

A Natural Deduction Environment for Matita

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Outline

- 1 The Problem
- 2 The (MKM) Technologies at Hand
- 3 Demo
- 4 Conclusion

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The Context

Bad news:

We elected Berlusconi (again!) ...

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Bad news:

We elected Berlusconi (again!) . . . hence yet another change in the undergraduate curricula

Good news:

We now teach a first semester, first year course in mathematical logic

The Problem

Contents:

A traditional CS-style course in logic (natural deduction and/or sequent calculus, . . .)

A basic course in interactive theorem proving (proofs in declarative language of propositional calculus meta-theory, e.g. the duality theorem or the Shannon expansion theorem)

Problem:

Not enough time to teach two different tools: need for

- A learning tool for natural deduction **in** Matita
- Smooth transition from ND to declarative language

Requirements:

- same information he would write on paper
prevent inference
- allow incorrect derivation trees
prevent proof-checking
- errors are highlighted, but not critical
prevent proof-checking
- graphic display of the derivation tree (for oversized trees)
trees not currently supported
- quick (batch) correction of exercises (for the teacher)
re-enable proof-checking
- textual syntax (to smooth the transition)
- help for syntax learning and hastening the input phase
a palette

Implementation:

Standard (bad) solutions:

- External UI, Matita as a service
no smooth transition
- New component/plugin for Matita
difficult to implement and to maintain, bad integration,
boring

Proposed solution:

- “Implement” the system **IN** Matita, by exploiting the **already available** MKM technologies
- NO AD-HOC CHANGE to the code of Matita
No change at all but for palettes!
- It works (quite surprisingly!)

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MKM technologies in Matita

Matita is currently the most MKM-friendly ITP:

- management of a Web-distributed, inconsistent, library
- advanced indexing/searching on the global library
- XML technologies
- **three levels of mathematical representation:**
 - semantics (CIC)
 - content (OMDoc + MathML)
 - presentation (BoxML + MathML)
- **MathML Presentation based UI**
- **unconstrained ambiguous notation** and session profiling to aid ranking and solving ambiguities

Derivation tree rendering: \equiv MathML

“graphic display of the derivation tree (for oversized trees)”
“errors are highlighted”

MathML Presentation is quite good:

- No support for derivation trees
(badly) approximated using fractions
- `action` to expand/collapse sub-trees when too large
- `action` to hide/show available hypotheses in sub-trees
- `attr` to highlight errors
how to detect them?

Incorrect input: semantic ambiguity

“allow incorrect derivation trees” *“errors are not critical”*
“batch correction of exercises (for the teacher)”

Three levels of representation:

- (MathML) **Presentation**; in many-to-many relation with
- (OMDoc + MathML) **Content**; in one(many)-to-many relation with
- (CIC) **Semantics**

Parallel markup between Semantics and Presentation:

(XSLT) transformations: Semantics \rightarrow Presentation.
Disambiguation: Presentation \leftarrow Semantics

Incorrect input: semantic ambiguity

“allow incorrect derivation trees” *“errors are not critical”*
“batch correction of exercises (for the teacher)”

PARSING + DISAMBIGUATION

One presentation: $\frac{\overset{\vdots}{A} \quad \overset{\vdots}{B}}{A \wedge B} \wedge_i$

One content: $\text{AND}_j A B \quad \overset{\vdots}{A} \quad \overset{\vdots}{B}$

Two (one) semantics: $(\text{And}_j A B \quad \overset{\overset{A}{\vdots}}{A} \quad \overset{\overset{B}{\vdots}}{B}) : A \wedge B$

$(\text{And}_j^x A B A B \quad \overset{\overset{A}{\vdots}}{A} \quad \overset{\overset{B}{\vdots}}{B}) : A \wedge B$

Incorrect input: semantic ambiguity

“allow incorrect derivation trees” *“errors are not critical”*
“batch correction of exercises (for the teacher)”

PRINTING

Two semantics: $(\text{And}_i A B \overset{A}{\vdots} \overset{B}{\vdots}) : A \wedge B$

$(\text{And}_i^x A B \mathcal{A} \mathcal{B} \overset{A}{\vdots} \overset{B}{\vdots}) : A \wedge B$

Two (one) contents: $\text{AND}_i A B \overset{\vdots}{\mathcal{A}} \overset{\vdots}{\mathcal{B}}$ $\text{AND}_i^x A B \overset{\vdots}{\mathcal{A}} \overset{\vdots}{\mathcal{B}}$

Two presentations: $\frac{\overset{\vdots}{\mathcal{A}} \overset{\vdots}{\mathcal{B}}}{A \wedge B} \wedge_i$ $\frac{\overset{\vdots}{\mathcal{A}} \overset{\vdots}{\mathcal{B}}}{A \wedge B} \wedge_i$

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Practical results

A reasonable natural deduction environment for Matita built with **NO** lines of OCaml code (860 lines of definitions and notational declarations in Matita).

(MKM) Technologies used:

- MathML Presentation notation
- Multiple representations
- Disambiguation

Lessons learned

- Generic UI extensions (MathML, SVG, *ML, etc.) pay more than ad-hoc extensions
- Three levels of representation:
Presentation, Content, **Semantics**
- Errors are just a form of semantics
they can be **internalized**
- Disambiguation may subsume error recovery