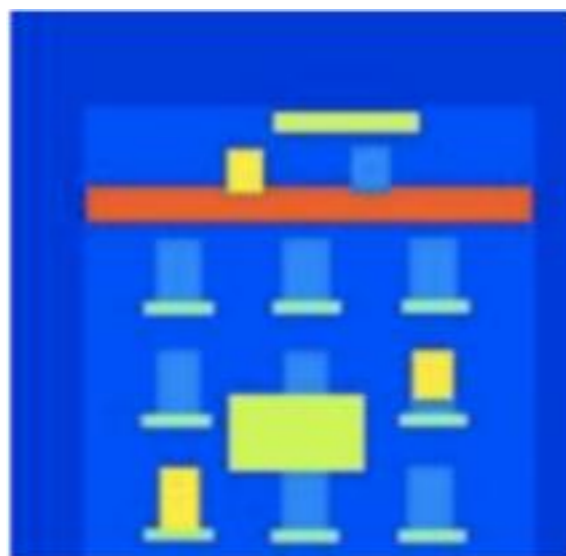
Image-to-image translation

[Phillip Isola, et al, CVPR 2017]

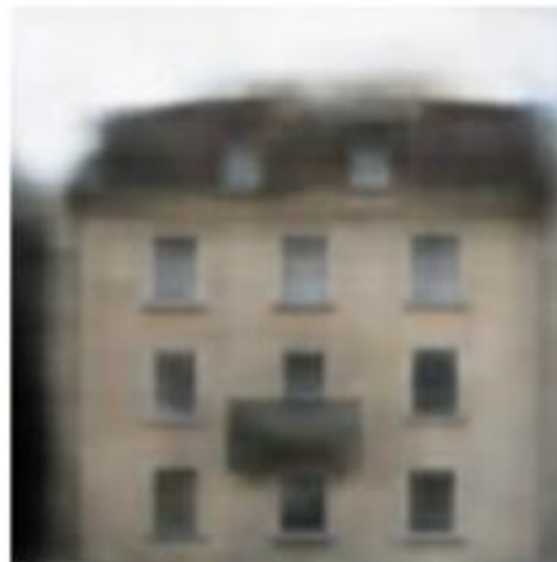
- GAN method (Pix2Pix)



Testing:



Input



Reconstruct



GAN



GAN + Reconstruct

Image-to-image translation

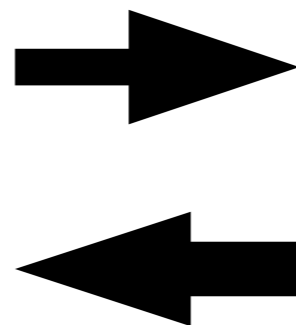
- What about unpaired data (no ground truth of target image) ?



X: zebra



Y: horse



X: summer



Y: winter

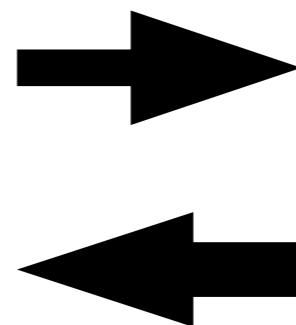


Image-to-image translation

[Jun-yan Zhu, et al, ICCV 2017]

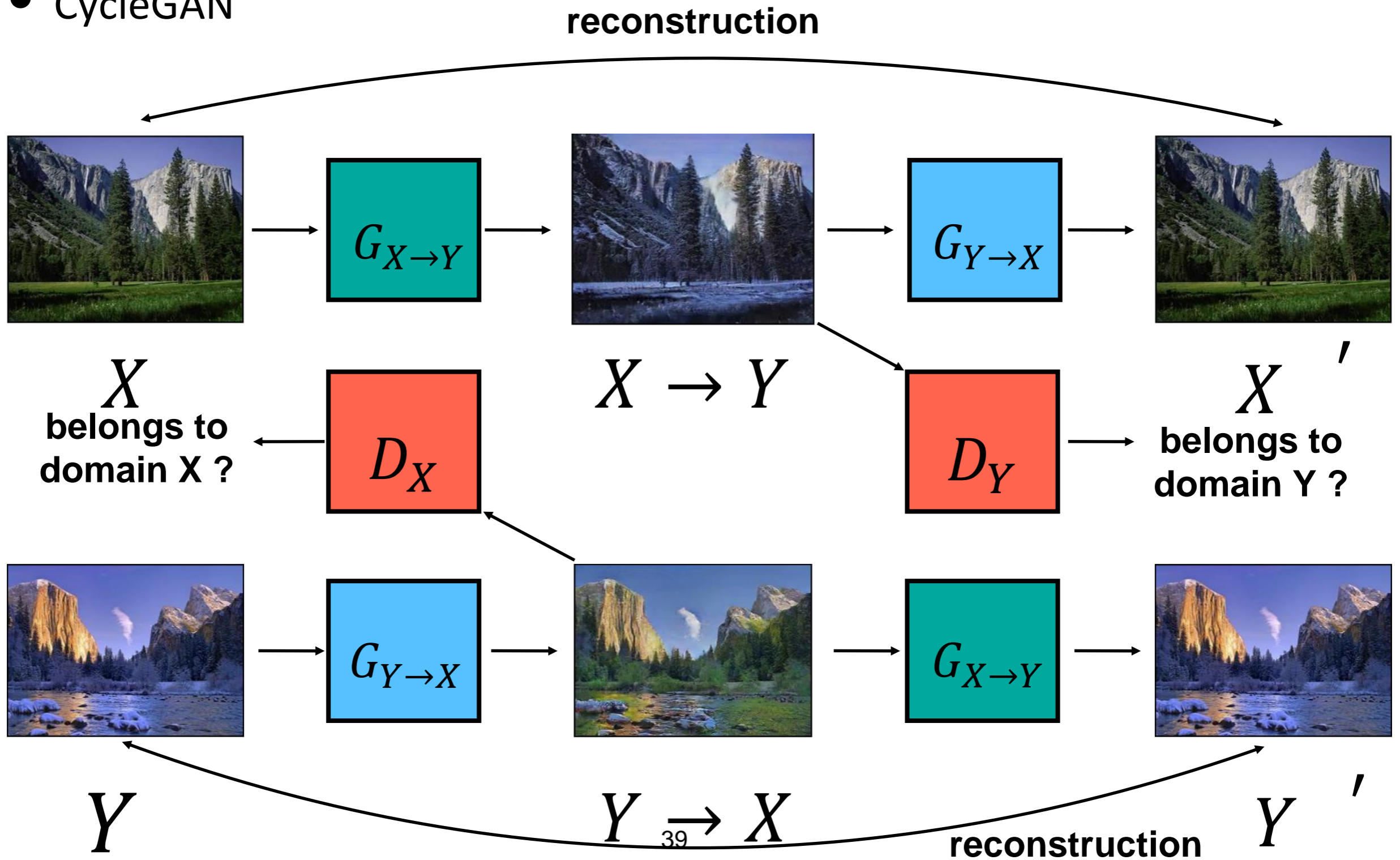
- CycleGAN



Image-to-image translation

[Jun-yan Zhu, et al, ICCV 2017]

