



SINAPAD:

Role, services and roadmap of the
Brazilian HPC System



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<http://www.lncc.br/sinapad>



SINAPAD Role

- Provide **on demand HPC services** to Brazilian academy **and** industry
 - "Open Science" support
- Give support to the development of HPC **applications**
- Foster **education** in HPC
- **Transfer knowledge** in HPC



Operation

- General coordination:
Ministry of Science, Technology & Innovation (MCTI)
- Representation through LNCC
- Integration of running HPC centers (CENAPADs) funded by MCTI
- Creation of new CENAPADs since the formal establishment of SINAPAD (2004)

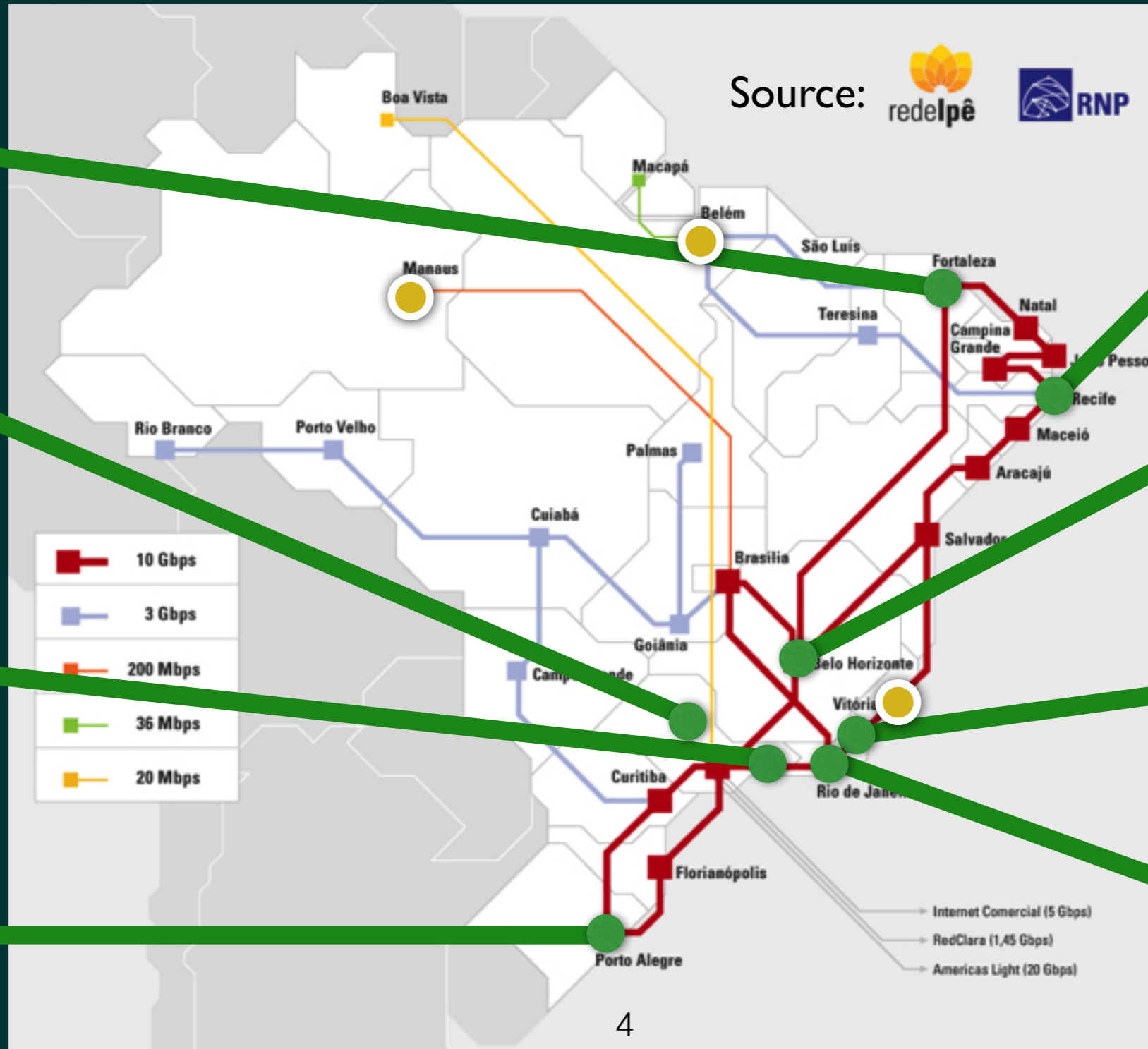


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CENAPADs

● Being set up





SINAPAD services

- HPC network, with few centers:
 - **Geographically spread** (technology dissemination)
 - **Medium capacity** (and cost)
 - **Heterogeneous** (shared & distributed memory architectures, GPUs)
- Mass storage network:
 - **High capacity**
 - Under deployment



