# SigNet

From Signal to Network

http://signet.i3s.unice.fr





#### Team

Permanent staff

networking Guillaume Urvoy-Keller - Prof. UNS - traffic analysis -

scheduling

signal/telecom Luc Deneire - Prof. UNS -wireless - multiple antennas

signal Jérôme Lebrun - CNRS researcher- algebraic aspects

telecom/netw. **Lucile sassatelli** - Ass. Prof. UNS - *network coding - mobile* 

networking **Dino Lopez** - Ass. Prof. UNS - *transport layer* - *green* networking





#### Team

#### PhD Students

signal/telecom signal networking networking

(Recent) Interns

networking Adrian Arsene - Network level performance in virualized environement networking Tram An La - Bandwidth estimation in 802.11 networks networking Tam Nguyen Hoang - Implementation of XCP networking Madhusanka Liyanage - Mixing scheduling and network coding





# Transport protocols

- TCP → core element of Internet's stability
- Reno works well for low bandwidth (<100 Mb/s) and low latency (<150 ms) paths</li>
- ▶ New Linux/Windows implement new versions: Compound, Cubic.
  - High utilization
  - Fairness
- Challenges in exotic environments: fat pipe between data centers, virtualization environment, satellite links. Also, energy reduction mechanisms (change of routing, live modifs at physical layers)
- Contributions:
  - Implementations within kernels, e.g. XCP that relies on partial/full feedback from routers
  - Study of lot's of cubic connections in cloud streaming scenario
  - Inter and intra virtual machines communications
  - ▶ for NS-2 for e2e energy consumption





## Mobile Social Networks

- Mobile ad hoc networks with no instantaneous end-to-end path: Delay Tolerant Networks
- ▶ Made of human beings: mobile social networks
- Challenges: designing routing and transport protocols based on the Store-carry-and-forward paradigm
- ► Tools: Network coding, social knowledge, and network models (stochastic, fluid,...)
- ► Contributions:
  - Modeling information dissemination in mobile social networks
  - Design of optimal routing schemes based on network coding, accounting for energy and memory consumptions
  - Smart acknowledgment schemes for reliable unicast/multicast schemes





# Traffic Analysis and Size-based Scheduling

#### ▶ Traffic analysis

- Root cause analysis of TCP connection in residential network (ADSL, FTTH, mobile), i.e., Why does this connection achieve this rate?
- Statistical Traffic classification: deep packet inspection is challenged by legal and technical (encryption) issues
- Measurement tools: capacity and available bandwidth estimation measuring without remote party cooperation
- Size-based scheduling
  - Typical snapshot of IP traffic: mice and elephants (web browsing vs. large downloads)
  - Elephants like FIFO/droptail, mice not that much.
  - Size-based scheduling → Favor short transfers over large transfers
  - Extension to 802.11 WLANs
  - Low memory footprint, accounting for rates





# Cognitive Radio

- ▶ In mobile networks, one frequency per user allocated even if no traffic
- Idea: cooperation between primary and secondary user
- Various solutions
  - Signaling between primary and secondary user
  - ► Mutual information on spectrum usage ⇒ interference avoidance
- Contribution: study on signaling overhead and throughput gain trade-off.





# Continuous phase space-time coded modulation

- Continuous phase modulation combined with Space-Time Codes
- Contributions
  - CPM ST-coding schemes based on L2 -orthogonality
  - Application of CPM to MIMO systems
  - Trade-off between decoding complexity (improved with L2 orthogonality approach) and synchronization constraints
  - ► Extension to multi-user system (future work) combination of FDM and CPM





### Contracts

- ANR (National Research Agency) TRouP WilMA mobile social networks
- Orange Lab (PhD supervision) cloud computing
- ▶ TMG (PhD supervision) content distribution
- ▶ Intel (PhD supervision) cognitive radio