- CycleGAN



Monet ↔ Photos



Monet → photo

Zebras ↔ Horses



zebra → horse

Summer ↔ Winter



summer → winter

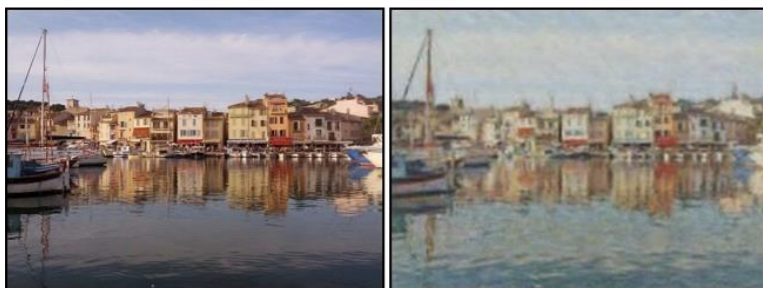


photo → Monet



horse → zebra



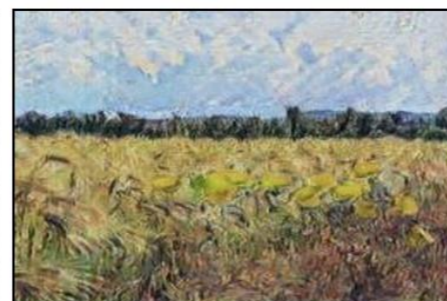
winter → summer



Photograph



Monet



Van Gogh



Cezanne



Ukiyo-e

Image-to-image translation

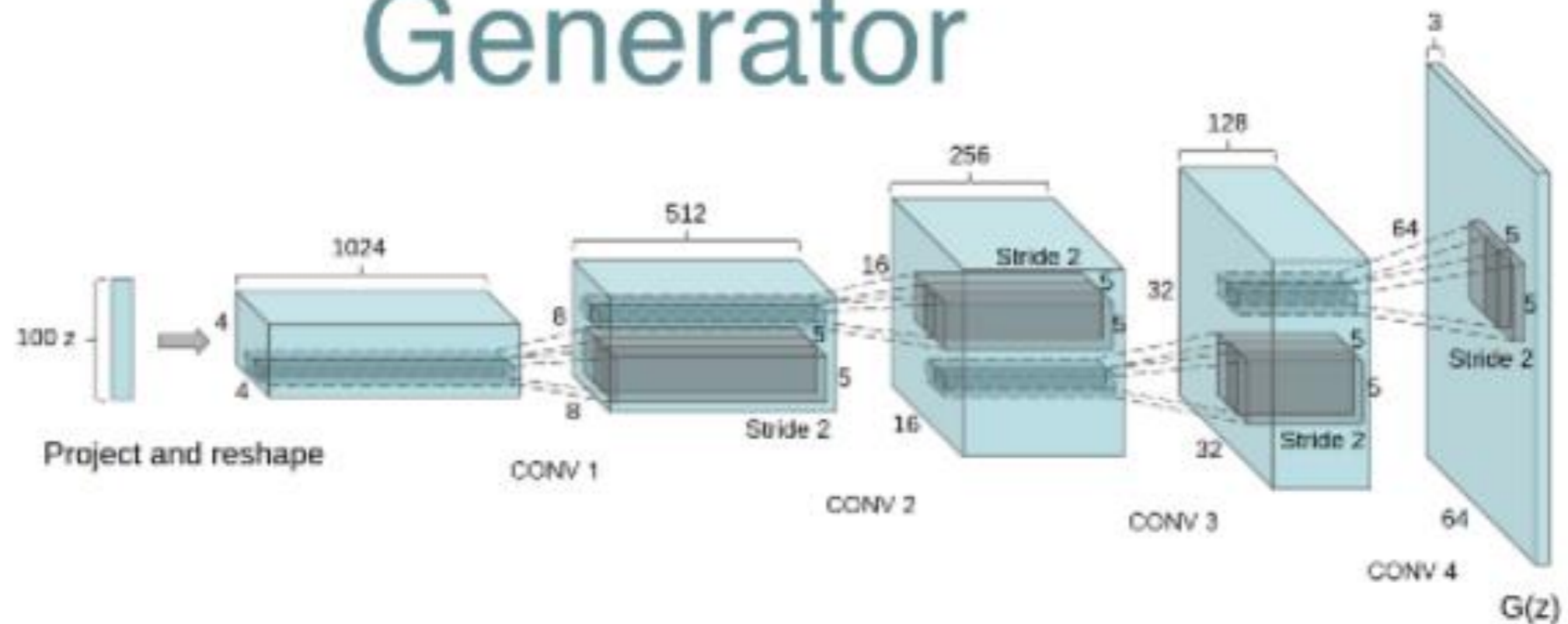
- UNIT
- MUNIT
- ...

Modern GAN Architectures

Modern Architectures

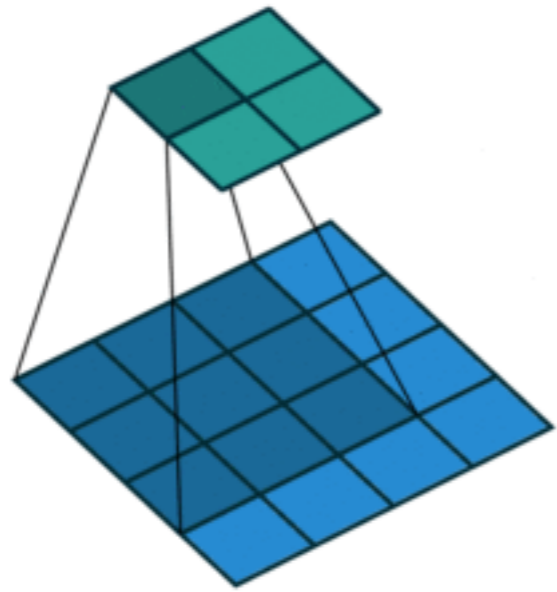
DCGAN

Generator

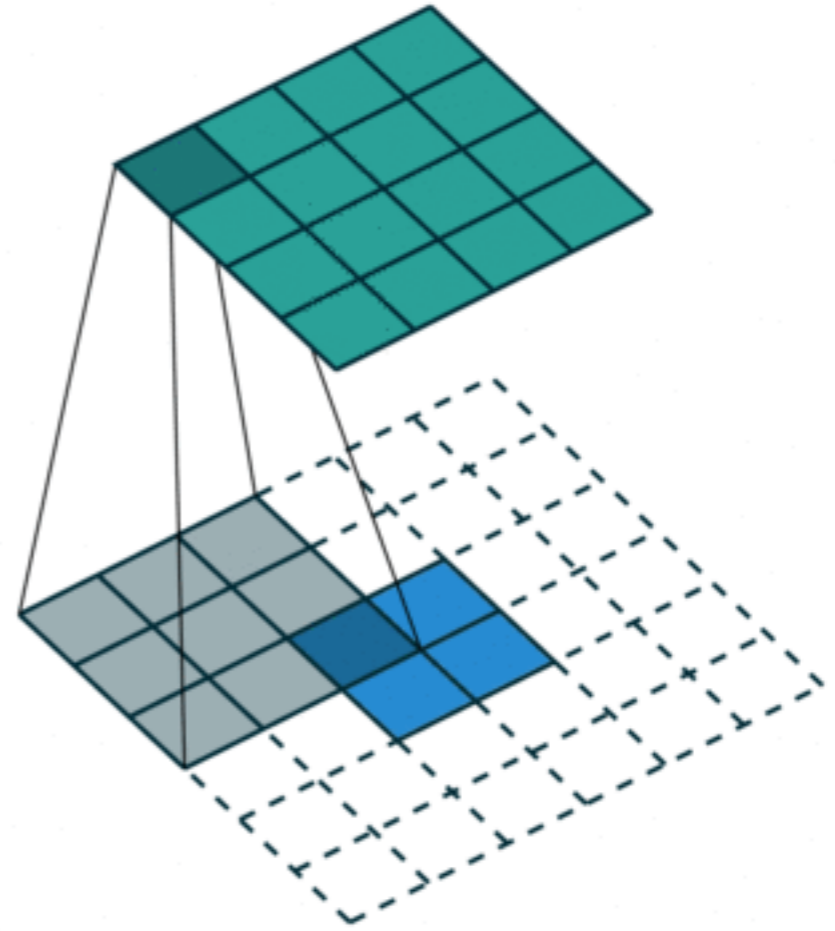


https://github.com/vdumoulin/conv_arithmetic

[A Radford, et al, arXiv 2015]