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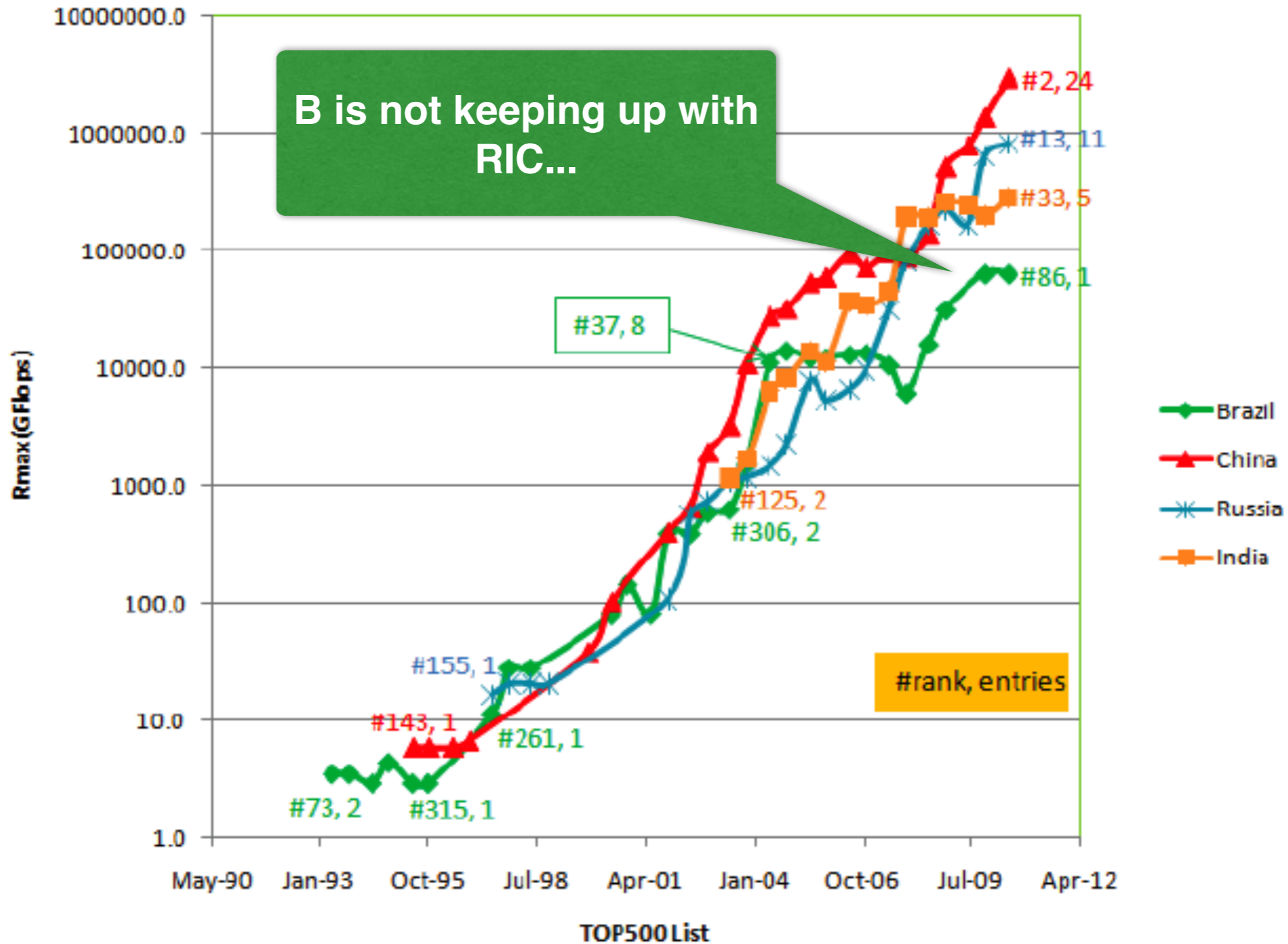
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CENAPAD	Equipamento (#cores)	Desempenho teórico (TFlops)	Memória RAM (TBytes)	Capacidade de disco (TBytes)	Instalação / Última atualização
COPPE	Sun Fire V20Z (4 CPUs) *	0,017	0,004	0,072	2005
	SGI Altix 450 (64 CPU Cores)	0,384	0,128	3	2006 / 2007
	SGI Altix ICE 8200/8400LX/UV100 (672 CPU Cores + 896 GPU Cores)	8,33	1,3	32	2008 / 2011
CPTEC	Sun Fire V20Z (4 CPUs) *	0,017	0,004	0,072	2005
LNCC	Sun Fire V20Z (4 CPUs) *	0,017	0,004	0,072	2005
	Sun Blade X6250 (576 CPU Cores)	5	1,2	30	2010
	SGI Altix ICE 8400 (108 CPU Cores)	1,1	0,4	1	2012
	SGI Altix XE340 (336 CPU Cores + 2688 GPU Cores)	23	1,36	129	2011 / 2012
	Bull bullx (1112 CPU Cores + 2688 GPU Cores)	30	3,0	35	2011 / 2012
UFC	Sun Fire V20Z (8 CPUs) *	0,034	0,008	0,072	2005