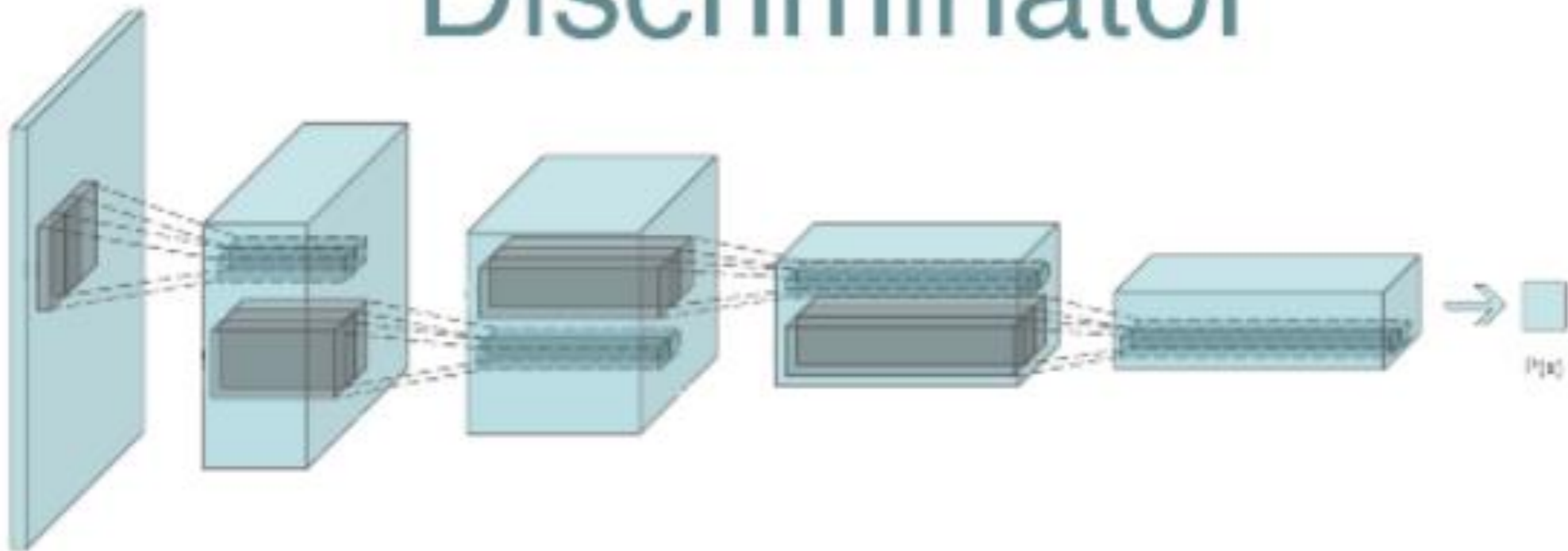
convolution



transposed convolution

Modern Architectures

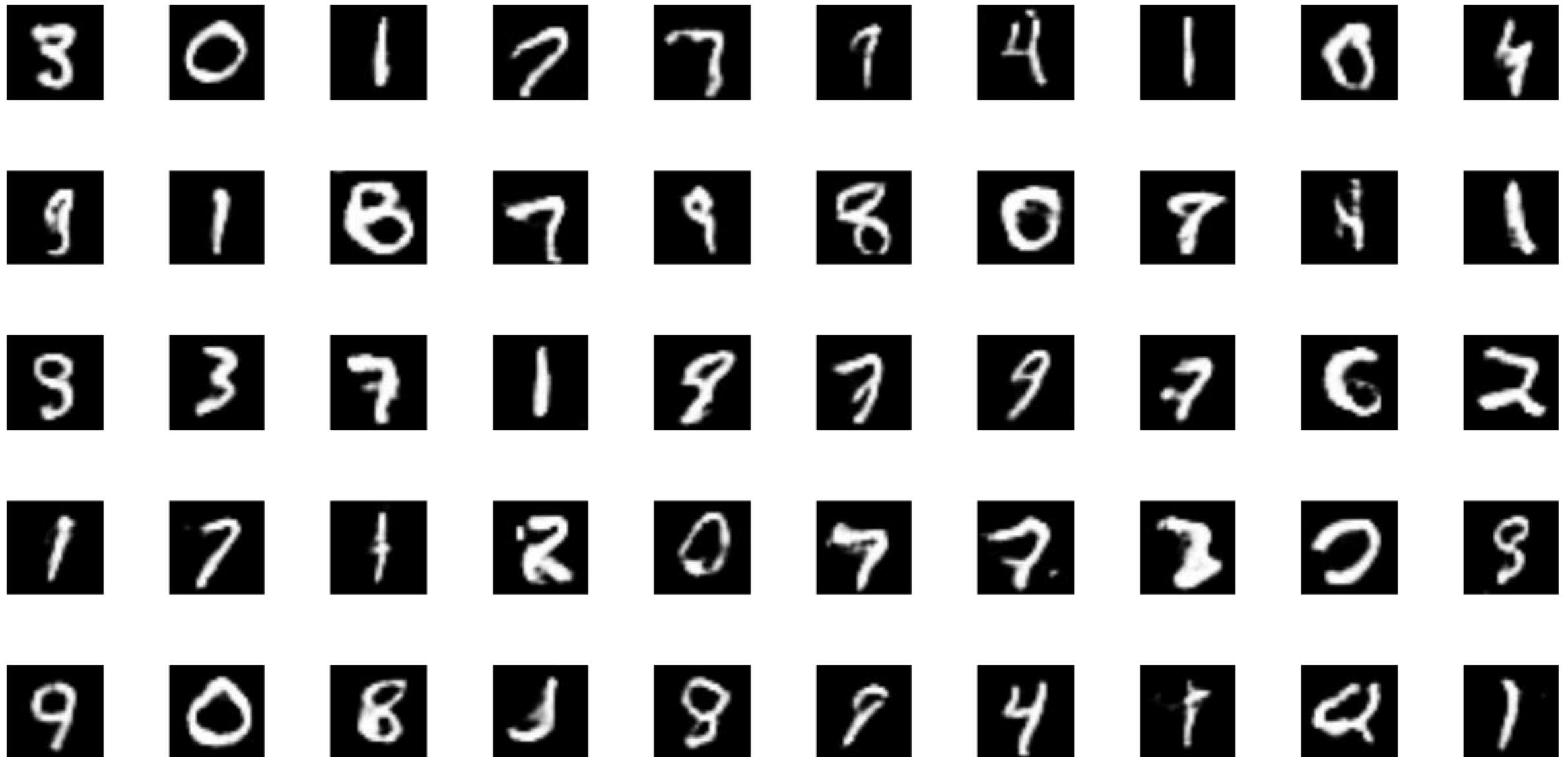
Discriminator



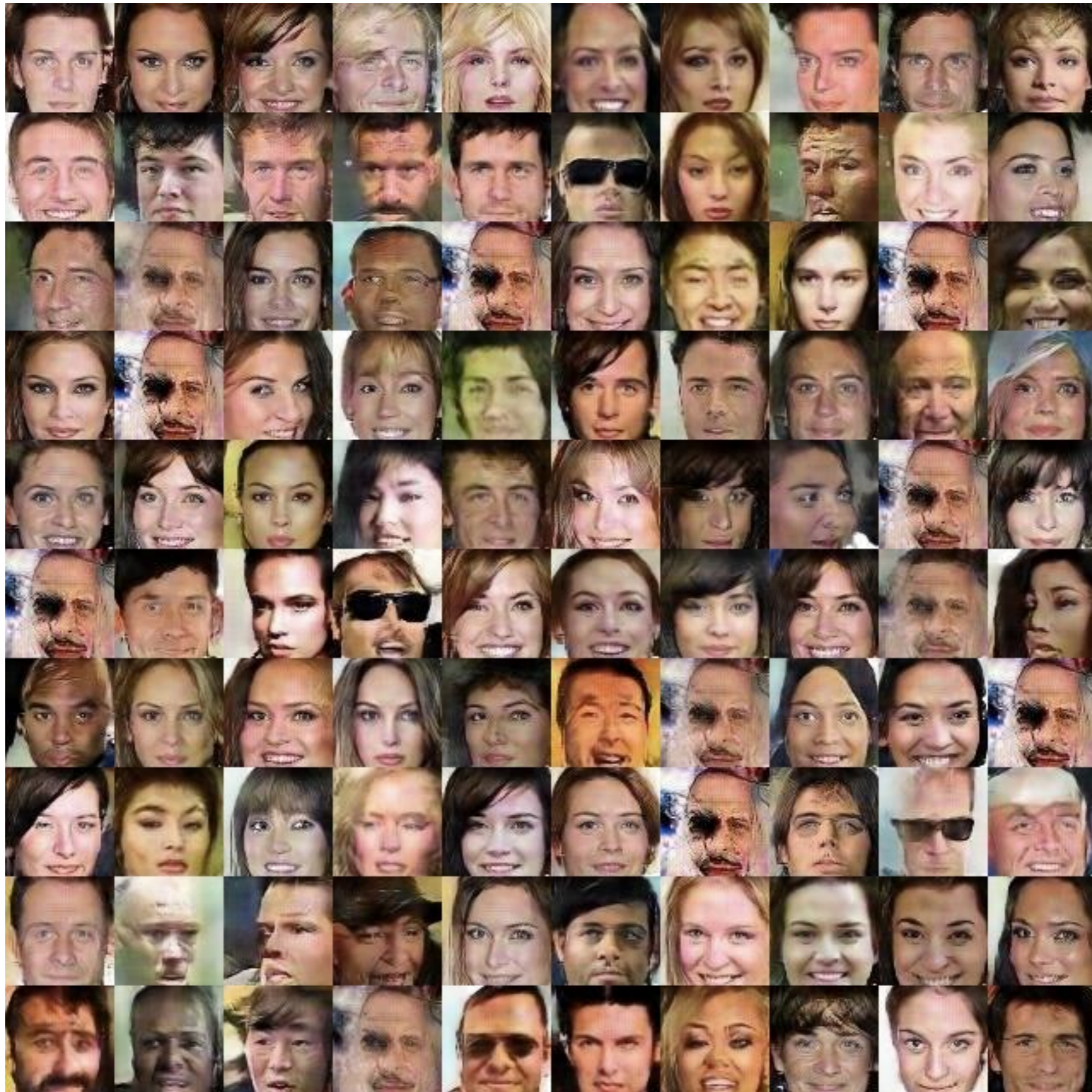
https://github.com/vdumoulin/conv_arithmetic

[A Radford, et al, arXiv 2015]

Results - MNIST



Results - CelebA (faces)



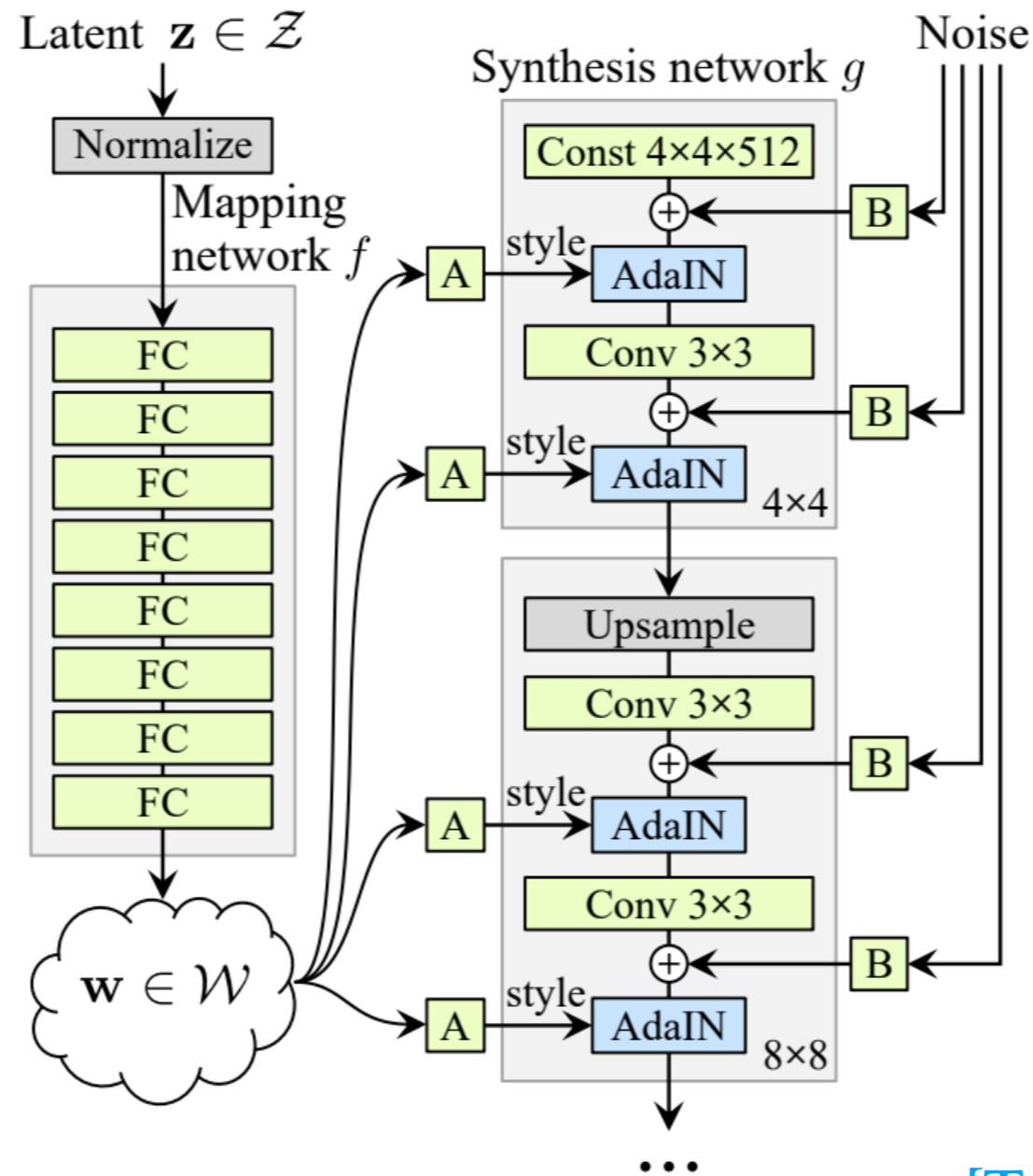
Results - LSUN (bedrooms)