	Bull bullx (576 CPU Cores)	6,128	1,152	27	2011
UFMG	Sun Fire V20Z (4 CPUs) *	0,017	0,004	0,072	2005
	Bull NovaScale (878 CPU Cores)	9	1,7	45	2010
UFPE	Bull NovaScale (576 CPU Cores)	6	1,1	11	2010
UFRGS	Sun Fire V20Z (4 CPUs) *	0,017	0,004	0,072	2005
	Sun Fire X2200M2/X4240/X4600M2 (516 CPU Cores + 1920 GPU Cores)	12,94	1,2	60	2008
	SGI Altix ICE 8400LX (1536 CPU cores)	15,97	4	174	2011 / 2012
UNICAMP	Sun Fire V20Z (4 CPUs) *	0,017	0,004	0,072	2005
	SGI Altix 1350 (70 CPUs)	0,42	0,274	7	2005 / 2007
	SGI Altix 450/ICE 8400LX (560 CPU cores)	5,96	1,496	36	2008 / 2011
	IBM P750 (1280 CPU cores + 5376 GPU cores)	43,18	5,120	224	2011
SINAPAD (storage)	NetApp - NFS distribuído				
	- FAS3160 (1 unidade central)			720	em instalação
	- FAS3140 (1 unidade de backup)			302	em instalação
	- FAS2050C (8 unidades remotas)			832	2011