Modern Architectures

StyleGAN (NVIDIA)

<https://github.com/NVlabs/stylegan>



[T Karras, et al, CVPR 2019]

Modern Architectures

StyleGAN



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kSLJriaOumA>



Modern Architectures

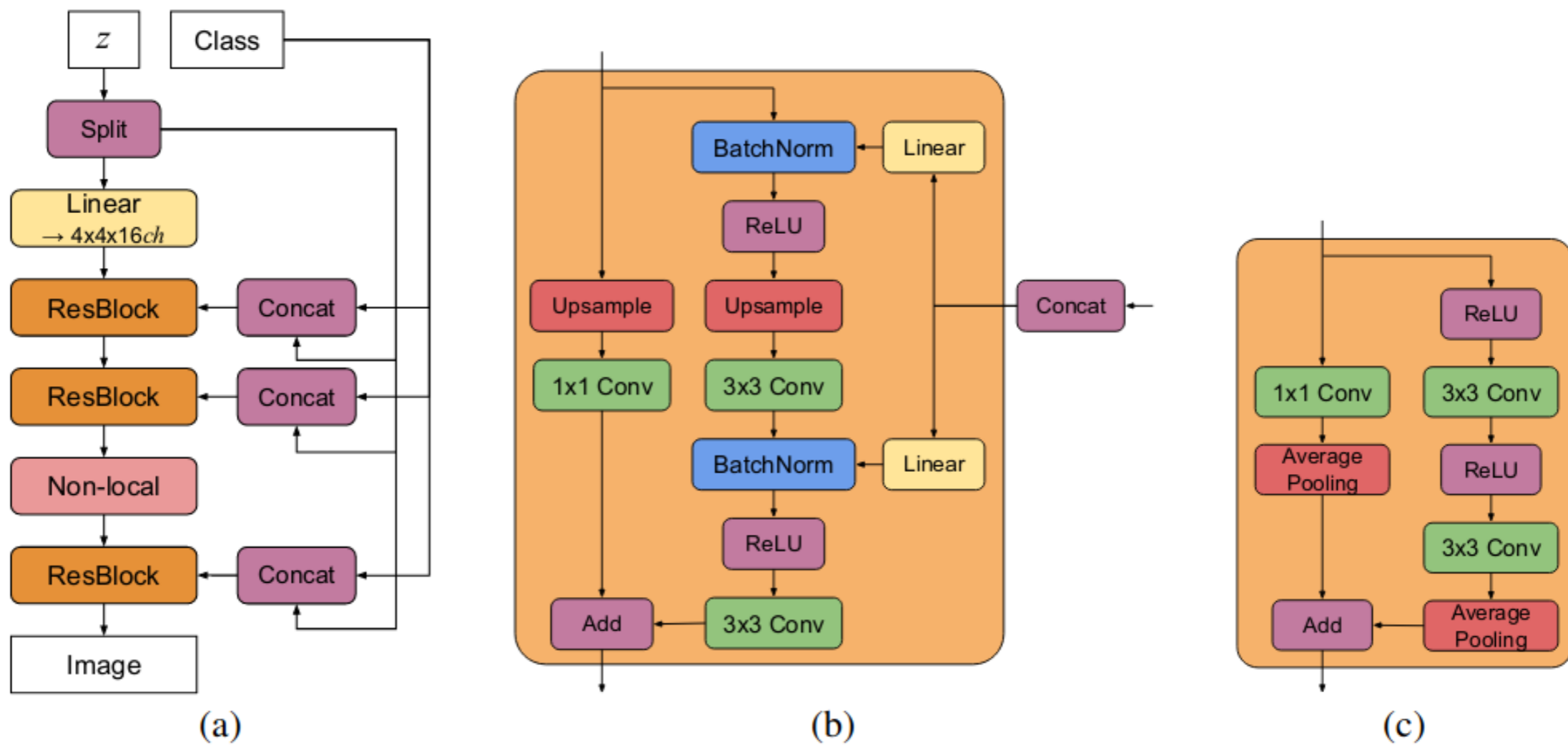
StyleGAN

GPUs	1024x1024	512x512	256x256
1	41 days 4 hours	24 days 21 hours	14 days 22 hours
2	21 days 22 hours	13 days 7 hours	9 days 5 hours
4	11 days 8 hours	7 days 0 hours	4 days 21 hours
8	6 days 14 hours	4 days 10 hours	3 days 8 hours

Modern Architectures

BigGAN (DeepMind)

<https://github.com/ajbrock/BigGAN-PyTorch>



[A Brock, et al, ICLR 2019]

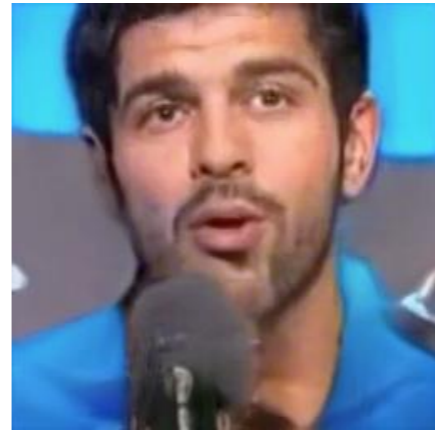
Modern Architectures

BigGAN

On 8xV100 with full-precision training (no Tensor cores), this script takes 15 days to train to 150k iterations.



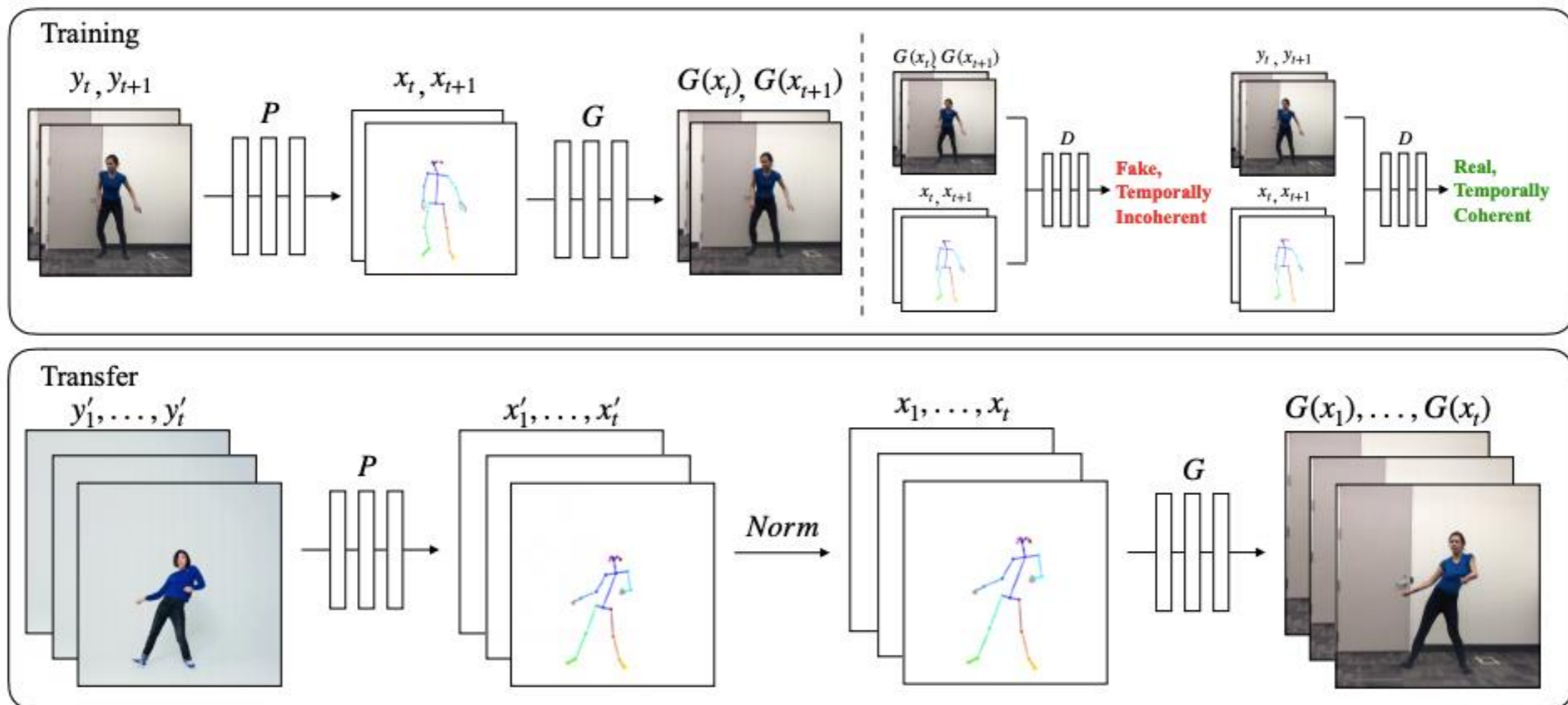
Vid-to-vid translation



Vid-to-vid translation

[Carolin Chan, et al, ICCV 2019]

- Everybody dance now



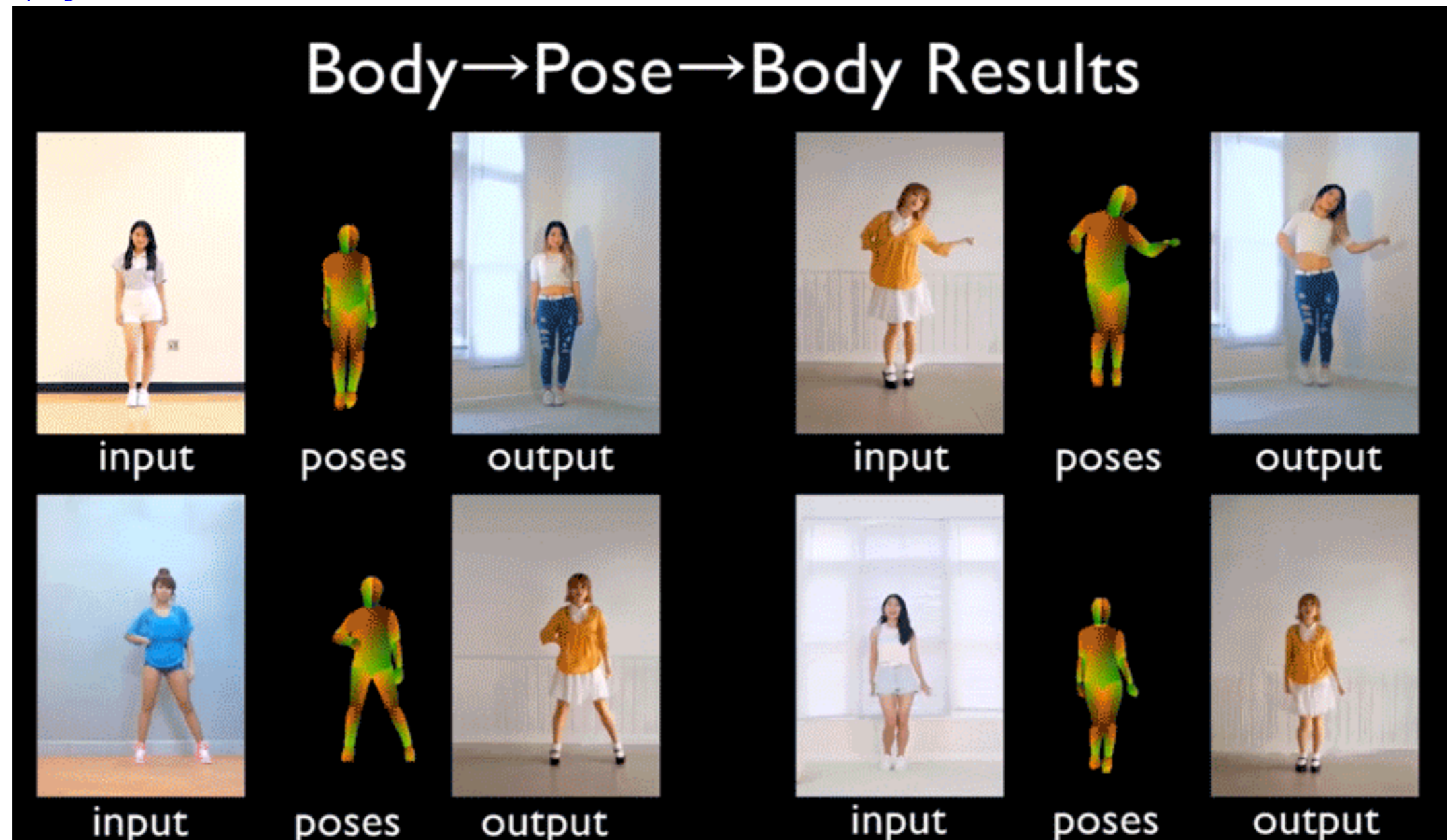
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PCBTZh41Ris>