8860 CPU Cores + 13568 GPU Cores
~168 TFlops / ~24 TBytes RAM / ~ 3 PBytes Storage

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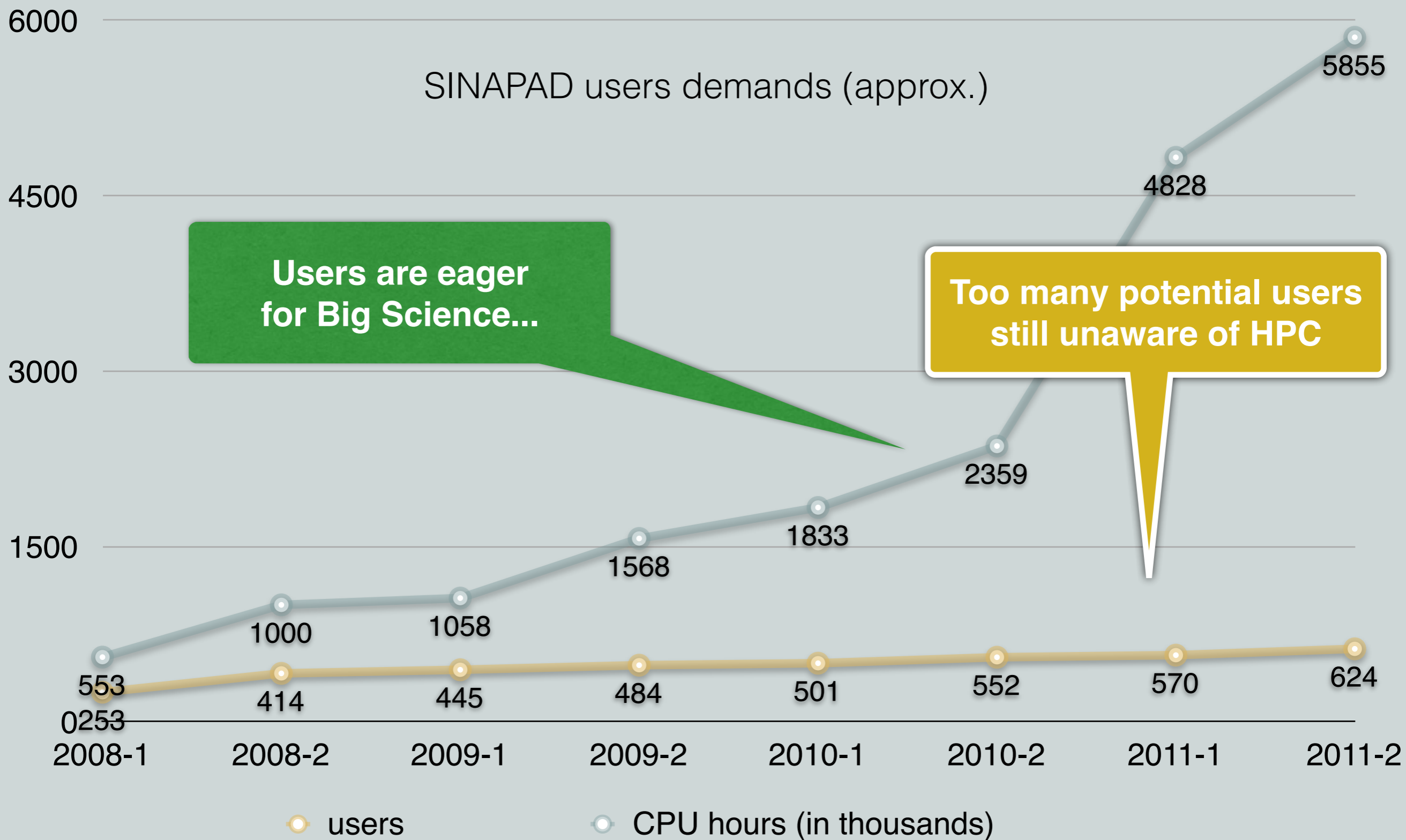
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Período:	JAN - JUN 2008	JUL - DEZ 2008	JAN - JUN 2009	JUL - DEZ 2009	JAN - JUN 2010	JUL - DEZ 2010	JAN - JUN 2011	JUL - DEZ 2011
Área de aplicação	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Astronomia	-	0,36	0,54	0,18	1,77	0,98	2,02	3,31
Biologia	0,73	0,47	0,03	1,95	4,29	6,23	4,50	4,89
Bioquímica	-	-	-	0,19	-	-	0,42	0,79
Computação	0,48	0,61	0,37	2,28	3,34	8,04	1,50	0,10
Economia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engenharia	1,89	3,10	3,46	3,81	15,68	0,21	5,33	6,53
Estatística	-	-	-	-	-	0,13	-	0,08
Física	89,43	83,30	80,97	78,04	62,67	34,11	62,11	69,14
Genética	-	0,01	0,01	-	-	-	-	-
Geociências	0,01	-	0,97	-	3,53	-	-	-
Matemática	0,40	2,50	-	0,15	0,31	2,64	0,58	0,11
Medicina	-	-	-	-	-	0,04	0,32	0,17
Meteorologia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oceanografia	-	0,10	-	0,02	-	0,01	0,00	-
Química	7,06	9,55	1,32	12,15	8,24	5,68	22,66	14,64
Sistema	-	-	12,33	1,23	0,17	-	-	-