Vid-to-vid translation

- Video-to-video synthesis

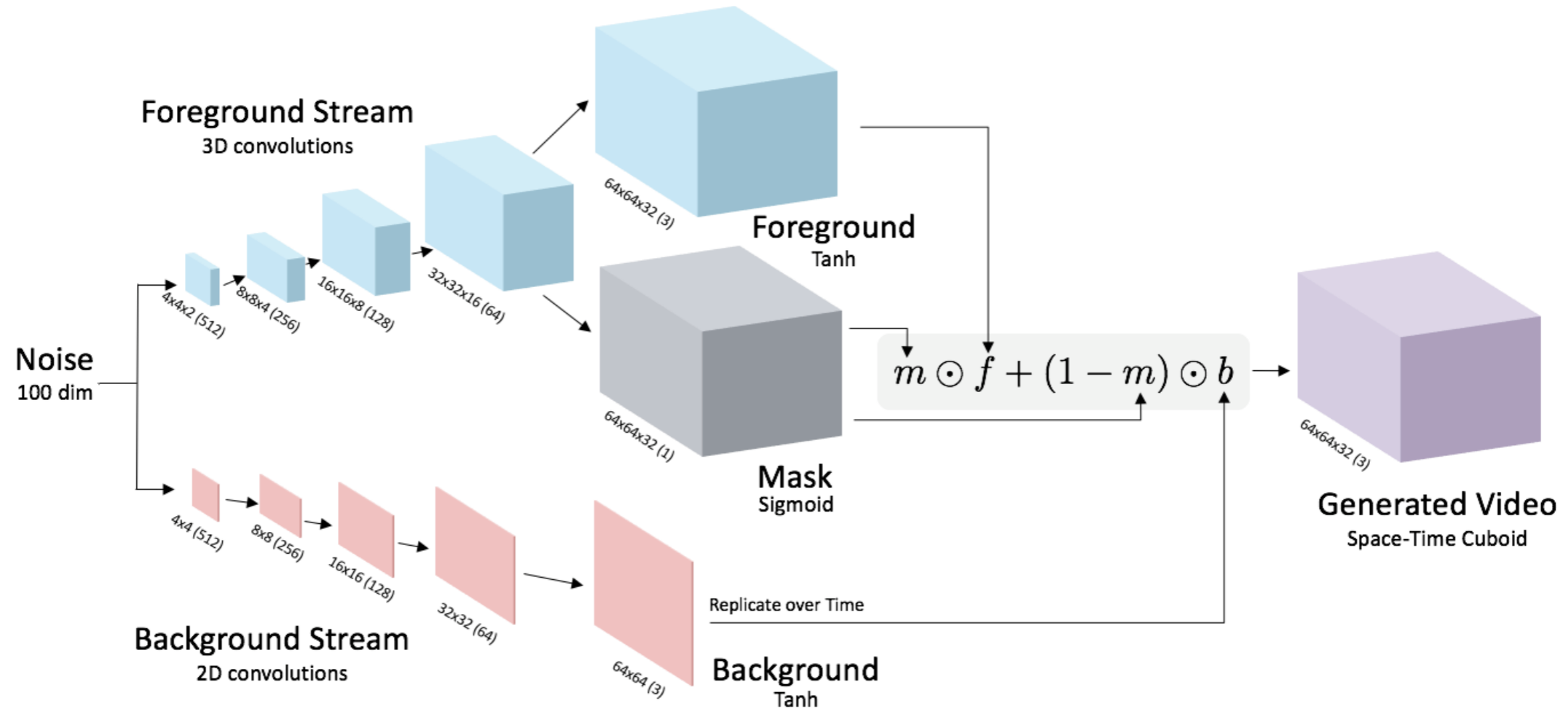
[Ting-chun Wang, et al, NIPS 2018]