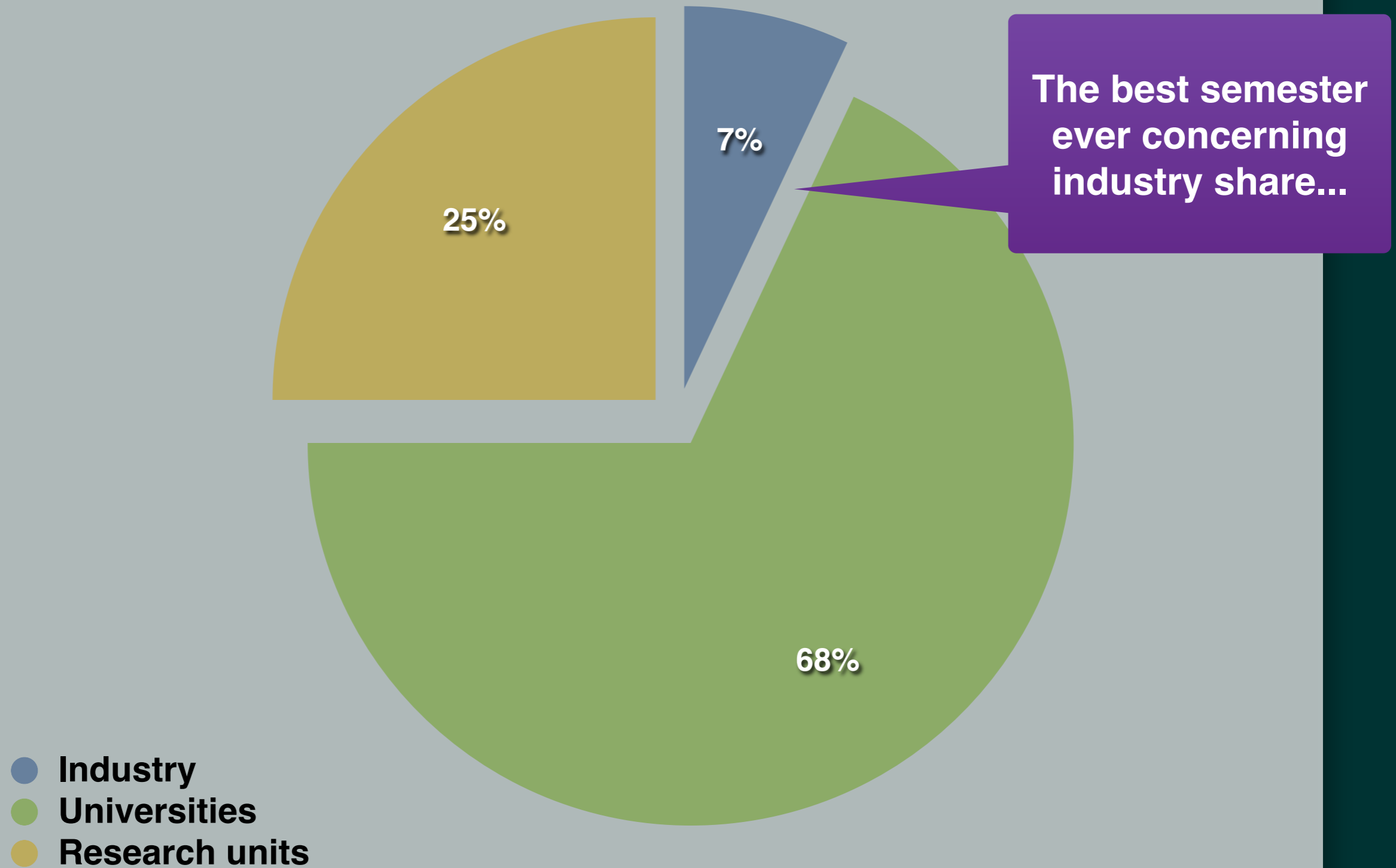
Usage share per discipline
(approx.)

**BoT applications
abound...**



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Usage share per sector as of jan-jun/2011 (approx.)





SINAPAD roadmap: short term

- Data and appl bus for **seamless centers integration**
 - Partnership with other initiatives (OurGrid, “Ciência em sua casa”...)
 - Narrow user interfaces (Clouds!)
 - Support to scientific workflows (Galaxy, Taverna...)