<https://github.com/NVIDIA/vid2vid>



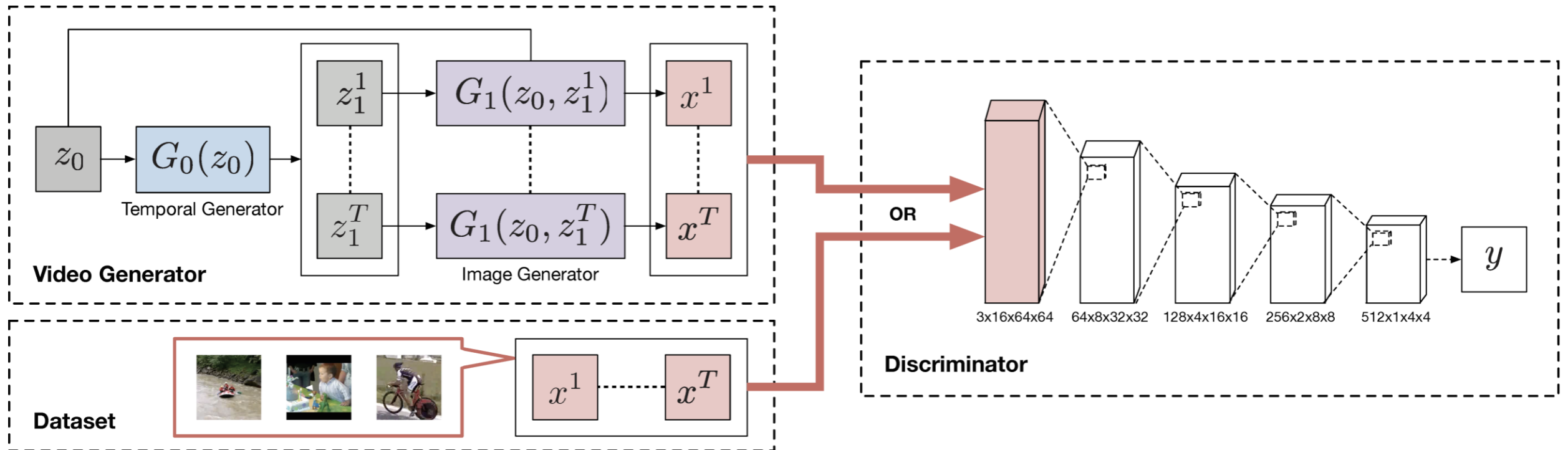
Video Generation

Video Generation



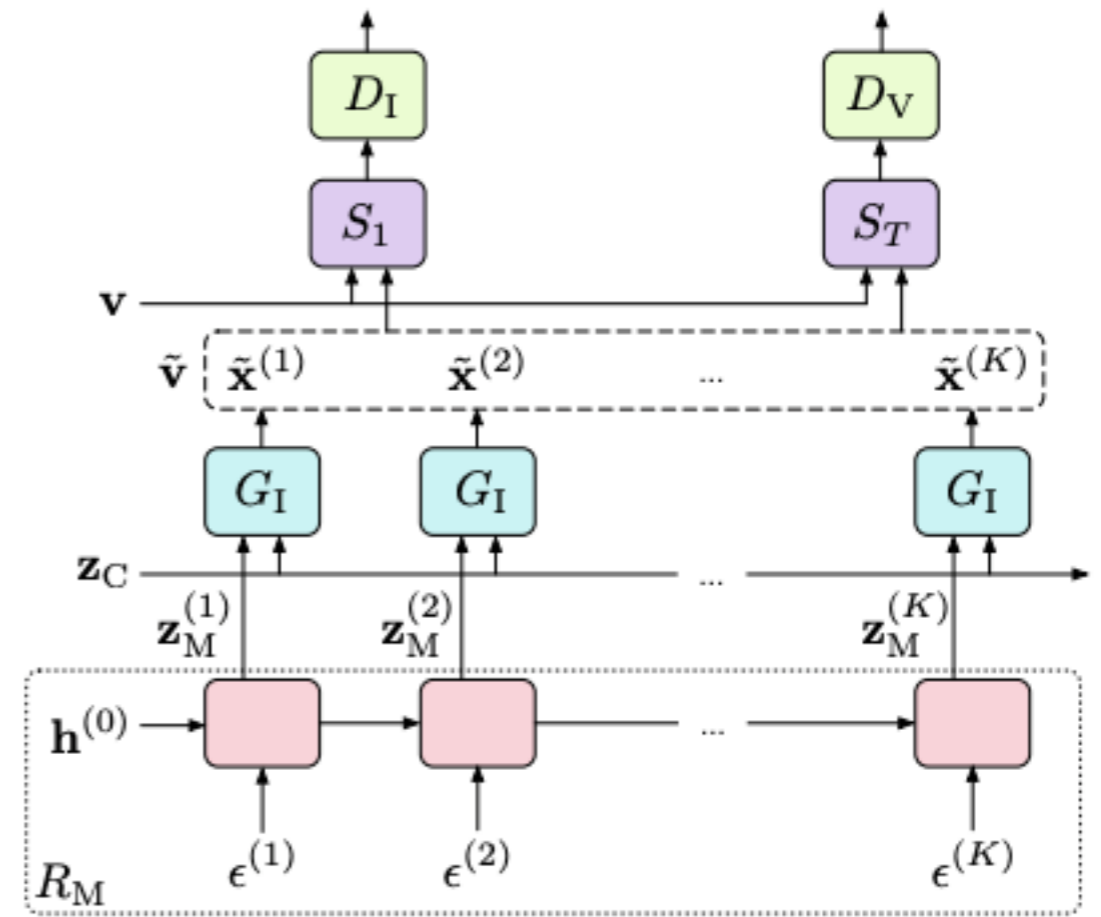
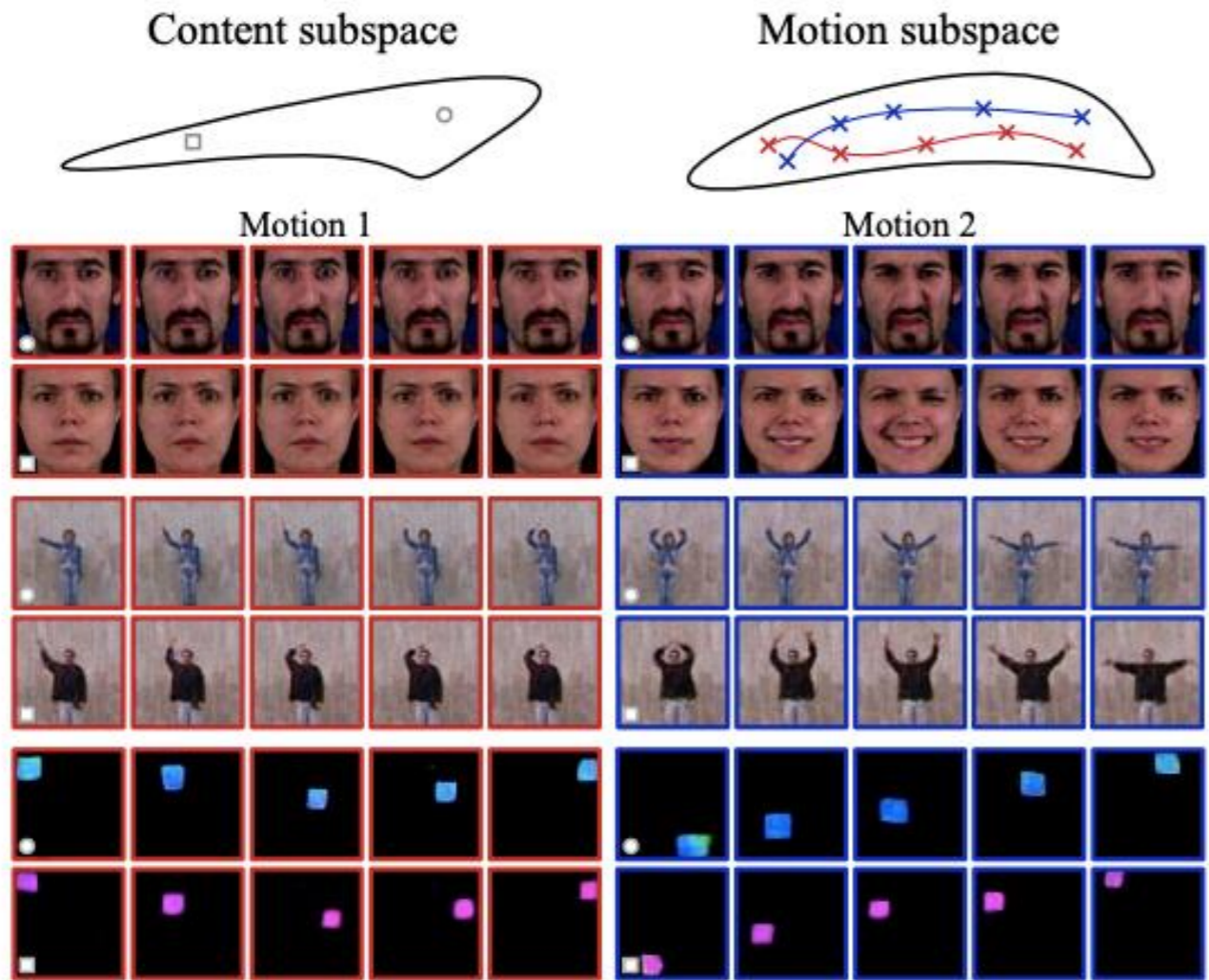
VGAN [NeurIPS'16]

Video Generation



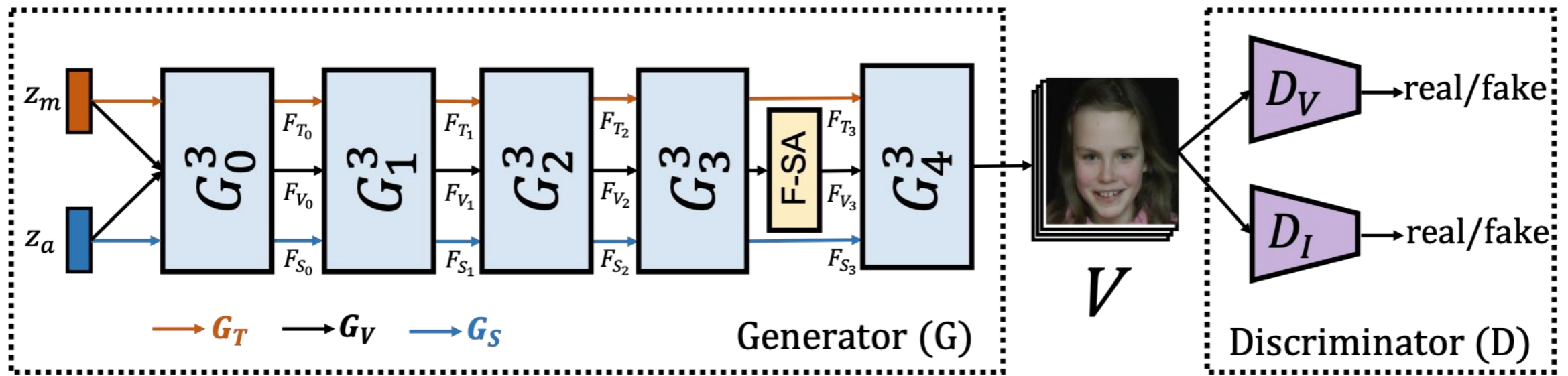
TGAN [ICCV'19]

Video Generation



MoCoGAN [CVPR'19]

Video Generation



G3AN [CVPR'20]



What I can not create, I do not understand

- R. Feynman

Thank You !