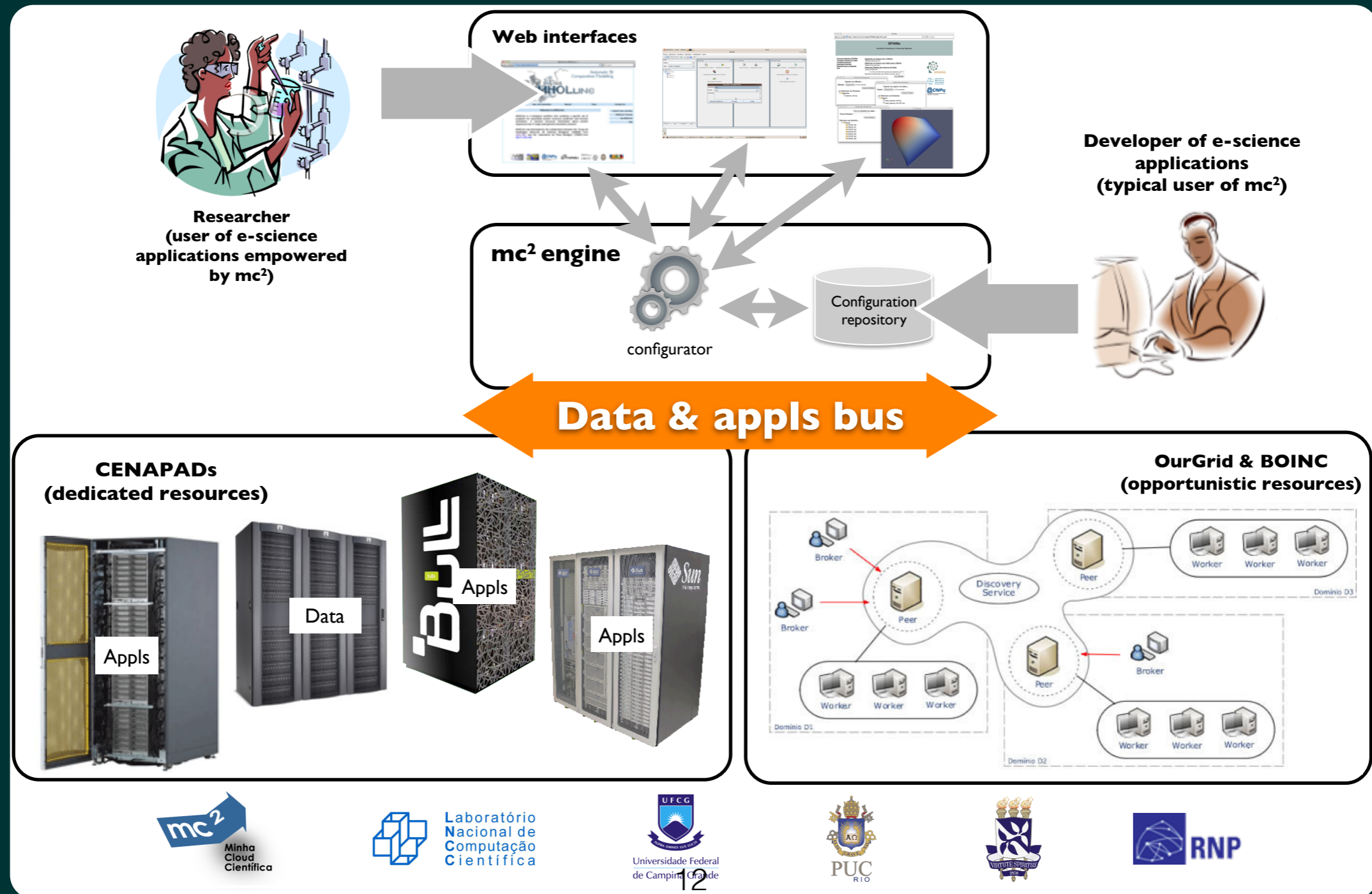
**Release HPC resources
from BoT applications**

**Increase awareness of
HPC capabilities**

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The PADBR grid and the mc^2 platform



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Web portals

TrueRNG

True Random Number Generator

True random number generators use physical systems that obey probabilistic laws. This is in sharp contrast with pseudo-random number generators that use deterministic physical systems, which seems probabilistic due to the lack of knowledge on the system details. Quantum mechanics is the only physical theory that obeys probabilistic laws and cannot be reduced or described in terms of some more fundamental deterministic theory. The TrueRNG portal exploits a quantum system to generate a stream of truly random bits. Nevertheless, it is important to note that randomness violations may be caused by imperfect implementation of the system. There are randomness tests that help to certify and validate the results. Some of these tests can be checked [here](#).

DANCE

Distributed Assessment of Network Centrality

Execute Algorithm

Input Parameter(s)

Input File

Enter the content of the file

File name (optional):

File content:

or Upload the file

File: Choose File | no file selected

ProFrA Ger

Submit

Input FASTA Sequence

FASTA Sequence File

Parameters (Optionals)

Fragment Lengths

About | Submit | Result | Team | Help | Logout

BRAMS-SINAPAD

BRAMS Simulations on the SINAPAD Network

Hello Antônio Tadeu Azevedo Gomes

Change Algorithm Version 1.1.0

Input Parameters

Directory of the input files

Run MakeVFile

Run Initial

Run RamPost

Number of CPUs

Output Parameters

Directory of the output Files

SPINMe

Scientific Productivity in Numerical Methods

Execute Algorithm

Input Parameter(s)

Methods database directory (optional)

Physics File

Numerics File

Number of mesh elements (n means 2²⁽ⁿ⁺¹⁾ elements)

Output Parameter(s)

Output Directory

Output identifier (optional)

Run

Portal Profrager - Editor de fluxos

Powered by Galaxy

Workflow Canvas | Fluxão

Workflow_Blast 1.1.0

Workflow_Profrager 1.1.0

Workflow_Gnuplot 1.1.0

Details

Tool: Workflow_Profrager 1.1.0

Similarity Matrix: BLOSUM62

BLAST Output File

FASTA Sequence File

Database: 20% identity cutoff (4264 entries)

Maximum number of fragments for each sequence position (Default: 200): 0

Fragment Lengths: Add new Fragment Lengths

Use PSIPRED secondary structure prediction: Não



SINAPAD roadmap: mid and long terms

- Support to **Big Science**
- Deployment of a **Petascale** facility in Brazil
- Collaboration with industry (**service** consumer/provider perspectives)
- Collaboration with players at the Southern Cone, US, Europe (France), ...

Increase industry share

Provide users with
"Big HPC"



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HPC as a Service (HPCaaS)

February 14, 2011
The Cloud-Enabled Space Weather Platform
Everett Toews

February 15, 2011
CTO Panel: Are Public Clouds Ripe for Mission Critical Applications?
Nicole Hemsath


April 06, 2011
Cloud Sparking Rapid Evolution of Life Sciences R&D
Bruce Maches

May 24, 2011
Univa Unifies Grid Engine and Eucalyptus Clouds

April 11, 2011
Boosting Biology with High Performance Clouds
Asoke K. Talukder, Ph.D

April 06, 2011
University of Texas to House Largest Cancer Research Cloud

August 20, 2012
HPC as a Service – Key to Mainstream HPC or Wishful Thinking?
Wolfgang Gentzsch, Executive HPC Consultant



At this year's SRII Global Conference 2012 organized by the Service Research and Innovation Institute [<http://www.thesrii.org/>], which aims at "Driving Research & Innovation for "IT Enabled Services" for a Better World", we organized a panel about High Performance Technical Computing as a Service (HPCaaS).

This panel was inspired by the perception that on one hand HPC provides huge benefits to the industry, and especially to small- and medium enterprises (SMEs) with a focus on digital manufacturing (sometimes called the 'missing middle'), but on the other hand includes a number of significant barriers preventing its wider adoption. The panel wanted to investigate how especially HPC as a Service (remote access to HPC resources, HPC in the Cloud) is able to remove these barriers. As the Council on Competitiveness [<http://www.compete.org/>] and the National Center for Manufacturing Sciences [<http://www.ncms.org/>] have found, 97% of manufacturers are still using workstations and PCs as their main workhorses for design and simulations, but 57% of them said that they have problems that they can't solve with their existing desktop computers today. Therefore, they have a real need for more computing power, but there are still some barriers for them to overcome.

Source:





SINAPAD roadmap: Crosscutting issues

- Multidisciplinary teams
- Human resources formation in:
 - parallel data structures and algorithms,
 - system software,
 - fault tolerance & recovery,
 - visualization,



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Thank you!
Merci!
Obrigado!

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